WILSON'S ILLNESS SERIOUS

THE WEATHER

Forecast for Boston and vicinity: Unsettled, probably showers tonight and Tuesday. Warmer tonight, increasing south winds.
Sun rises 6:37, sets 6:32.
Moon sets 9:28 p. m.
High tide 3:30 p. m.
Temperatures till noon: Maximum, 72 at noon; minimum, 54 at 7; average, 63. Temperature at noon 71.
Light all vehicles at 7:02 p. m.

BOSTON AMERICAN

LARGEST EVENING CIRCULATION IN NEW ENGLAND

FINAL EDITION EXTRA
New England's Greatest Home Newspaper

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STEEL STRIKERS WILL LOSE--REDFIELD

SAILINGS TO ENGLAND STOPPED

TROOPS ON GUARD AT OMAHA

Two Known Dead in Lynching Riots; Mayor Barely Escapes Death

By International News Service.

Omaha, Neb., Sept. 29.—Seven hundred soldiers were on guard here today following the red reign of mob terror during which two persons are known to have been killed, the new $1,000,000 courthouse wrecked by fire and two attempts were made to lynch Mayor E. P. Smith.

Attending physicians said today they believed the Mayor was out of danger, although he was still very weak and suffering from the nervous shock. A relapse early in the morning had led to the rumor that he was dead.

County officials are taking steps for a drastic grand jury investigation of the fatal disorders, which began when a mob of 5,000 stormed the jail to lynch a negro prisoner, William Brown.

An incendiary bomb was thrown into the courthouse and the structure set afire. Upwards of $250,000 damage had been done and many valuable records destroyed before the firemen got the fire under control.

Stern measures are being taken to

Continued on Page 2, Column 6.

Publicity Men Honor Commander Read at Luncheon

Commander A. C. Read of the NC-4 was the guest of honor today at a luncheon given by the Pilgrim Publicity Association.

Commander Read described his flight across the Atlantic at the luncheon, which took place in the rooms of the association in Newspaper row. Previously he had paid a formal visit to Rear Admiral Dunne, commandant of the First Naval District.

Following the luncheon the big plane gave exhibition flights over the city, escorted by two airships from the Chatham Naval Aviation Base, commanded by Lieutenant F. L. Burke and Ensign Pride.

Tomorrow Commander Read will be the guest at a luncheon to be given by Mayor Peters, and in the evening will attend a theatre. The party is scheduled to leave this city Wednesday noon for Providence.

TAKE UP PAY DEMANDS OF BOSTON LONGSHOREMEN

New York, Sept. 29.—Wage demands of longshoremen at Boston were taken up today by the National Adjustmen Commission, which is attempting to settle questions affecting port workers between Maine and Florida. The Boston longshoremen demand an additional ten cents an hour for work in refrigerators and ask for a standard temperature to protect their health.

Charles Stewart, who appeared for the steamship companies, said it cost several thousand dollars more to load and unload a ship in Boston than in New York. Professor Ripley, who presided, thought a clearing house in Boston would facilitate the mobility of longshoremen there.

TODAY'S BANK STATEMENT.

Boston bank clearings, $37,967,916. Boston Sub-Treasury, credit, $288,361.

New York bank clearings, $509,239,152. New York Sub-Treasury, credit, $322,925.

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

AN OPEN LETTER TO THE PUBLIC FROM THE TREMONT TRUST CO.

Dear Friends:

The formal opening of the new building at 35 Court street, devoted entirely to the needs of the TREMONT TRUST CO., demonstrated the interest you take in our progress and advancement. Many thousands of people — among whom were many ladies—called to congratulate us and to see for themselves the enlarged facilities we now have for prompt, courteous and serviceable banking. Many have since asked, because they were unable to get in on our opening day because of the crowds, whether they could inspect our new quarters at another time. We take this occasion to say that we are ready at all times to welcome visitors.

Another month has gone by with earnings gained in our SAVINGS DEPARTMENT sufficient to pay interest at the rate of 5 PER CENT per annum. Just as soon as we are assured of an income that will regularly warrant the payment of that rate WE WILL PAY IT.

Your co-operation is asked to increase our deposits; for the larger our deposits, the more loans we make, and therefore the greater our earnings. The greater our earnings, the more interest we can pay, as from income earned and collected we pay interest to our depositors.

The people here appreciate our payment of interest MONTHLY and the privilege of WITHDRAWING DEPOSITS at any time PRACTICALLY WITHOUT LOSS OF INTEREST. We will continue that policy. Depositors in our CHECKING DEPARTMENT receive the same measure of SERVICE as our Savings Depositors, and are liberally treated.

If you are not being PAID interest MONTHLY on your Savings Deposits, and if you cannot withdraw money at any time, practically without loss of interest, then open an account with us, either in person or by mail, and in any amount. We have paid interest at the rate of 4½ PER CENT per annum, COMPUTED and COMPOUNDED MONTHLY.

Our FOREIGN EXCHANGE and SAFE DEPOSIT Departments are at your service.

We are open Saturday evenings until 10 o'clock.

ASA P. FRENCH, President. SIMON SWIG, Vice-President.

HOPE FOR STRIKING POLICE

Curtis Can Order Reinstatement of All Save 19 Union Officers, Says Civil Service Head

Elmer L. Curtiss, chairman of the Massachusetts Civil Service Commission, at his office, No. 89 State street, made the following important statement to the Boston American today:

"We have no rule in the Civil Service law which forbids the reinstatement of the striking policemen, that is, with the exception of the nineteen officers of the policemen's union.

"In fact, there is no existing rule under which we could oppose their reinstatement—even if we wanted to. It is up to the police commissioner as the appointing power to order the reinstatement of the striking policemen."

Mr. Curtiss went on to explain that under Rule 29 persons who have been "separated" from the Civil Service home in Boston would facilitate the mobility of longshoremen there.

MEN NOT DISCHARGED.

"As I understand it," said the civil service commissioner, "the striking policemen, with the exception of the nineteen, have not been discharged from the force, which means that while they are not at present employed, or rather doing duty as officers, they are all simply in the 'separa-

Continued on Page 2, Column 4.

Steel Strike Bulletins

Youngstown, O., Sept. 29.—The second week of the iron and steel workers' strike here started with the situation unchanged. No attempts were made to resume operations of the plants which were closed.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 29.—Four shots were fired into the plant at North Clairton early today. Two men were arrested as being "suspicious persons."

Titusville, Pa., Sept. 29.—Despite the strike order, the Titusville plant of the Bethlehem Steel Company resumed operations here today.

Harrisburg, Sept. 29.—Only a small number of employes at the Steelton plant of the Bethlehem Steel Corporation answered the strike call today. "All departments are working as usual," said Superintendent Frank A. Robbins.

Weirton, W. Va., Sept. 29.—The mills of the Weirton Steel Company, against which Steubenville strikers had threatened to march, were practically closed today. About 3,500 men are out.

Steubenville, O., Sept. 29.—The threatened march of several thousand Steubenville steel strikers into Wierton, W. Va., scheduled for today, will not take place. Plans for the march have been called off by its leaders.

Columbus, O., Sept. 29.—The entire National Guard of Ohio was today assembling in State armories in readiness for any emergency that may arise in the steel strike.

Sharon, Pa., Sept. 29.—A majority of the steel mills in this district, which were fo.ced to close down last week by the strike, resumed operations today. Some manufacturers asserted that the backbone of the strike in the Shanango valley district had been broken.

POLICE WANTED

FOR THE

CITY OF BOSTON

The Board of Examiners will sit daily from Sept. 29th to Oct. 4th at Kingsley Hall, Ford Building, Ashburton Place, Boston, 9:00 a. m. to 5.00 p. m. Applicants must be citizens of Massachusetts, between the ages of 25 and 33 years, not less than 5 feet 8 inches in height, and 140 pounds in weight. All successful applicants will be certified to the Civil Service Commission for examination, but Veterans must be given preference according to law.

SCHWAB PLANTS RUNNING

Bethlehem Strike Order Fails to Tie Up Mills at Important Points

Washington, Sept. 29.—Labor will lose the steel strike in the opinion of Secretary of Commerce Redfield, because the strike has not the support of public opinion.

"The American public regards the steel strike as a movement by organized labor to grasp power," the secretary said today. "Organized labor in the last two months has lost support of the public that it will take a number of years to regain," he continued, citing the Boston police strike as an example.

By International News Service.

Bethlehem, Pa., Sept. 29.—All departments of the Bethlehem Steel Company's plant resumed operations today, despite the strike order issued from strike headquarters in Pittsburgh.

Some of the plants were crippled, officials admitted, but sufficient employes showed up to permit operations. Definite figures on the number of men who actually struck were difficult to obtain.

Labor leaders asserted that the Bethlehem Mills were the best organized in the industry, and they had expected that from 75 to 90 per cent would comply with the strike order. Whether this percentage remained away from the mills today could not be ascertained.

The strike was ushered in with absolute quiet. One arrest was made. William J. Rohinin, secretary of a local union, being taken into custody on a charge of intimidating employes of the steel company not to go to the factories. Gatherings of the strikers within the city limits of Bethlehem have been prohibited.

Allentown, Pa., Sept. 29.—Union officials claim that eighty per cent. of the employes of the Bethlehem plant here went on strike today. Union leaders say this group is made up

Continued on Page 2, Column 5.

TWO TRAINMEN KILLED IN COLLISION OF FREIGHTS

Danbury, Ct., Sept. 29.—Two trainmen were killed and seven injured in a rear-end collision of freight trains at Holmes Station, N. Y., twenty miles from here, on the Central New England road, this morning. Extra freight No. 5,114, with thirty-nine cars, crashed into and demolished a caboose which was drawn by engines 425 and 323.

PEARSON GAINS TEN VOTES IN RECOUNT

Lowell, Sept. 29.—In the Seventh Senatorial District recount, precinct 1 of Ward 5, Lowell, gave General Gardner W. Pearson a gain of ten votes over Senator Eames of Reading today. As Pearson already has a lead of eight votes in the district he is now eighteen to the good over Eames.

BOSTON PUBLIC EVENING SCHOOLS OPEN SEPT. 29

LOEW'S GLOBE TODAY TINY in "The Winning Stroke" and Other Features GEORGE WALSH

President Has a Bad Night, "Energy All Burned Out"

BY INTERNATIONAL NEWS SERVICE.

Washington, Sept. 29.—"The President passed a restless night, but is sleeping this morning. "GRAYSON."

This bulletin was issued by Rear-Admiral Cary T. Grayson, the President's personal physician, at 11:10 today.

It is understood that the President got virtually no sleep during the night, and Dr. Grayson was with him constantly. It was not until early today that it became possible for the President to sleep, and he was slumbering at the time the bulletin was issued.

Published reports that specialists were to be called were without confirmation at the White House today. In fact, there was every indication that the President's condition is not so critical that Dr. Grayson will need any assistance.

President Wilson has "burned out every ounce of energy" and must have complete rest and quiet until he gets back, it was stated at the White House today.

Secretary Tumulty announced that he had cancelled all of the President's pending engagements, and that all questions that have been facing the President will be shelved until it is assured he is strong enough to cope with them.

It is also likely that he will leave Washington for a time, so that he may get the complete rest which is believed to be essential to his recovery.

In the future Dr. Grayson will issue two bulletins daily, one about 10 a. m. and the other twelve hours later.

The President's illness will not interfere with the plans for the industrial conference between representatives of capital, labor, agriculture and the public, scheduled for October 6, it was stated. Whether the President would be able to take an active part in the meeting would depend upon developments, White House officials said.

It was also announced that King Albert and Queen Elizabeth of Belgium would not be guests of the White House until after their return, an October 25, from a tour of the country.

REPORT MURIEL YOUNG SAFE IN NEW HAVEN

Located at Home of a Friend, Says Unconfirmed New York Dispatch

According to an International News Service dispatch from New York, received by the Boston American today, Muriel Young, who vanished from Boston September 15, has been found in New Haven. The dispatch states that Miss Mary Hamilton of the Bureau of Missing Persons of the New York police department, found her in New Haven Saturday night.

Mrs. Arthur P. Eagelston, the girl's mother, is not at her home at Vine ward Haven, nor is the girl. Miss Cora B. Eagelston, the girl's aunt, is not at her home in Lynnfield, nor is the girl.

William A. Morse, counsel for the girl's mother, is out of town, but at his office it is said that so far as they know the girl had not been found. The Pinkerton Agency, which has had charge of the hunt for the girl, has received no positive information that she has been found.

The New York dispatch says that Miss Hamilton had been hunting for the girl for several days on the request of her mother. Detective Sergeant Kenney of New York was in Boston a week ago searching for the girl in behalf of her uncle, Charles White, a broker with offices in Wall street.

According to the New York report Miss Hamilton found the girl at the home of a friend in New Haven. She said she ran away from home as she did not want to attend school since the disfigurement suffered through an automobile accident early in the Summer.

ARMY DEMOBILIZED NINETY PER CENT.

Washington, Sept. 29.—The United States Army has been demobilized 90 per cent since the armistice, the War Department announced today. The decrease in numbers totals 3,292,285. The present strength of the army was announced today by the department as 378,503 officers and men. Of these 33,068 are in Europe, 9,477 in Siberia and the remainder in the United States and scattered.

TWO BRITISH PLANES MISSING

Paris, Sept. 29.—Two of three hydroplanes which left England for France with stakeboard passengers have not been heard from, according to a report from Havre early this afternoon.

"BIG SIX" WILL TRY TO AVERT TYPOS' STRIKE

New York, Sept. 29.—"Big Six" took no vote yesterday on the proposed strike of book and job printers, scheduled for October 1, but will try to arrive at an understanding by arbitration or conciliation. The meeting passed a resolution pledging support to the fight for a 44-hour week.

Prices realized on Swift & Company's sale of carcass beef in Boston for the week ending Saturday, Sept. 27th, on shipments sold out, expected to believe. Domestic Spot, 17.50 cents per pound—Adv.

PARALYSIS OF BRITISH INDUSTRY

Government Announces Situation Improved, Though Many More Plants Shut Down

Washington, Sept. 29.—The effect of the great English railway strike has reached the United States. To avoid congestion in British ports, all sailings of United States Shipping Board vessels for English ports were suspended and all these ships ordered held in port by an order issued this afternoon by W. C. Taylor, assistant director of the division of operations of the Shipping Board.

By International News Service.

London, Sept. 29.—Although the national railway strike has traffic completely stopped, and it is estimated that nearly 1,000,000 workers have been thrown into idleness, the government claimed today that the situation was improving. The following official statement was issued at the Premier's official residence:

"The situation is improving. Food distribution is working smoothly."

Sir Auckland Geddes, Minister of National Service and Reconstruction, and Sir Robert Horne, the Minister of Labor, conferred with Premier Lloyd George.

The charge that the government represents the vested interests is made by the Herald, organ of the Labor party, in answering the Premiers declaration that the strike is an anarchistic conspiracy.

"The government head has declared

Continued on Page 2, Column 3.

WILSON'S ASSISTANT SECRETARY RESIGNS

Washington, Sept. 29.—Thomas W. Brahany, assistant secretary to President Wilson during his entire term of office, has resigned his position at the White House to become secretary and assistant treasurer of the American Republics Corporation, a holding company with a capital of $10,000,000 having its main offices in New York City, it was announced today.

TAKE BELL-ANS BEFORE MEAL—and bet bas and digestion makes you feel right.

DOCK WORKERS JOIN THE STRIKING BRITISH RAILROAD MEN

MORE THAN A MILLION MADE IDLE BY WALKOUT

Continued From First Page.

war on the community," said the Herald. "The reason is perfectly plain. The government represents the vested interests. It has seen that, with improved organization and education among the masses it can do nothing to prevent a peaceful revolution by which the real power, economic as well as political, shall be transferred to the democracy."

The first disorder in the strike was reported this afternoon from Glasgow. A dispatch to the Globe said that an attempt was made to loot the Havannah yards, but the police repulsed the gangsters.

FUEL SUPPLY DWINDLING.

The reserve fuel supply is dwindling rapidly and London and the other big cities in England, Scotland and Wales face a grave menace with cold weather coming on. Additional collieries in Wales and North England are closing.

"I always feared and I fear today an attempt may be made to turn this from a railway strike into a revolution," declared J. H. Thomas, executive secretary of the National Union of Railwaymen. "It is possible that this will be the result."

All efforts at settlement have failed so far, but Premier Lloyd George is conferring continuously with his colleagues in hope of finding an avenue that will clear the turbulent labor atmosphere.

So far as food, fuel and lighting are concerned, London is getting back on a war-time basis. Food will be rationed, and the city will almost be darkness last night.

A feature of the strike, so far-reaching in its effect, has been the absence of any disorder. It was not until today that the inconvenience to the travelling public was felt in its full effect, as Saturday was a half-holiday and Sunday a day full in itself. With the government hastily mapping out airplane routes, there was an extension of automobile service today. But even the thousands of army trucks pressed into service were unable to handle more than a handful of the thousands of persons who sought to reach their work or other places of destination.

The British isles, with the exception of Ireland, are absolutely tied up so far as rail traffic is concerned. All ports are now closed to the coal miners and transport workers to see how far the strike fever will spread into their ranks.

Great anxiety has been caused by news from the ports that the dock workers had already began to strike.

MACE MEETS CALLED OFF.

Great quantities of foodstuffs are stored in warehouses in the ports, and it is feared that much of this will spoil. Three race meets here shut down today in consequence of the strike. They were at Birmingham, Lanark and Wye. Unless there is a big change in the situation within twenty-four hours, the Jockey Club will abandon the Newmarket meeting, scheduled to open October 7. This will be a more drastic action than was taken even during war time.

The government arranged a modified service on the suburban lines during the day, and is attempting a skeleton service on the main line railways. Most of the newspapers have been reduced in size in the interests of economy.

The extension of the strike to the motor busses is considered improbable owing to the numbers of trained drivers who are now unemployed and are seeking jobs.

No effort has yet been made to run trains with soldiers. It was announced that the striking rail workers are getting a benefit of sixty centavos daily.

The highways to Mecca with their countless pilgrims bound to the ancient shrine of the Mohammedan world in Turkey were paths of ease and comfort compared with the congestion of the main roads leading to London today.

Every kind of vehicle was pressed into service, from motor lorries, limousines, bicycles, motor lorries, delivery wagons and motorcycles pulled each other as they crept through the congested streets. Thousands of persons who were unable to find any kind of conveyance were compelled to walk.

Shipping Board Cancels Sailings to British Ports Because of Railroad Strike

All sailings from this country to British ports have been cancelled by the Emergency Fleet Corporation, according to orders received by District Manager Quinn of the United States Shipping Board today.

As a result, Manager Quinn cancelled the sailings of the West Hosokie and Babbonois, both chartered to the Atlantic Transportation Line for its Boston and London service. Mr. Quinn was informed that because of the strike in England it was deemed inadvisable to have ships sent to there when cargo space is so valuable.

The West Hosokie is fully loaded and would have sailed yesterday, but for engine trouble. An attempt is being made to have her ready today, in the case of this vessel.

British shipping companies have received no orders from England in regard to sailings being cancelled. The Warren liner Stanstone, the Leyland liner Winifredian and the White Star-Dominion liner Regina are loading at this port, the first two for Liverpool.

Britain's Fate in Rail Strike Rests with Expert Trained in United States

By L. R. MURDOCH,
Staff Correspondent of the Boston American.

(Special Cable Dispatch.)

London, Sept. 29.—The government of Great Britain, indeed the fate of the kingdom, is today in the hands of an American-trained man—Premier Lloyd George, a former Baltimore & Ohio employe, later general manager of the Northwestern railway of great Britain and now Minister of Transportation.

The Welsh Premier Lloyd George has delegated entire charge of the government in the present crisis—a crisis in which the government is risking not only its own life, but of the kingdom itself by precipitating a quarrel with the railwaymen, and with the workers generally, on a basis, as the Premier said on Saturday, of an anarchistic attempt to take the control out of the hands of the government.

Assisting Mr. Lloyd George in his efforts to extricate Britain from this disastrous tie-up without surrendering to the strikers, is his brother, Sir Auckland Geddes, president of the Board of Trade.

The government invited the press to hear its views. Sir Eric, who by the way is only forty-three years old, acted as the spokesman of the Cabinet. He appeared troubled and tired, and when he came out from the long fight, he told in a general way of the progress of the negotiations.

The correspondent of Universal Service asked him what he proposed to do, how he would feed London and whether he intended using troops.

Sir Eric, who had not until then been interviewed on these phases of the crisis, said:

"This is a direct issue between labor and the government. Every essence of the government will be put into the fight—if necessary, armed forces. The government stands or falls on this issue."

Sir Eric squared off, visibly in a fighting mood. Lloyd George never said anything like that in anything he ever did, even in a war crisis, and Sir Eric's statement caused a gasp among his hearers. It was evident he had wrested the situation from the Premier, unless a repudiation of this statement comes from Lloyd George without delay. So far there is no sign of it.

WEAVERS BACK AT WORK PENDING CONFERENCE

New Bedford, Sept. 29.—Two hundred weavers in the Beacon mill, who went on strike Thursday, returned to work today, pending a conference between the mill management and a committee from their union. The loomfixers are still out.

SEES HOPE FOR POLICEMEN ON STRIKE

Continued From First Page.

rated' class. Now, we had a rule which forbid the reinstatement of civil service officers or employes after a specified time.

"The old rule allowed a year, that is, a person 'separated' from the service could be reinstated within a year from the date of his separation. The later rule, however, does not specify even the year limit, but says 'within reasonable time.' We recently reinstated a man who had been 'separated' about two years. Other policemen have been 'separated' only about three months.

"The commissioner said that the man reinstated after two years was from his office was not a policeman.

"The reinstatement of the striking policemen is wholly a matter for Police Commissioner Curtis. The civil service commissioner said, 'as he is the one who would hold the appointing power to the police department.'

"Would the striking policemen be required to sign some kind of examination in order to be reinstated," Commissioner Curtis was asked.

NAMES STILL ON BOOKS.

"No new additional examination is necessary," the Civil Service commissioner answered. "When the men have passed their examination once that is all we require of them. The names still appear on our books and we have not been notified that any policeman has been discharged except the nineteen founders of the policemen's union.

"We keep records of men who absent themselves from the department in which they are or were employed and it is customary for us to make notations as to whether a man has been dismissed for cause or whether he can be reinstated.

"As our records stand now in regard to the police department, the only members of the police force we have noted as ineligible for reinstatement are the nineteen members of the police union who were dismissed for cause."

First Strike Benefits of $5 Each Are Made to Former Patrolmen

A delegation of about thirty-five members of the Policemen's Union visited the committee room of the Federated to make any statement as to their attitude on the strike and to attempt to visit police headquarters and left the vicinity immediately upon coming into the bounds.

It was announced that the first payments of strike benefits had been made when the men called at the member of the union. It was also stated that not a dollar of the money promised them, amounting to about $20 a man. It was said that until all the members have contributed the money could not be turned over to the policemen.

The committee of seventeen of the Boston Central Labor Union met today, with President J. Higgins of the Carmen's Union present. It was understood that he would explain his delay in leaving over the contributions of the carmen.

The possibility of important action being taken at this meeting was indicated by the presence of President John F. Molines of the Policemen's Union, together with President Higgins. The other labor leaders present were President M. J. O'Donnell of the Central Labor Union, Organizer Frank H. McCarthy of the American Federation of Labor and Business Agent P. Harry Jennings of the C. L. U.

Loyal Police and State Guardsmen to Receive Fund Checks Tomorrow

With the total amount of the fund for the loyal police and State Guardsmen approaching the quarter million dollar mark, the committee in charge of the fund hopes to begin making out the checks today for the distribution of the money.

Keen interest in the good work of the defenders of the city of Boston is reported to be increasing. More cash was received today, by a third, than any previous day during the drive for funds. The total amount reported today is $281,288.84.

Subscriptions are pouring in from all sections of New England. Over Sunday the smallest individual subscription received was $1 and the highest $2,500.

Bits of sentiment, lauding the stand of Governor Coolidge and Commissioner Curtis, as well as the loyal policemen and guardsmen, characterized many of the letters accompanying the contributions.

One man, residing in Portsmouth, N. H. sending a contribution of $10, writes: "I am not a resident of your State, but I believe every State has been benefitted by the action of the Governor in this matter."

A large wholesale lumber company, which included many prominent firms, sent in a substantial check, stating that the company had just passed resolutions praising the police and guardsmen for the efficient manner in which they had protected the city by preserving law and order. A copy of the resolutions was sent to each member with a request that a contribution be forthcoming.

Printers Protest the Closing of All Night Cafes

Resolutions protesting against the closing of all night restaurants between the hours of midnight and 4 o'clock in the morning were adopted by Boston Typographical Union No. 13 at their meeting. The local also voted to extend all the moral and financial assistance possible to the striking police. The resolutions follow:

Whereas, the action of the Superintendent of Police, Michael H. Crowley, in closing the restaurants from 12 to 4 a. m., is causing great inconvenience to those who are working at night; and

Whereas, to the average citizen from the line of his vocation, it is unnecessary as a measure of public safety; therefore be it

Resolved, that we, members of Boston Typographical Union No. 13, in regular meeting assembled, hereby protest against this unlawful interference in private business affairs by the superintendent of police, also be it

Resolved, that we hereby request the repeal of the aforesaid tyrannical order.

STRIKE SPREADS TO SCHWAB PLANTS

Continued From First Page.

of men whose absence will completely cripple the steel industry. Some of the smaller crafts did not go out.

Baltimore, Sept. 29.—According to officials of the corporation and steel workers at Sparrows Point, not a man went out at the Bethlehem Company's plant there in answer to the strike call issued by the national committee of the steel workers Saturday, and which was set for 6 o'clock this morning.

A vote taken yesterday showed that only a few men cast their ballots in favor of striking. These men have been working only half time recently. In normale times the steel and tin plate mills which would be affected by a strike employ about 5,000 men. It is said at present about 5,000 men are employed at the plant.

Reading, Pa., Sept. 29.—Sixty-eight men reported at work at the Bethlehem plant here today. The strikers are all affiliated with the Machinists' Union. The machinists are the only ones who were organized in the local plant. A cordon of police was thrown around the plant, but there was no disorder.

Both Sides Claim Advantage as Second Week of Strike Opens

By International News Service.

Pittsburgh, Sept. 29.—The second week of the nation-wide steel strike started today with both operators and strikers claiming the progress which will insure ultimate victory. Operators confidently asserted that the worst was over, that the strike "had shot its bolt" in the first week without winning, and that from now a steady increase could be expected in production and resumption of the industry generally.

An air of optimism pervaded steel circles generally, despite the throwing into effect the strike order at the Schwab plants at Bethlehem, Steelton and other Eastern Pennsylvania points.

For the first time since the strike started the Carnegie plants at Homestead declared today every department was operating 100 per cent. The plants there continued to operate all week, though handicapped by the shortage of common labor.

The over-the-week returns were sufficient to resume full operations, according to mill officials. Duquesne, McKeesport, Braddock, Brackenridge and other points in the heart of the Western Pennsylvania district reported considerable accessions to their forces over Sunday.

The situation in the Pittsburgh district as portrayed at strike headquarters was little changed. Constant small additions to the ranks of the strikers were claimed, and it was asserted that many men who worked last week would be missing from the mills this week.

"The mills are making a lot of smoke and noise," said William Z. Foster, the generalissimo of the strike here, "but they are doing little if any real production."

The week's end, which had been generally feared by officials who anticipated disorder, passed quietly enough. Two youths were injured in minor disorders which had little bearing on the strike. Strikers held meetings in several districts under police supervision with no trouble occurring.

Large Class for Second Degree

A large class of candidates will be given the second degree at the meeting of Rose Croix Council, No. 1331, K. of C., in Longfellow Hall, Intercolonial building, Roxbury, tomorrow evening.

OMAHA MAYOR NEAR DEATH AT MOB'S HANDS

Continued From First Page.

prevent looting and a recurrence of the disorders.

ATTEMPT TO LYNCH MAYOR.

The first accurate account of the attempt to lynch Mayor Smith became available today.

The Mayor was seized by the mob on Seventeenth street, near the Courthouse. He was hustled to Harney street and stopped at the foot of a trolley pole, on the crossarm of which was a coil of rope.

"Give us the key to the jail," the mob demanded.

"If we can't get the negro we will lynch you."

Cries of "He's no better than the negro," and "He's a negro lover" were heard in the crowd.

"Get the rope," some one shouted. "It's time to Mayor up."

A loose end of the rope was lowered and it was placed around the neck of the Mayor.

Appalled at the possibility of slaying the city's chief executive, cooler heads began shouting:

"We won't stand for hanging the Mayor. That won't get us the nigger. Let him go. Tell him to get out of here."

POLICE RESCUE MAYOR.

Their advice was heeded, and the crowd parted to move down Harney street, dragging the Mayor with it. A few minutes later the police arrived and rescued the Mayor, rushing him in an automobile to the Ford hospital.

Investigation today has determined that the negro man who was lynched negro is known to be dead. He is Clarence Keaney, former soldier, who was shot during the battle with the beleaguered police and sheriff's force. Seven were wounded or beaten during the rioting, and some of them may be fatally injured.

Fire flames threatened prisoners in the county jail on the fifth floor of the courthouse, the inmates of the jail fled down to the roof. Fifteen women were among them. Fearing for the safety of the women, the sheriff gave them keys to the cells. They rushed down the stairs and into the street where they were released.

THROWN OUT OF WINDOW.

Leaders of the mob tell a strange story of how they obtained possession of the negro who was lynched. They declare some one threw a note from a window on the fourth floor of the courthouse. It read: "Come to the fourth floor and you will get the negro."

Three of the leaders went to the fourth floor through the smoke and flames and, behind a fog of smoke, one thrust forward the quaking negro.

"We tried to choke him to death," said one of the leaders said, "and dragged him to the south side of the building. We threw him out of the window, but kept hold of the rope. Our friends down in the street did the rest."

Miss Loheck, the girl who was attacked by Brown, was told of the lynching.

"I'm sure he is the man," she said, "but the whole thing is too terrible to talk about."

Under orders from Major-General Leonard Wood, commanding the Central Department of the Army, soldiers from Fort Crook started for Omaha at 1 o'clock this morning. Before daybreak a guard of Federal troops had been thrown around the courthouse and other buildings in the downtown section. Troops also were sent to the negro section of the town, where mobs were reported preparing to kill negroes and burn their homes.

HUNDREDS OF SHOTS FIRED.

Douglas County's new courthouse recalls shell-shattered buildings of the war zone. Windows are broken on every floor of the building, and the walls and ceilings are smoke-blackened and burned by the fire started by the rioters.

The lynching of Brown, at the attack on the Mayor and the burning of the courthouse followed a sensational nine-hour battle between officers and the mob, backed with the entire Omaha police forces reinforced by Sheriff Michael Clark and all his deputies. Hundreds of shots were fired.

One soldier was shot and killed and four other members of the mob are said to have lost their lives. These, with the hanging of Brown, the negro, make a death toll of six, according to most accurate reports today.

FIRE BOMB HURLED.

The most fierce fighting coming about 2 o'clock Sunday afternoon and gradually increased in numbers until about 4 o'clock, when a shower of stones was hurled at the courthouse.

The police turned a hose upon the crowd, but it was quickly cut to pieces and the water cut off from the building.

A fire bomb was hurled by some one in the mob, and a blaze immediately started. Soon the entire east side of the house was a seething mass of flames. The fire department was called out, but was almost powerless to break through the mob and reach the burning building.

Sheriff Clark and his deputies, with the flames mounting to upper floors of the courthouse, fought a grim battle, but at 31 o'clock, when the fire had reached the fourth floor and it appeared that the lives of 100 prisoners in the jail on the fifth floor of the structure were endangered, the sheriff surrendered, and gave the negro over to the mob.

"SANDY" CHAPMAN, SINGER, OBSERVES 50TH BIRTHDAY

Charles (Sandy) Chapman, well-known in Knights of Columbus circles, was fifty years old today. He recently returned from overseas where he was secretary for the Knights, and reached the front-line trenches. While there he entertained the doughboys with old-time melodies.

Gloucester Man Pays $25 for $100 Bill 'Lost' by Faker

Here's a "sell"—a $100 bill for $25.

Thomas Manna of Mansfield street, Gloucester, was walking along Washington street when a man in front of him, pulling out his handkerchief, dropped a bill case. Manna and a third man made a simultaneous scramble for the bill fold. Both shouted to the man who dropped the pocketbook and he returned.

A heated argument ensued as to who was entitled to the $100 bill which the leather case contained. Manna proved his point and purchased the bill for $25. While congratulating himself on his good luck he discovered he had become the latest victim of the old "shinplaster" game. It was a Confederate bill, not worth its weight in hairpins to a baldheaded man.

NAUMKEAG MILL HELP ORDERED TO STRIKE

Pay Raise of 25 Per Cent. Asked; Two Union Locals Opposed to Walkout

Salem, Sept. 29.—A general walkout of the employes of the Naumkeag textile mills was ordered today by John H. O'Connell, local union agent, who immediately upon his return from Fall River, where he conferred with officials of the National Textile Operators' Association. O'Connell's order directed members of all unions affiliated with the National Textile union body and employed in the Naumkeag mills to cease work until a satisfactory adjustment of their grievances has been reached.

This means that all workers of Locals 26, 32 and 38 must go on strike. Local 33 went out last Wednesday, demanding a 25 per cent. raise in wages. Local 26, composed of loom fixers, and Local 38, slasher tenders, are said to be opposed to a strike. About 2500 members of Local 32 who refused to go out last Wednesday will decide to form a new local of their own, are not expected to joint the present walkout.

Workers in the Danvers Bleachery in Peabody, owned by the same concern as the Naumkeag, walked out a week ago, and it is estimated that there will be about 1,500 employes out in both places.

J. Exeter Smith, agent for the Naumkeag, says he is willing to confer with the union leaders.

In St. Joseph's Church yesterday Rev. J. D. Binette, pastor, urged all striking parishioners to return to work, and to maintain order.

ARREST HYDE PARK MAN ON BAD CHECK CHARGE

Harold F. Kane, twenty-two, of Prescott street, Hyde Park, was arrested while sleeping in one of the stalls at the Roseland race track today on a charge of passing bad checks. Judge Perkins of the West Roxbury Court held him in $400 for hearing Wednesday. Kane is accused of obtaining $52 from Michael J. Carrol of Hyde Park by means of a worthless check, and of giving another check for $32.40 to the New Haven Railroad Company for a mileage book. He is also alleged to have defrauded Joseph Landy, a Roxbury Grossing grain dealer.

CAMBRIDGE COUPLE WEDDED HALF CENTURY

Mr. and Mrs. Charles H. Evans of 235 Green street, Cambridge, celebrated the fiftieth anniversary of their marriage. They have been residents of Cambridge for forty years.

About 250 guests called on them. They received purses of gold from fraternal organizations, of which they are members. Mr. Evans, who came from Chester, Vt., is seventy-four years old, and his wife, whose birthplace was Clinton, where they were married, is seventy-two.

NEW BEDFORD COAL PRICES UP 4 PER CENT.

New Bedford, Sept. 29.—New Bedford householders are paying higher prices for coal today, an advance of 4 per cent, having been announced by the Coal Dealers' Association. The new schedule is: Lehigh white ash and chestnut, $13; Franklin, $14; pea, $11.50. The dealers say the jump is due to a 10 per cent. advance in wages to drivers and yardmen.

KING ALBERT TO BE IN BOSTON SUNDAY

The King and Queen of Belgium, who were to visit Boston on October 9, will in all probability come to the city next Sunday, four days ahead of the original schedule, arriving in the city at 7:30 in the morning. This has been occasioned by the illness of President Wilson. In consequence of this the State Department at Washington have suggested to the King and Queen that they postpone their visit to the capital until October 21.

The probable arrival of the King and Queen next Sunday changes materially the plans of the city for their entertainment.

MASS AT CATHEDRAL.

A tentative program planned during the visit of the Belgian rulers will include attendance at mass, at which Cardinal Mercier will officiate, next Sunday morning. This will be followed with luncheon at the Copley-Plaza, and the possibility of a reception, under the auspices of several Belgian societies, directly following.

A short motor tour to principal points of interest will conclude the visit in this city, as the Belgian King and Queen will leave Boston at 7:30 in the evening.

Today Mayor Peters received a telegram from William Phillips, acting secretary of state, as follows:

"Owing to the unfortunate illness of President Wilson, the King of Belgium has been asked if it would be agreeable to make his visit to Washington at the end of his stay in America, instead of at the beginning. Consequently his visit to your city has been advanced four days.

PLANS REMAIN UNCHANGED.

"It is probable that the hour of arrival and departure will remain the same as previously arranged. This arrangement is contingent upon the response which is expected from the King. It is expected he will be with you on October 5."

THANK AMERICAN FOR WAR BONUS EFFORTS

At a meeting of James F. Welch Post, American Legion, of the West End, resolutions were passed thanking the Boston American for its efforts in behalf of a six months' pay bonus for returned soldiers, sailors and marines of the late war.

President McInnes of the Policemen's Union addressed the meeting, and gave the story of their strike from the viewpoint of the policemen. He was enthusiastically received. The American was cheered as the Naumkeag, walked out a week ago, and it is estimated that there will be about 1,500 employes out in both places.

J. Exeter Smith, agent for the Naumkeag, says he is willing to confer with the union leaders.

In St. Joseph's Church yesterday Rev. J. D. Binette, pastor, urged all striking parishioners to return to work, and to maintain order.

CHARGE MAN WITH ROBBING HIS MOTHER

Henry F. Dyer of the South End appeared before Judge Crosi today, charged with breaking and entering and larceny of clothing and personal belongings from his mother, Mrs. Mary Ahearn of Village street, South End. At noon time Wednesday it is alleged the young man broke into his mother's house and took the goods. He was held in bonds of $500 till tomorrow.

Port of Boston

MONDAY, SEPT. 29, 1919.

ARRIVED TODAY.

SS, Nacoochee, Hibland, Savannah.
Sch, Calista Austin, Rondout, New York.
SS, North Wind, Bowen, Norfolk.
SS, Rio Grande, Pope, Baltimore.
SS, Ontario, Bond, Philadelphia.
Sch, Malabar (Br.), Apt, Chemainusport, N. S.
Sch, George W. Collins, eastern port.
Sch, M. E. Ayer, Hamilton, eastern port.
Tugs Charles P. Greenough, Barker, with lighter, with barges Ocean, for Fall River; Beverly, with barges Ocean and Fall River; Hercules, Norfolk, with barges; Piedmont, Norfolk, with barges.

SAILED TODAY.

SS, Calvin Austin for New York.
SS, Governor Dingley, Eastport, Lubec and St. John, N. B.
SS, Manana, Jonesport.
Tugs-June, Lynn, with barges; Palisa, Sandwich, with barge.

NOTES.

Ocean Forecast: Steamships sailing from Boston and New York today or tomorrow will have southerly winds, increasing to fresh, and partly cloudy weather, followed by rain Tuesday or Tuesday night.

Notice is given by the Commercial Towing Company's act lowered their fleas to half-staff today in respect for the memory of Charles W. Gallagher. The late Mr. Gallagher was for many years a director of the company and one of the tugs bears his name.

The Coal Exchange has a general tieup of the coastwise and barge fleet next Wednesday when the time for reaching a settlement between the owners of tugs and unlicensed men expires. Tug owners will not yield to the demands of the unions, and declare that they will tie up their own if the engineers do not accept the increased wages offer made by the owners. Nearly all of Boston's water-borne activities depend upon the tugs, and it is feared that the strike will result in a further demoralization of coal shortage.

Filene's Automatic Bargain BASEMENT

TUESDAY'S BARGAIN EXAMPLES

women's new oxford suits $19.75

sample hat, $5.85

new $5.85 hats

mostly samples

Styles and colors galore, including black with contrasting colored facings. Lyons, silk and some panne velvets, all smart but simply trimmed.

fine W.B. corsets $3.95

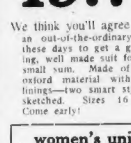
Medium high bust model for stout figures—pink or white coutil—spoon clasp, six hose supporters. Sizes 22 to 35.

We think you'll agree that it's an out-of-the-ordinary buy in these days to get a good-looking, well made suit for such a small sum. Made of diagonal oxford material with durable lining—two smart styles, one sketched. Sizes 16 to 44. Come early!

diagonal oxford suit, $19.75

women's union suits $1.39

Medium weight cotton—tailored top — sleeveless — knee length. Reinforced where wear is greatest. Sizes 34 to 40.



$3.45

just 200 pairs women's pumps $3.45

For wear now and with spats later—tan or brown—plain or perforated imitation wing tip—spool or military heels. Sizes 2½ to 7 in lot.

plenty of SPATS, $1.15

Goods must sell quickly or price drops DOWN ¼ after 12 selling days, ½ after 18 selling days, ¾ after 24 selling days. Goods given away after 30 selling days.

our plan

hundreds of other bargain lots

Your Buying Guide for Tea That Will Ensure Unfailing Satisfaction, is the name

100 Per Cent Pure

"SALADA"

on a Sealed Air-tight Packet—"Try it"

Some Table Beverages —such as tea and coffee are not considered good for young people, but nothing is missed when you have

INSTANT POSTUM

Its rich flavor pleases, and it contains absolutely nothing harmful. "There's a Reason"

"YE SHALL PAY," QUOTES FIRST WIFE OF EX-VICE CHANCELLOR LANE

IS SILENT AS TO HER DIVORCE

Refuses to Discuss Much-Married Jurist's Present Predicament

New York, Sept. 29.—Mrs. Clara Wittnebert Lane, first wife of Joseph Merritt Lane, former vice-chancellor, was found by a reporter for the American. When asked to discuss the much-married jurist's penchant for entering matrimonial tangles she summed up her sentiments in verse.

Concerning the man she wedded when she was 17 years old and he was 21 and who was divorced from her in 1916, after a period of years, described by her as "cold, dispassionate, cruel times," Mrs. Lane No. 1 said:

"I have nothing to say except that I am sorry that you found me. However, this things reminds me of a bit of verse I always remembered after reading it."

SPEAKS MIND IN VERSE.

She then quoted:

"For the things ye do when your life is new,
And your sin is sin with a smile.
Ye shall pay full score, ye men, tho the score
The Police hold back for a while.
Ye shall pay in the end for your troubled friend,
For the secrets your lips betray.
For the lust and the lie, to the gods on high,
Ye shall pay! Ye shall pay! Ye shall pay!

The residence of Mrs. Lane No. 1 was found Saturday. At that time the management said she had "gone" and might be back "any time." Yesterday she was found in apartment No. 64 Fairmount Hotel, Jersey City. She is a short, petite woman, well groomed and of refined appearance.

Mrs. Lane was gowned in black, and over her dress wore an automobile "duster." She is thirty-four years old, four years the junior of the brilliant New Jersey jurist, whose case has astounded the bar of three States. Her jaunty carriage and youthful appearing face make her appear a woman in her twenties.

SILENT AS TO DIVORCE.

According to advices from Reno, where Mrs. Lane obtained a decree on the ground of cruelty and indifference, Lane was ordered to pay wife No. 1 $100 a month alimony. She would not confirm this or other features of her case in the face of difficulties which confront Joseph Merritt Lane.

It is understood from friend of Lane that Mrs. Lane No. 1 is extremely independent, resourceful and witty. They maintain that she is fitting herself to hold a position similar to a secretaryship.

Further comment by attorneys of Connecticut was to the effect that the real "loophole" existing in the laws of that State makes it impossible to prosecute Lane successfully there. The "loophole" is that Lane's marriage to Mrs. Grace Herchi-Rathgate Lane in Stamford cannot be punishable as an act of bigamy in the absence of evidence that there was a consummation of the marriage relation in addition to the legal ceremony.

JUDGE GIVES OPINION.

The only departure from the majority of opinions rendered, which held that the consummation in addition to marriage must have taken place would have had to be in the State of Connecticut, was that of former Judge John A. Wells of Stamford. Judge Walsh holds that if it could be shown that a consummation was held in any State, whether in or outside Connecticut, then Lane would be open to prosecution for bigamy.

The liberal views of Lane in public discussions which may have applied to his private and personal affairs was cited by the production of an extract from one of his speeches. In a brilliant analysis of the basis of the Constitution of the United States, delivered before the Literary Club of Newark, early this month, he said:

"The Anglo-Saxon idea upon which the government of this country is based is the development of the individual, and the welfare of mankind is best promoted by leaving the individual free to follow the dictates of his own mind, to make or break himself, by putting upon individual freedom only such restrictions as may be necessary to enable man to live in peace and comfort with man."

SCORNS MAJORITY RULE.

In that same speech Lane said:

"I would rather a thousand times be governed by a tyrant than by the unrestrained will of the majority. A tyrant may at least be brought to book and made responsible for his acts. A majority, never."

The former Vice-Chancellor closed his speech with:

"It is time that every man should take his side. The heart of America is not halving and to save it the undivided attention of all the individuals of this country, from the President in the White House to the cobbler at his bench, is necessary. One must be either for the constitution and liberty under the law, or for chaos and license. As for me, I am for the Republic, first, last and all the time."

FRAMES BILL FOR DAYLIGHT SAVING

New Bedford, Sept. 29.—Adoption of the daylight saving plan in Massachusetts is provided for in a bill which Representative Andrew P. Doyle of this city will introduce at the coming session of the Legislature.

SON OF JOSEPH LANE, THE MUCH-MARRIED JURIST

Beware of Bogus Solicitors for Harvard

The following statement is issued from the headquarters of the Greater Boston committee of the Harvard Endowment Fund:

"One thousand Harvard men organized in teams will start the campaign for the Harvard Endowment Fund on October 1. Names of all Harvard men residing in the district have been assigned, and the plan is that each man shall be interviewed personally and requested to make his subscription.

"An effort will be made to obtain gifts of Liberty Bonds and other securities. For this purpose prescriptions have been taken against bogus solicitors. Payments of subscriptions in cash or securities are to be delivered or sent by the donor to one of six banks or trust companies which have agreed to act as depositories. The solicitor will tell the donor to which bank or trust company his payment should be made."

BRITISH AIRMAN IS ARRESTED IN CHASE

John Marston, aged twenty-four years, self-proclaimed British naval aviator, was arrested early today by inspectors from Police Headquarters, after a chase in the Back Bay.

The prisoner is wanted here for the alleged larceny of an automobile, the property of Leonard Crabtree, of the Back Bay. He also wanted in Pittsfield, on another automobile charge, according to the police.

Harold Hobbs, alleged pal of Marston, is now held by the police of Pittsfield for a larceny which took place in that city September 25, in which Marston and he are charged with stealing another auto.

WOMEN GIVING HELP TO AMERICAN LEGION

A meeting of the Ladies Auxiliary of Michael Perkins Post of the American Legion will be held this evening in Lyceum Hall, Dorchester street, to welcome all the women of the district who would like to enroll and assist the service men in their efforts to help those who served the colors in the world war.

Mrs. E. F. Hume will preside and extends an invitation to all women of South Boston to be present and join the organization.

LEXINGTON THEATRE TRAIN TO GO LATER

Lexington, Sept. 29.—Beginning this evening the theatre train for Arlington, Lexington and Belmont, over the Lexington branch of the southern division of the Boston & Maine Railroad, will leave the North Station twenty-five minutes later than it has been starting, much to the joy of the theatre-goers and others detained in the city by late evening entertainments.

REV. J. J. D. HALL NEW RESCUE MISSION HEAD

Rev. J. J. D. Hall, eleven years superintendent of the Galilee Mission in Philadelphia, today took up his new duties as superintendent of the Rescue Mission in Dover street. Mr. Hall was born in Alabama fifty-four years ago, and ordained as Episcopal clergyman. He began mission work when he was chaplain at the Alabama Penitentiary.

EATON ORDERED DAUGHTER TO LEAVE FARM

Cut Off From Fortune by Her Own Conduct, Says Attorney for Estate

Nashua, N. H., Sept. 29.—The Eaton will case trial resumed today, with the opening argument for the executors, by Attorney George Warren.

The late Perry Eaton wholly disapproved and repudiated the conduct of his eldest daughter, Nellie, Attorney Warren said, and for this reason cut her off in his first will with a dollar and his second with $200.

"Wife and Nellie, with Herman Spaulding, showed up at his farm in 1913 and worked there," said the attorney. "Mr. Eaton did not approve of them, and we find in 1914 he paid them for their work and ordered them to be gone from the farm.

"Turning to her brother, we have to call attention to an unfortunate matter of Eaton family history. The dead man knew his son was addicted to drink, and decided it was good judgment for him to bequeath the legacy to his namesake, to be held in trust.

"We find in the early part of 1913 Mr. Eaton determined to sell off the timber on the enormous acreage of land he had been accumulating all his life in the vicinity of East Weare. First, he secured a called estimator to judge the amount of lumber on his property. Next he retained a real estate agent to find a customer. A customer was found, the Diamond Match Company, who paid him $53,000 for his lumber."

The witnesses heard for the will were Hiram M. Phelps, eighty-three-year-old life long friend of Eaton; Alfred H. Marshall, East Weare storekeeper; Joseph E. Estabrooke, East Weare farmer; Henry Favor, Eaton's son-in-law, and William E. Young, Eaton's real estate agent in Manchester.

RHEIMS HOSPITAL FUND TOTALS $199,368.27

The fund for the American Memorial Hospital at Rheims has reached a total of $199,368.27, as announced by Klidder, Peabody & Co., treasurers for the New England branch of the fund, among the contributions was one from Northeast Harbor, Me., for $2,050; from Annisquam, for $375; from the fund in memory of the men of New England men who gave their lives in the war, $2,783.75, and from the towns of Falmouth, Chatham and Duxbury, $2,000. Other items, previously acknowledged, make the total of over $199,368.

RECOUNTING VOTE IN COUNCILLOR DISTRICT

The recount of the vote cast in the entire Third Councillor District started at the office of the Election Commissioners today. The recount will embrace fifteen wards. While the vote indicates that Councillor Lewis R. Sullivan apparently won out by a large majority, interest centres in the recount in the senatorial fight in Wards 2, 6 and 12; representative contests in Wards 3, 5, 6, 10 and 12, and ward committee contests in Wards 4 and 8.

DENOUNCE FARE INCREASE AS ILLEGAL

Rhode Island Officials Plan Appeal From Utilities Commission Decision

Providence, Sept. 29.—City and town solicitors of Rhode Island, headed by Attorney Frank H. Wildes, announced today that they would appeal from the ruling of the Public Utilities Commission, permitting the six-cent fare zone system which went into effect on the line of the Rhode Island Street Railway Company yesterday.

These city officials claim that inasmuch as the receivers for the company were appointed by the Superior Court, they should have secured permission from the court, and that failure to do so made the increase illegal.

Associated with Attorney Wildes are John J. Murphy, Truman Patterson, Harold R. Curtis and Luigi de Pasquale, deputy floor leader of the House.

Mr. Pasquale said today:

"No less could be expected from the Rhode Island Company or from some of the political manipulators who engineered the increase in fares through the Utilities Commission. The $783,000 replace fund, which was maintained to be necessary for the increase, is illegal also.

"At the last session of the General Assembly I tried daily to get the State to take over the street railway system of Rhode Island, but was unsuccessful. When the General Assembly opens in January I shall try again. If the receivers can get this six-cent fare zone without authority, there is no reason why the people cannot control the roads and make money with a five-cent fare."

H. Roscoe Anderson, superintendent of transportation of the Rhode Island Company, said today that the public made no complaint at paying the increased fare.

CHARLES T. GALLAGHER, NOTED ATTORNEY, DEAD

Charles T. Gallagher, prominent Boston attorney and former grand master of the Grand Lodge of Massachusetts Masons, died suddenly this morning at his home, No. 346 Walnut avenue, Roxbury.

He was former president of the Boston School Board and member of the upper branch of the Massachusetts Legislature. He was also prominent for his many accomplishments in civic betterment and fraternity.

The funeral will be held at 2.30 p. m., Thursday, from the First Universalist Church, Congress, Dorchester, and burial will be in Forest Hills Cemetery. Plans for the funeral were announced today with the arrival home of Mrs. Gallagher, who had been visiting in Camden, N. J.

190,000 PASTORS ASKED TO TELL ABOUT LEGION

Clergymen throughout the United States will be requested to devote part or the whole of their sermons on the ideals for which the American Legion stands, on Sunday, November 9. The national executive council of The American Legion asks that this, the day preceding the opening of the national convention in Minneapolis, be observed as American Legion Sunday.

An official request from National Headquarters urging the co-operation of the 190,000 pastors in America through the State branches and local posts of The American Legion has been sent out.

LURE OF A DRINK COST ONE MAN $35

While Richard Johnson of West Broadway, South Boston, and Nelson Benson of Fountain square, Roxbury, were waiting in Adams square, Dorchester, today a stranger addressed them. "Boys, how'd you like to join me in a little libation? Night cap or eyeopener—anything you want," was his message. The pair were taken by the stranger into a hallway on Leverett street. Here four men and three women were found. A total sum of $15 in cash and watch valued at $20. Benson did not lose anything but was bruised in the scramble. Major John J. Harty, who recently returned from overseas, attended the bridegroom.

MILLIONAIRE PLEDGES FORTUNE TO D'ANNUNZIO

Geneva, Sept. 29.—Adelphia Carmine, a millionaire, who is said to have made his fortune in Chicago supplying foodstuffs to the American army, upon his return to Bellinzona, his birthplace, sent a telegram to Gabriele D'Annunzio placing his fortune at the poet's disposal, the Italian newspapers are indignant demanding the expulsion of Carmine, who, it is said, is a naturalized American.

ESCAPING PRISONER SWAM SHIRLEY GUT

Floyd Johnson, one of the two men who broke away from Deer Island last Tuesday, was able to swim Shirley Gut and get safely away, it was discovered today. The prisoner's body was found in an unoccupied Summer cottage at Winthrop Beach.

Harry Jones, the seven-year-old Watertown boy who escaped with Johnson, is believed to have drowned in attempting to swim the gut.

PUT OFF RETURN OF RAIL LINES TO THEIR OWNERS

Washington, Sept. 29.—Return of the railroads to their private owners, originally scheduled by President Wilson for January 1, will be definitely deferred. The preparation of regulatory legislation necessary to accomplish the turning back of the railroads to their private ownership will not be finished.

POSTMASTER A SUICIDE; ACCOUNTS IN BAD WAY

Essex, Ct., Sept. 29.—Charles Harrington, 51, postmaster of this town, was found dead with a bullet through his head today, having shot himself following the discovery of a shortage in his accounts.

HOKE SMITH TO OPEN ON TREATY WEDNESDAY

Washington, Sept. 29.—Senator Hoke Smith, Democrat, of Georgia, today notified Lodge that he had prepared a set of reservations which he would embody in a speech in the Senate on Wednesday, in opposition to ratification of the peace treaty without reservations. He was to have submitted the reservations today.

FOOLS MOTHER IN RUNAWAY WEDDING

Providence Girl of 17, Locked in Room, Jumps Out of Second-Story Window

Providence, Sept. 29.—Love found a way for Gladys E. Jackson, seventeen-year-old miss, and Carl Anderson, nineteen, of Pawtucket, who were married despite the efforts of Mrs. Frederick Jackson, who put her daughter to bed to avoid meeting Jackson.

The girl jumped from the second-story window of her home into the yard and married her lover with the aid of an estranged parent, her father.

OBJECTED TO COURTING.

According to Mrs. Jackson, who is employed at a dye house in Pawtucket, Anderson was "carrying about" too much with her daughter. She objected because the girl had just received from a serious illness.

About three weeks ago, Mrs. Jackson said, Anderson called at the girl's home, No. 170 Vinton street and kept Gladys up rather late at night. Gladys was reprimanded and sent to bed. Later, Mrs. Jackson said the girl held clandestine meetings and on last Thursday she was locked in her room.

That afternoon she jumped from the window to the yard and met Anderson on Primrose street, where he was awaiting her. They went to Pawtucket.

GIRL CARRIES THE DAY.

The mother appealed to the police and the pair were finally located. A scene was made in the Pawtucket police station. The mother objected to the marriage and called Anderson a "good-for-nothing."

The estranged father of the girl protested that the mother did not use her self. "The girl now married, defied them all and declared she would not stay at home, even if compelled to return.

The couple, being threatened with the mother departed on her way and the father, Frederick Jackson, and left for a honeymoon trip. After that they will go to New York, where Anderson will work at his trade as jewelry maker.

TO REMOVE WIRELESS RESTRICTIONS OCT. 1

H. C. Gawler, district radio inspector for New England, announced today that restrictions on amateurs, training schools and experimental wireless stations would be removed by the Navy Department October 1. Examinations for amateur radio operators will be held at the office of the District Manager in the Custom House next Saturday. Holders of licenses as amateur operators will be required to take examinations which only call for a speed of twelve words a minute in sending. There are about 9,000 boys and other amateurs in the New England district who are hindered by the removal of wireless restrictions.

HARRIET CURTIS BRIDE OF FRIEDRICH P. STRAUSS

Miss Harriet Gardiner Curtis, daughter of Mrs. John G. Curtis of No. 39 Tappan street, Brookline, today became the bride of Friedrich Paul Strauss of Thuringia, Germany, in the Church of Our Saviour at Longwood. Rev. Dr. Reginald Heber Howe officiated. The maid of honor was Miss Anna C. Andrus of Belmont. Miss Dorothea Wilder, a niece of the bride, and Miss Bonnie Lacey, were bridesmaids. Major John J. Harty, who recently returned from overseas, attended the bridegroom.

FRENCH CATHOLICS LAUD WORK OF PROTESTANTS

New York, Sept. 29.—Jules Jusserand, Knecht of the French High Commission today conferred the Cross of the Legion of Honor upon Dr. Charles S. MacFarland and Dr. Frank Mason, respectively president and general secretary of the Federal Council of the Church of Christ in America. The decorations were conferred in recognition of the services of Americans of the Protestant faith in France during the war. Dr. Knecht, himself a Catholic, paid high tribute to the work of American Protestants in France.

STATE CHAMBERS OF COMMERCE MEET OCT. 15

The annual meeting of the Massachusetts Chamber of Commerce will be held in the Hotel Somerset, October 15. The directors meet at 10.45 a.m. The annual luncheon and reception will be at 12.30, with the afternoon session at 1.30. Governor Coolidge will welcome the delegates. Speakers will include President Frank W. Whitcomb, John J. Martin, president of the Export Men's Club of New York; Leith Smith, master of the Massachusetts State Range and R. Sanford Riley president of the Worcester Chamber.

WOMAN STRICKEN ON STREET, DIES SUDDENLY

Mrs. Freda Sullivan, sixty, of Malden, was taken suddenly ill at Howe doin and Olney streets, Dorchester, and died soon afterwards in the City Hospital. She had been to visit her nephew, John Kilroy, of No. 433 Norton street, Dorchester. She was taken into a drug store, given first aid and later taken to the hospital in the automobile of William J. Fitzgerald, a Dorchester real estate man. Death was said to be due to heart disease.

'Kindergarten' Test at Columbia Classed as Squirrel Food

"Washington canal 1776 Panama the in built."
"Germany of Wilson king is England and."
"Food is tobacco as valuable a not."
What does it mean? Is it true? Is it false?

Can you make each into a proper sentence? Can you turn such rigmaroles into proper sentences, and mark whether each is true or false, all in two and one-half minutes?

Or can you tell why prunes are "good for food" is it because they grow in California? Of course, all native sons will answer "Yes." Is it because they are served in boarding houses? Or because they make an attractive dish? Or because they are wholesome and economical? You must put a cross beside the right answer, and you must answer five questions, including all, in two minutes.

QUICK WIT COUNTS.

That is, if you want to pass the "intelligence test" at Columbia College. Doughboys will tell you that they had many such tests to pass on arriving in France, and that they saw a way to dodge service by giving wrong answers. But it didn't work. Like China, this is not the only test you must pass to enter Columbia, but it is safe to say it is the one most talked about in the auto-rooms after examinations.

Knowledge counts, but quick wit capable of counting your intelligence rates grade A. Is 51 less or more than 52? Is 49 less or more than 23? The questions in the intelligence tests grade A to the largest and 21 the smallest. You must score both, by a happy chance, but what you have to find is that 21 is the largest and 51 the smallest. You will be marked "correct" on this question by an affirmative nod.

Test No. 11 consists of eight statements, each to be labeled "True" or "False." Here is one: "Hundreds of people in Los Angeles were up before daybreak to see the sun rise on the Pacific." Why not? It must be a fine sight. Then by a new driver, the car barreled from side to side, knocking down every ash can on the street, each of which is about as passersby pushed off the curb." Kindly, Fiddlestrike! That passerby was a specimen!

WHO'S LOONEY NOW?

Test No. 12 sets forth that Z is thinner than X, and H is as thick as Z, and that Y is thicker than H, and F thinner than H." The alphabet begins to look like Oriental hieroglyphics. Your score will be marked "correct" if you say that the letters are drawn in your hair.

You wonder if they have provided enough room for it to work around, and if they put harmless cases in straitjackets. Test No. 13—But you can't do it.

"Stop!" comes the terrible voice of Special Agent Kilroy. "Your name is on the front of the blank."

What 18 your name? You turn in your best hand, which you have had minutes. All over? Oh, dear, no. There are four more blanks to fill out. Now you have only five minutes in which to write your name, together with the examination will have lasted three hours and a half. At the end of it one will be left in each man's mind.

"Who's looney now?"

MEANS CONTINUED SERVICE.

Colonel Woods' address was, in part, as follows:

"We are trying to raise this endowment for Harvard because we believe she must keep on in the future as in the past to give the nation the kind of service she has rendered in the past. The aim of Harvard, as I see it, has been not merely to turn out educated men, but to fill them with the spirit to originate and to devote their powers to the service of the nation, and of mankind, in the broadest sense.

"The endowment will make it possible for Harvard to continue to offer her best to all sorts and conditions of men, whether rich or poor, from all parts of the country and from all quarters of the earth, and to send them forth with fuller knowledge, with broader minds, and with the zeal to serve.

Thomas Nelson Perkins, chairman of the Greater Boston committee, will preside at tonight's banquet. Other guests will include President Lowell, Judge Julian Mack, Elliot Wadsworth and Thomas W. Lamont, Henry P. Davison, Ralph Wigglesworth and Philip Spaulding.

MAYOR ORDERS JITNEYS OUT OF HOUGH'S NECK

Prevents Threatened Withdrawal of Bay State Trolley Service

Threatened with withdrawal of all Bay State trolley service between Quincy and Hough's Neck unless jitney competition were ended, Mayor Joseph L. Mulvey today ordered the elimination of jitney service over the line tomorrow night.

The Mayor's order solves a situation which was causing a great deal of anxiety to Hough's Neck property holders. When they learned last week of the withdrawal of the street railway company they voted unanimously to sacrifice the jitney service and refrain the trolley.

The trustees of the Eastern Massachusetts Street Railway Company, which operates the Bay State lines, based their withdrawal on the fact that the jitneys were drawing away from them all the profitable business of the line, and that they could not operate at a profit. They charged that while they were taxed in numerous ways for improvements and repairs the jitney paid practically no such contribution to public funds.

The Hough's Neck district has developed rapidly, and hundreds of families are workingmen, and elimination of the jitney service would make it impossible for them to get to work in the Winter. A real estate operator has informed property owners in the district that the withdrawal of trolley service would mean a depreciation of property in the vicinity in excess of $1,000,000.

TWO NEW BEDFORD SAILORS LOST IN ARCTIC

New Bedford, Sept. 29.—Two New Bedford sailors, Ernest Tremblay and Arthur Avilson, are believed to have been lost with the schooner Fishback, which left this port in July for a cruise in the Arctic, in charge of Christian Leden, a Norwegian explorer. One purpose of the trip was to establish trading stations.

Flaherty Post, A. L., to Meet

Lawrence J. Flaherty Post No. 16, American Legion, will meet tomorrow night at 8 in the headquarters, No. 30 Meridian street, East Boston. Commander John A. Campbell will preside. Matters of importance to service men will be discussed.

ARMY STORE TO BE OPEN TILL CHRISTMAS

Buyers Now Demanding Foods Instead of Clothing and Blankets

The sale of surplus army foodstuffs in Boston will last until Christmas, according to estimates made at the army store in South Boston today.

Long lines extending from the doors crowds availing themselves of the sale are increasing daily, there are said. Many of the buyers are those occupied by the mountains of foods, which are piled high on the "left-overs" following demobilization.

Today's crowd was the biggest yet. There were indications that Saturday's record of sales of $12,000 would be bettered.

Colonel E. L. Glasgow, superintendent of the stores said that the demand for foods was unprecedented, and canners back in food stamps and that now or two lines were almost exhausted.

In the mail order department, reports showed that purchasers were still calling through the mail for the method of ordering to the extent which has caused Lieutenant-Colonel C. C. Burt and Chief Commissary Thomas Fitzpatrick pointed out that the army stores in Boston and Hingham were the only ones in the country outside of Connecticut could order by mail, as well as persons living in Boston.

SOUTH END POST TO PICK STATE DELEGATES

Delegates will be chosen for the State convention of the American Legion at a meeting of the South End Post in Dodson Hall, No. 1641 Washington street, tonight at 8. Arrangements will also be made for their final dance, to take place soon. Vice-Commander George Gillespie is heading a committee of twenty who are soliciting the district for new members.

PEACE CONFERENCE TO SAY WHO GETS SHIPS

Washington, Sept. 29.—The question of who owns the nine German ships, including the Imperator, must be decided by the peace conference, it was announced today.

Those ships were to go to, and to remain Britain saturday, but the Shipping Board held up the delivery under the claim that they are for the present at least the property of the United States.

GENERAL WOOD ASKS ALL TO AID HARVARD

Judge Mack of Chicago and Col. Woods Join in Appeal for Funds

"Better pay for teachers" was the keynote at the meeting of the overseers of Harvard University today, in perfect plans for the Harvard Endowment Fund drive for $13,250,000. Subscriptions will open Wednesday.

The overseers met at Harvard and were addressed by General Leonard Wood, Judge Julian Mack of Chicago and Colonel Arthur Woods. Each emphasized the necessity for better remuneration for those charged with the instruction of the young, and all predicted that the country, recognizing this, would "go over the top" in the drive.

Reports showed all in readiness for the local end of the drive. The last pre-campaign gathering will be the dinner in the Harvard Club of Boston tonight, with the overseers, the Harvard Corporation, and 300 graduates present.

The overseers were told that unless Harvard got funds, its supremacy as an educational institution would be threatened.

ASKS FOR A SQUARE DEAL.

General Wood said:

"As I see it, there is no more important matter before the American public today than securing about better conditions in our teaching force. We must give the men and women who are largely charged with the education of our youth and our children, and who exercise a far-reaching influence in forming their ideals of right, a square deal. The way of giving them every opportunity to live with reasonable comfort, free from worry.

"We must pay the teaching profession all the money enough to draw to it the best minds. Our public teachers and the professor are receiving less in many instances than a skilled, and in some instances an unskilled, workman.

"We find the schools and universities the best talent the nation has produce, and we can only secure it through adequate remuneration. We cannot maintain the standards of the past by the kind of treatment by the public indicated that their services are considered to be of less value than that of a mechanic or laborer."

ESSENTIAL TO PRIMACY.

Judge Mack said:

"Harvard men's independence in Alma Mater must be limited. It is as immeasurable as are their loyalty and devotion. Harvard's faculty are doing much more than their share. If the alumni will but respond in like measure, the $13,250,000 million-dollar goal will be easily attained.

"Harvard's need for are essentially to maintain Harvard's primacy. Harvard's aim is service; her ideal is truth. Therefore our appeal goes beyond the alumni."

MEANS CONTINUED SERVICE.

Colonel Woods' address was, in part, as follows:

"We are trying to raise this endowment for Harvard because we believe she must keep on in the future as in the past to give the nation the kind of service she has rendered in the past. The aim of Harvard, as I see it, has been not merely to turn out educated men, but to fill them with the spirit to originate and to devote their powers to the service of the nation, and of mankind, in the broadest sense.

"The endowment will make it possible for Harvard to continue to offer her best to all sorts and conditions of men, whether rich or poor, from all parts of the country and from all quarters of the earth, and to send them forth with fuller knowledge, with broader minds, and with the zeal to serve.

Thomas Nelson Perkins, chairman of the Greater Boston committee, will preside at tonight's banquet. Other guests will include President Lowell, Judge Julian Mack, Elliot Wadsworth and Thomas W. Lamont, Henry P. Davison, Ralph Wigglesworth and Philip Spaulding.

WOULD BAN EXPORT OF BUILDING MATERIALS

Washington, Sept. 29.—Congress is asked to tackle the high cost of living problem from another angle in a bill introduced today by Representative A. W. Jefferis, Republican, of Nebraska. Mr. Jefferis would place an absolute embargo on the exportation of lumber and building materials.

Such restrictions are necessary, the Nebraska member says, to reduce the cost of building materials, which, he says, in his opinion, are responsible for the present APEX of the stringent housing conditions reported. He would have the embargo remain in force until the shortage occasioned by the war has been overcome.

OPEN HOSPITAL FOR PNEUMONIA PATIENTS

The Brooks Cubicle Hospital on Carey Hill, Brookline, opened today for the special treatment of pneumonia patients. The building, which is of temporary construction, is on the grounds of the Brookline Hills estate of the Merchant Marine, were treated last Winter during the influenza epidemic. The hospital is named for Dr. William A. Brooks, former State surgeon-general, and originator of the present air treatment for pneumonia. Miss Elizabeth Griffin is the superintendent in charge, and Dr. Thomas G. Durell of Somerville, is chief of the medical staff.

PHYSICIANS INCREASE FEES IN NEW BEDFORD

New Bedford, Sept. 29.—Physicians of this city have voted to increase their fees. Office visits will be $3.00, instead of $2; outside calls from 7 a. m. to 7 p. m. $2, instead of $1.50; outside calls between 7 and 10 p. m. $2.50, instead of $2; outside calls between 10 p. m. and 7 a. m. $3.

IRISH PUBLIC DEBT JUMPED $130,000,000 TWO YEARS AFTER UNION

BRITISH BROKE PLEDGES, DE VALERA DECLARES

CRUSHING OF IRELAND'S INDUSTRIES

By EAMON DE VALERA,
President of the Irish Republic.

The effects of the Union of 1800 on Irish industries was immediate. Ten years afterwards the Grand Jury of the city of Dublin passed the following resolution:

Eamon De Valera.

"The Act of Union, after ten years' operation, instead of augmenting the comforts, prosperity and happiness of the people, has produced an accumulation of distress."

The public debt of Ireland down to two years before the Union was only £2,000,000 ($10,000,000). In 1800 it was increased by the British government to £28,000,000 ($140,000,000).

This increase was due to Ireland being saddled with the £2,000,000 ($10,000,000) spent by Pitt in corrupting the Irish Legislature, and also with the £22,000,000 ($110,000,000) expended by the British government in crushing the Insurrection of 1798, when the Irish people, following the example of America, attempted to establish a republic. In other words, Ireland was forced to pay for the very means that were taken to prevent her attaining her freedom.

Under the terms of the enforced Union, the British government solemnly entered upon an agreement that Ireland's contribution to Imperial expenditure as compared with that of Great Britain should be in the proportion of 1 to 7½; a proportion that was excessive and unfair. England also undertook that Ireland's taxation should not be raised to the standard of Great Britain until two conditions should be reached, viz:

(1) That the debts of the two countries should come to bear to each other the proportion of 15 parts for Great Britain to 2 parts to Ireland;

(2) That the circumstances of the two countries should admit of uniform taxation. Meanwhile, the two exchequers were to be kept separate.

There was also an express provision, guaranteeing Ireland from any responsibility with the English debt previous to 1801.

PLEDGES BROKEN.

None of these British pledges were kept. In 1816 Ireland's separate exchequer was seized by England. Ireland's account books were transferred to the keeping of the British treasury, and the greatest fraud in the history of international finance was perpetrated by amalgamating the Irish debt and making Ireland liable for England's national debt, 16 times greater than that of Ireland.

At the time of the Union, Ireland's national debt (augmented by the price of carrying the Union and the cost of crushing liberty in 1798) was $8,000,000 pounds ($140,000,000).

Irish indebtedness per head

	£5½, ($26)
Irish taxation per head	
	6 shillings ($1.50)
Population	5,395,94
Population per square mile	164
England's accumulated debt was	
	£450,000,000 ($2,250,000,000)
English indebtedness per head	
	£43 ($215)
English taxation per head	£3 ($15)
Population	9,802,536
Population per square mile	152

England's national debt was 16 times greater than that of Ireland.

England's indebtedness per head was 8 times greater than that of Ireland.

FINANCIAL STANDING.

England's taxation per head was 15 times greater than that of Ireland.

The table given below, contained in a British parliamentary return, issued in 1819, shows how Ireland stood financially prior to and after the seizure of the Irish exchequer:

Year.	British Debt.	Annual Charge.
Jan. 5, 1801.....	£446,506,954	£17,718,551
	$2,232,534,770	$88,594,255
Year.	Irish Debt.	Annual Charge.
Jan. 5, 1801	£28,948,194	£1,244,562
	$142,725,970	$6,222,810
Year.	British Debt.	Annual Charge.
Jan. 5, 1817.....	£781,529,106	£28,234,414
	$3,972,610,820	$141,192,060
Year.	Irish Debt.	Annual Charge.
Jan. 5, 1817	£112,704,773	£4,104,514
	$560,523,865	$20,522,570

From the foregoing it will be seen that even then Ireland had progressed well along the roads to ruin.

Barrett's book, in his "Repealers Manual" (1833), makes the case clearer. He says:

Whilst the Union was to have diminished debt and taxes in Ireland, it has created an augmentation, not equaled in times of foreign war or domestic rebellion; so great was this increase, that the Finance Committee of 1815 declared that those which were regarded as permanent imports exceeded the increase of Great Britain by nearly a third; reckoning from the beginning of the war, this committee reported that the increase of the taxation of England of all kinds was 21 to 10, whilst the increase in Ireland was 46¾ to 10.

Notwithstanding this increase of drain on the Irish people in the shape of taxes, our old ally, the debt went on, progressively advancing, so much, so that the Irish Chancellor of the Exchequer, in proposing the consolidation of the exchequers, complained that the contribution of Ireland was greater than she ought to have been called upon to bear. (Hansard's Debates, Vol. XXXIV., p. 588.)

"WORSE GOVERNMENT."

"You have, said this functionary, contracted with her for an expenditure she could not meet, your own share of which you did not meet, but by sacrifices unexampled—by exertions, the passion of which only England could have borne. Ireland has been led to expect that her expenditure would have been less than before she was united with you. In the 15 years preceding the Union, it amounted to £41,000,000 ($205,000,000), but in the fifteen years of Union it swelled to the enormous amount of £148,000,000 ($740,000,000), the increase of her revenue would have more than discharged, without loans, an expenditure greater than that of the fifteen years preceding 1801. Ireland has absolutely paid in taxes more than seventy-eight millions of pounds ($390,000,000), being forty-seven millions of pounds ($235,000,000) more than her revenue, in the fifteen years upon which her contribution has been circulated."

"See," says Battersby, "the blessed effects of our amalgamation with England. By bad laws and worse government, the latter now—1825—owes the enormous sum of £800,000,000 ($4,000,000,000) calculating on the Union principle, Ireland is now saddled with £134,000,000 ($670,000,000).

At the utmost Ireland should not, allowing that she should participate in England's loss, have to pay more than £32,000,000 ($160,000,000), and it can be proved that the sum on equitable grounds should not exceed £21,000,000 ($120,000,000) . . ."

"Ireland having been declared, 1816, unable to bear what was called her own debt, 16 times exacted by the Imperial Parliament that they should be subject to this enormous mass of British debt. Being insolvent, it was enacted that she should have the responsibilities of owning wealth. Being decidedly unable to contribute 1 to 7½, it was enacted that she should not only contribute 1 to 2, as to the future, but as to the past.

The policy inaugurated by England with the Union has been continued down to the present day.

GLADSTONE'S ATTACK.

Gladstone, supposedly as sympathetic towards Ireland, imposed income tax and spirit duties upon her in violation of a compact entered into at the Union. As a set-off for this breach, the consolidated annuities were to be remitted to Ireland. This was done. The amount remitted to Ireland was £1,000,000 ($20,000,000), but this has had to pay in lieu of this remittance some £200,000,000 ($1,000,000,000).

English politicians have been always leveling up Ireland's taxation, until they have succeeded in making the taxation excessive. It is not only that Ireland is paying taxes on the extravagant scale of a wealthier country like England—and Ireland is without wealth—but that she is paying over £3,000,000 ($15,000,000) annum in excess of the English scale.

In 1896 a Financial Relations Commission, appointed by the British Government, reported that Ireland had been overtaxed since the Union to the extent of £2,700,000 ($13,500,000) annually in excess of the British estimate of her proportion. This Commission found that Ireland since the Union—its investigations did not go back any further than 1800—had been paying one-twelfth of the whole expenditure of what is called the "United Kingdom", whereas according to her comparative taxable capacity, on the basis of the Union agreement, she should contribute at most only one twenty-first part!

INCREASE REPORT.

The British Government has entirely ignored the report of its own Commission, restitution has been denied, and the overtax has continued to be imposed on Ireland.

Thus, since the Union, Irish trade, industry and commerce has been forced to struggle under a paralyzing burden of taxation.

Since 1896 the taxation and the consequent over-taxation has been increased many times over, as can be seen by the following figures, taken from the English government returns. As to how far they are correct, Ireland has no means of knowing, as England takes Ireland's money and keeps the books. These figures represent what England admits she takes out of Ireland's pockets.

IRISH REVENUE.

Year Ending March 31.	£	Increase. £	s.	d.	Per Head Popula-tion.
1896	8,004,000	40,370,000	1	15	6	$ 8.25
1914	11,191,500	55,972,500	2	10	10	12.50
1915	12,390,000	61,947,000	2	16	2	14.25
1916	17,909,000	89,043,000	4	1	11	22.00
1917	23,705,000	118,525,000	5	2	2	27.00
1918	26,965,000	134,825,000	6	2	6	30.50

MULTIPLIED COLLECTIONS.

England has multiplied her collection of taxes from Ireland three and a half times since she discovered the over-taxation of the country; moreover the Irish revenue is estimated at £35,000,000 ($170,000,000) for the year ending March 31, 1919, and the current year is calculated to yield over (45,000,000 ($225,000,000) of Irish revenue.

Let us now look back to the time when England annexed the Irish exchequer in 1816 and let us compare her taxation with Ireland's then and now. The figures given are England's, as they appear in the Financial Relations Report of 1896 and Imperial Revenue White Paper (No. 105 of 1918).

REVENUE PER HEAD.

	IRELAND. £ s. d.	GREAT BRITAIN. £ s. d.	
1819	1 13 9	2 15 6	$18.25
1918	6 2 6	30 10 10	76.
Increase	.600%	Inc. 304%	

In one hundred years England has increased Irish taxation almost sevenfold. But she has increased her own taxation per head only threefold.

Now let us see what England does with the money she collects from Ireland. How much does she spend in Ireland? The Government White Paper No. 105 of 1918 supplies the answer:

Year.	Revenue.	Expenditures.	Surplus.
1913	£11,390,500	£12,036,000	.....
	$54,947,325	$60,180,000	.....
1916	£17,909,000	£18,597,000	£6,339,000
	$89,045,000	$92,985,000	$31,695,000
1917	£23,705,000	£15,636,000	£11,080,100
	$118,525,000	$78,180,000	$55,400,500
1918	£26,965,000	£13,062,000	£13,903,000
	$134,825,000	$65,310,000	$69,515,000

REVENUE MORE THAN DOUBLED.

It will be seen that the expenditures on alleged Irish services has hardly increased at all, though the revenue has more than doubled. A considerable portion of the expenditure in addition England manufacturers, to whom are allotted all the contracts for supplies to the Irish Service. In addition England pockets the whole of the surplus, which is calculated to be about £22,000,000 ($110,000,000) for the current year.

It must be carefully borne in mind that the figures given for the expenditure include £1,569,000 ($7,845,000) for that portion of England's army of occupation known as the police forces; £568,500 ($1,842,500) for the English law courts in the country; £232,500 ($1,162,500) for the maintenance of English prisons in Ireland, where the Irish learn the blessings of English rule; £20,000 ($100,000) for the upkeep of the lord lieutenant, the King of England's representative; £25,000 ($125,000) for the chief secretary; and some £5,000,000 ($25,000,000) of the remainder on the fifty odd extravagant and irresponsible boards which England has set up to govern the country in England's interests.

IRELAND'S WAR FUND.

Over and above the extraordinary and unjust over-taxation of two and three-quarters million pounds (thirteen and three-quarters million dollars) per year, Ireland has paid in the last five years a sum of £94,848,-000 ($471,40,000) for war to free small nations! That money was spent in English munition factories and used to equip huge armies; one of these latter is now engaged as the Army of Occupation in Ireland in holding that country in military subjection.

Here are the figures:

Year	Revenue	
1913	£12,390,000	$61,947,000
1914	17,909,000	89,045,000
1917	23,705,000	118,525,000
1918	26,965,000	134,825,000
1919	30,000,000	150,000,000
1920 (est.)	45,000,000	225,000,000
	£161,165,000	$806,772,000
Deduct six years' taxation at 1914 rate, £12,390,000 ($58,572,500)	66,907,000	294,634,000
		£94,848,000 or $471,740,000

The following is a full bill of costs of Ireland's enforced connection with England:

Capital loss in population
(Marshall's estimate).....£3,176,350,000
Absentee rents.....1,000,000,000
Over-taxation as found by Financial Relations Committee in 1896 at 2½ millions yearly.....$17,500,000
Surplus war taxation at last five years and current financial years.....94,848,000

or £13,840,4000,000.

PAYS FOR SLAVERY.

From the foregoing it will be seen that Ireland not alone pays for the pleasure of being governed by another country, but also pays for being kept in slavery.

Compare the case of Ireland with that of other small nations. What does it cost them to run their countries? Here are their revenue figures for 1913:

Switzerland	**$3,105,000 $15,525,000**
Serbia	**5,221,000 26,105,000**
Bulgaria	**5,765,000 28,825,000**
Greece	**6,008,000 34,540,000**
Denmark	**7,168,000 35,840,000**
Norway	**9,776,000 48,880,000**

Ireland in the same year paid £12,-000,000 ($60,000,000) for English domination. All the small powers mentioned keep their armies, and three of them have navies as well. It is cheaper, therefore, to be free than in slavery.

(Continued Tomorrow.)

Woman Victim of Burns

Mrs. Isaac Shore of No. 47 Porter street, Malden, whose body was severely burned Saturday when her clothing caught fire while she was working at the kitchen stove, is dead at the Malden Hospital.

Irish County Council Endorses American

Editor Boston American,
Boston, Mass.
Dear Sir,

The Central Council of Irish County Associations, representing the thirty-two counties of Ireland in meeting assembled, unanimously endorsed your paper and recommend it to all its members and friends, because of its splendid service and untiring efforts on behalf of American institutions and principles; because of your efforts to keep before the minds of our fellow citizens our aims and objects in entering the world war; because of your effort to assist our Senators in Washington to retain our country for Americans, as the men who fought and died to establish and maintain it would have them do.

We are proud that we have published in our city a newspaper that is American by name, purpose and action, anxious to extend to other peoples the privileges we enjoy and which we declared we would establish for the people in the world on entering the recent war.

We are with you in your every effort to prevent our country from being turned over to any foreign power, and to grant peoples everywhere the right of self-determination for which so many fought, suffered and died. We are,

Respectfully yours,
CENTRAL COUNCIL OF IRISH COUNTY ORGANIZATIONS,
WILLIAM GORMLEY, Secretary.
JOHN FOLEY, President.

IRISH SEE FALL OF BRITAIN COMING

Railroad Strike May End Empire Forever, Says De Valera's Secretary

New York, Sept. 28.—"We in Ireland know that other empires become and gone and that England goes next," said Harry J. Boland, secretary to President De Valera of the Irish republic, speaking at the mass meeting in the Lexington Theatre held under the auspices of the League of Oppressed Peoples.

"We know, too," he added, "that on Saturday a strike was started in England that may forever end the British empire. All that we ask is that in the end Britain may be able to manage her own little island and let the rest of the world manage their own affairs."

When Mr. Boland was introduced by Dudley Field Malone, chairman of the meeting, the band struck up the Sinn Fein anthem, "The Soldier Song," the audience standing while it was played. At its conclusion a young man in the gallery shouted, "Why don't you open the meeting with 'The Star Spangled Banner'?"

"The meeting was opened with 'The Star Spangled Banner,'" said Mr. Malone, "but just to avoid any misunderstanding we'll have it played for the second time."

Referring to Frank P. Walsh's interview with President Wilson, in which the President referred to the ignoring of the case of Ireland by the Peace Conference as a metaphysical tangle, Mr. Malone said: "I think it might well be called a mathematical tragedy to make it appear that one vote in the League of Nations is as good as six. If any one nation is entitled to six votes, every other nation is entitled to six votes. For that matter, why shouldn't the United States have forty-eight votes, one for each State?"

Gregory Zilboerg, who spoke in behalf of the present government of Russia and denounced Kolchak and Denikine as reactionaries, said:

"Russia wants help. Russia is starving but she will not buy this help at the sacrifice of her honesty. If she wants English help she will not accept the help of Downing street, but that of the England that is now striking."

Rev. Norman Thomas, editor of "The World Tomorrow," urged that Americans assert their own freedom by demanding the release from prison of Kate Richards O'Hare, Eugene V. Debs and others imprisoned at the behest of capitalistic interests. He also denounced the actions of the State constabulary of Pennsylvania in suppressing meetings of union men.

Other speakers were Lala Rajpat Rai, who told of British oppression in India, and B. Charney Vladek, who told of the sufferings of the Jews in Poland, and said the Jews found the Bolsheviists less oppressive than the Poles.

Resolutions protesting against interference with the rights of self-determination of any people and protesting against the extension of further loans to any nation guilty of oppressing others were adopted.

FLAYS WILSON FOR SILENCE ON ERIN

All His Predecessors Espoused Ireland's Cause, Declares Professor Foley

Lawrence, Sept. 29.—That Irish freedom has been espoused by every President of the United States from George Washington down, with President Wilson the only exception, was the declaration of Professor Daniel J. Foley of Boston in an address before 3,500 people who attended an open-air demonstration held on the playstead under the direction of John McBride Branch, Friends of Irish Freedom. The meeting was a protest against the League of Nations in its bearing upon Ireland's cause. The flag of the Irish Republic was prominently draped with the American colors about the grandstand.

Wilson was roundly scored by Professor Foley for his attitude on Ireland and was called upon to sidetrack his sentiments on the Cohalan affair, the reputed cause of his feeling. "Inexperienced legislators were duped in the matter of having the covenant put over them by wily Englishmen well versed in diplomacy," William H. O'Brien of the Public Service Commission said. Resolutions calling upon the Massachusetts congressmen to vote against the league were voted.

PLYMOUTH CO. A. O. H. DENOUNCES LEAGUE

Brockton, Sept. 29.—The League of Nations was denounced as hostile to the freedom of Ireland, in a set of resolutions adopted at the annual meeting of the Plymouth County Branch of the Ancient Order of Hibernians, held in A. O. H. Hall, this city.

The resolutions were unanimously passed after a vigorous speech by the Rev. Thomas F. Brannan of St. Edward's Church, who is county chaplain of the order. Copies were sent to Senators Lodge and Walsh.

IRISH CATTLE BENEFIT BY BRITISH STRIKE

London, Sept. 29.—The railway strike so disastrous to the people of the United Kingdom, is benefiting Irish cattle dealers. Thousands of cattle arriving from Ireland at British ports are turned out to graze instead of being rushed to the land for slaughter.

Fish arriving in English ports is put in cold storage.

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But how about the corners in the house where sunlight cannot reach? How about the traps in the plumbing, the inside of the garbage can and the remote corners of the cellar where germs breed unhindered?

DON'T LET ANY NEGLIGENCE ON YOUR PART
THIS YEAR CONTRIBUTE TO SUCH A DISASTER
AS OVERTOOK NEW ENGLAND LAST FALL

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Have the comfortable feeling that the unseen places in your home are as clean as your dining table.

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Small Pill—Small Dose—Small Price

DR. CARTER'S IRON PILLS, Nature's great nerve and blood tonic for Anemia, Rheumatism, Nervousness, Sleeplessness and Female Weakness.

Beware poor imitations

Our Self-Acting Reduction Plan Creates Bargains

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Serge Dresses
$6.98

Elaborately trimmed with many rows of braid; navy and brown.

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Trimmed with braid and buttons on front and back, in the suit and tunic models; navy, burgundy, brown and black.

WE are the ONLY Basement Store giving MERCHANTS LEGAL STAMPS

GERMAN CABINET TURNS BACK ON RADICALS

Inevitable Regrouping of Ministers Forces Inclusion of Democrats Who Refused to Sign

By KARL H. VON WIEGAND,
Universal Service Staff Correspondent.

(Special Cable Dispatch)

Berlin, Sept. 29. — After wavering for weeks as to whether to turn to the political parties of the Left or Right for necessary support to insure it a longer life, the German government has turned its back upon extreme radicalism.

Official initiative toward steering a course between radicalism on the one hand and extreme conservatism on the other, but with a slight swing toward the right, was taken at a Cabinet session, your correspondent learns.

QUIT RATHER THAN SIGN.

At a meeting of the social-democratic and clerical ministers it was agreed that the present two-party coalition could not continue in the face of increasing difficulties, and that a tactical re-grouping of the government was necessary to meet the situation. It was decided, therefore, to take Democrats into the cabinet again.

The Democrats quit the government last June rather than be party to the signing of the Versailles treaty.

The proposition to unite with the radical and independent Socialists and form an all-Socialist government was definitely dropped, as it would have meant sacrificing Minister of Defense Noske, who is considered the greatest factor in preserving law in Germany today, and his going out of office would lessen still more the confidence in Germany's stability at a time when foreign credits are vitally necessary.

As the "shakiness" of the government made it imperative for the government to turn to one side or the other for "props" it selected the more conservatively inclined Democrats rather than the radicals.

DEMOCRATS TO GET PLACES.

Details as to the places in the Cabinet that are to go to Democrats will be worked out today. It will be a difficult job to make judicious decisions in this direction.

There is a strong tendency of "stick to your jobs" in the "government of trades unions and party secretaries," as the present ministry is called, because five or six members of it are either secretaries of unions or members of the Social Democratic party.

It developed that none of the present ministers wants to give up his post. It is understood the vice-chancellorship, which is one of Erzberger's two portfolios (he is also Minister of Finance), the Ministry of Justice, and one post to be vacated or specially created, will be alloted to the Democrats.

Reports circulated that Premier Bauer was about to resign were authoritatively denied today.

The Democrats want the post of foreign minister for their party, but President Ebert so far has refused to throw out Herr Mueller, who went to Versailles to sign the treaty when no one else would go.

RICHOFEN MAY COME HERE.

In lieu of the foreign ministry the Washington embassy is said to have been offered to Democrats. Baron von Richofen is mentioned as a leading candidate for that place. He was second secretary at Washington in 1908 and later served as first secretary to the legation at Mexico City.

Members of the cabinet profess to believe a tri-party government would be able to weather the severe economic and political storms which the coming winter is almost certain to bring.

Official announcement to take in the Democrats has not yet been made by the government.

LEXINGTON SERGEANT BURIED WITH HONORS

Sergeant Michael McCarthy of Lexington, formerly of D Company, First Replacement Regiment, was given military honors at his funeral. Flags on the public buildings of Lexington were at half staff during the day, and a detail of soldiers from the Department of the Northeast acted as a military escort, and a firing squad fired a volley over the grave, taps being sounded. Soldiers were pallbearers.

The funeral took place from the residence of his sister, Mrs. Thomas Forsythe, on Grant street, Lexington, followed by services at St. Bridget's Church, the Rev. John F. Kelleher, pastor, officiated.

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Will save many a garment and fabric which has outlived its usefulness because of fade or hard usage.

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How can you be sure that the bread and milk your children eat, is really pure, beyond the shadow of a doubt?

There are rigid laws to enforce the purity and food value of milk.

And at last there is a bread whose purity and nutrition are safeguarded as zealously as the purity of milk.

Bond Bread and Milk the perfect food for growing children

Here are six essential food elements which every human being must have—without which a child cannot properly grow:

1. Proteins (Tissue building food.)
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5. "Vitamines" (growth producers.)
6. Water.

Bond Bread and milk together contain each of these six necessary food elements in almost perfect proportions, in the most easily digested form.

Bond Bread's pure food laws even stricter than government regulations

No state or city pure food law ever passed is as drastic as the self-imposed laws which govern:

1. The purity of every ingredient in Bond Bread. (Guaranteed by the Bond of the General Baking Co.)
2. The perfection of the process which makes every grain of wheat yield its utmost in nourishment.
3. The spotless sunlit cleanliness of the bakeries where Bond Bread is made.
4. The scrupulous care with which Bond Bread is kept untouched by human hands from the time it leaves the oven until it reaches your table.

Bring him up on Bond Bread!

Bond Bread is so named because each loaf bears this bond of the General Baking Company

KNOW ALL MEN BY THESE PRESENTS THAT GENERAL BAKING COMPANY IS HELD AND FIRMLY BOUND UNTO THE PURCHASER OF THIS LOAF OF Bond Bread TRADE MARK REG. U.S. PAT. OFF. AND HEREBY WARRANTS THAT THE LOAF OF BREAD CONTAINED WITHIN THIS GERM AND DUST PROOF WRAPPER IS MADE FROM THE FOLLOWING PURE FOOD MATERIALS, AND NO OTHER INGREDIENTS OF ANY KIND BEST SPRING WHEAT FLOUR, BEST PURE SALT, PURE FILTERED WATER, PURE REFINED SUGAR, AND CONDENSED MILK LARD, CANE SUGAR, AND CONDENSED MILK GENERAL BAKING COMPANY

Bond Bread

Made as the Housewives showed us

ALLIES TRIED TO BRIBE ALFONSO, SAYS VON TIRPITZ

OFFERED KING MILLIONS TO JOIN THEM IN WAR

VON TIRPITZ MEMOIRS
By ALFRED VON TIRPITZ,
Grand Admiral of the German Navy.

The war had been in progress only a year when two great discoveries were made by me, each of which had to do with events which played a more or less prominent part in deciding the final issue. The more striking was the revelation, which came to me July 26, 1915, that the entente had offered a virtual bribe of millions of dollars to King Alfonso if Spain would join the allies. The other was that the Kaiser's advisers, even this early in the development of our campaign, were not to be trusted, and that they were leading the way to the ruin of our plans.

The revelations of the plot to bribe Spain came to me almost directly from King Alfonso himself. As to the clowns in official position who had the final word at Great Headquarters, my opinion of them was identical with the convictions of both Field Marshal von Hindenburg and Quartermaster-General von Ludendorff, which we openly discussed when I was a guest of von Hindenburg at his headquarters on the eastern front.

On the morning of July 26, 1915, I journeyed to Teschen, Austrian Silesia, a picturesque town, which at that time was the headquarters of the Archduke Friederick, Field Marshal and Commander of the Austrian armies. We were welcomed with great friendliness there, and I took particular note of the environment, because it was what might be called our first intimate glimpse of our allies, for whose cause we had gone to war.

The Archduke Frederick impressed me at once as an absolutely harmless old gentleman, with whom Conrad von Hoetzendorff, the chief of the Austrian General Staff, would have no difficulty in dealing.

(Editor's Note: As a matter of fact, Tirpitz's deductions again played him false, for Archduke Frederick's campaigns were such failures that he was succeeded by Hoetzendorff himself in February, 1917, after the latter had been elevated to Field Marshal following the disastrous Austrian campaign against the Italian drive for Gorizia.)

Afterwards we were received by the heir to the throne, who later was to be a participant in the war as the titular commander-in-chief, the future Emperor Charles. He seemed to us at that time very youthful, but his interest in the grandly beitited Austrian staff was frank and great. We were introduced to this staff, and I heard nothing for several minutes but "Count So-and-So," "Count This-and-That" and "Count the Other." At breakfast I sat next to the Archduke Frederick, who seemed much more interested in his only son, the Archduke Albert, then eighteen years old, than in the war.

ALFONSO CHARGED BRIBERY.

The boy had just finished his school examination in both German and Hungarian, which he was being taught to speak with equal facility. The old Archduke was very proud of the lad, who at that time loomed up as one of the great heirs of European royalty, as his father owned great estates in Hungary.

During the repast the Archduke Frederick confided to me that his nephew, the King of Spain, had written to him that he (the King) had received an offer of hundreds of millions of marks if he would join the quadruple alliance. King Alfonso, as quoted by his uncle to me, had written that so long as he was King he would not hear of an alliance with the Entente; moreover, he had his army to support him in an emergency.

(Editor's Note: The late dowager Queen of Spain, Maria Cristina, mother of King Alfonso, was a sister of the Archduke Frederick.)

Everyone at Austrian headquarters felt incensed at the latest note from the United States, which had been received in Berlin five days before, growing out of the sinking of the Lusitania. The note had served warning on Germany that President Wilson regarded our communication of July 8 as "very unsatisfactory" and the forebodings at a time when America's attitude was open to our grave suspicion were not to be denied in all quarters.

"PANTALOONS IN OFFICE."

Nobody at Teschen could conceive that we would be so weak as to draw back—if only that sentiment had been shared by our pantaloons in office!

(Editor's Note—Von Tirpitz thus pays his respects to the German Foreign Office, with which he was constantly experiencing friction, over its endorsement, Sept. 18, of that year, of von Bernstorff's assurance to the United States that there would be no more submarine sinkings without warning.)

My discovery that not alone von Hindenburg, but also Ludendorff were just as dissatisfied as I was over the turn of affairs, due to the workings of the intimate personal circle of the Kaiser's advisers, came during a visit to the field marshal less than a month after I had been the guest of Archduke Frederick. I joined von Hindenburg at his headquarters at Lodz on August 13.

I immediately held a long conference with Hindenburg and Ludendorff over this situation and found their views in absolute convergence with mine. As a whole, Hindenburg told me, he "saw no prospect of altering the situation 'autour du roi' (around the Kaiser.) The mass, he told me, was too strong to penetrate. It was an attribute of this great soldier that he regarded the political problem thus presented as a military problem and instinctively sensed the mass as confronting in all verity a mass—a hostile mass, which defensively was strong and impenetrable to the assaults of his good sense and my counsels.

He revealed to me how he had implored the Kaiser not to follow the recommendations of Gen. von Falkenhayn, chief of the general staff, and that also, in the previous great operations, he had urgently advised against the strategy which always was for attacking the enemy from the front, so that the Russians by this method were enabled to slip away. He went on to tell me that this policy had caused us enormous losses.

(Editor's Note—This refers to the battle of Ypres had been fought, the Germans failing to penetrate the British lines. Also, on the Eastern front, the Russian retreat had halted on the day of which Tirpitz writes.)

EARLY CAMPAIGNS HAD FAILED.

Summing up, it appeared to me then that our chief plan of campaign, to drive for the channel ports and envelop the Russian armies, had both failed. There we stood, facing a superior force, which had all the local advantages in its favor and which without doubt, bore all evidence of being capitally led.

America, too, there was no longer any doubt, was set definitely against us. If we had scored our great victories there on the western front at the outset, our position would have been different. That is what I had hoped for earlier, and I favored never giving up without a fight anything we could retain, such as Shantung. We should have put up a fight at Tsing-Tao.

At that time, too, it appeared to me that our high seas fleet would not come out. On September 24, I came to the decision to tender my resignation immediately after the war, which I did not believe could last long. The reconstruction of the German Navy, I decided, if it should come to that, must be undertaken by someone else. I blamed the fact that the fleet had been kept back to four men: Admiral Von Pohl, Admiral Mueller, chief of the naval cabinet; Chancellor von Bethmann-Hollweg and the Kaiser himself.

"I believed then, although I was mistaken, that these four intended that our fleet should not fire a single gun, and that the work of my life had ended with a cipher.

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CONTINUE TOMORROW.

Having declared war on Chancellor von Bethmann Hollweg and the high command of the German war machine, Von Tirpitz tells, in his next instalment, how he and the Kaiserin tried to accomplish the overthrow of the chancellor and put Field Marshal von Hindenburg in that high office. Sketching the failure of this coup d'etat, Von Tirpitz continues his almost prophetic analyses of what led to Germany's final disaster.

PICKS TWO BUSHELS OF PEARS OFF NEW TREE

Two bushels of pears were picked from a young tree on the first year that it has borne by Antonio J. Caterino of No. 93 Lowell street, Arlington Heights. The pears are of the English Beurre Bosc variety and each weighs from 10 to 12½ ounces.

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LAST 4 TIMES — RAYMOND HITCHCOCK in HITCHY KOO, 1919
NEXT MON. Seats Thurs.
CECIL LEAN
In His Latest Musical Comedy
"LOOK WHO'S HERE"
with CLEO MAYFIELD, a Big Cast and a SURPRISE BEAUTY CHORUS.

THE FUNNIEST GIRL ALIVE
FLORENCE MOORE
IN THE FUNNIEST PIECE OF THE DAY
"BREAKFAST IN BED"
PLYMOUTH — Last 3 Weeks
Evgs. 8:20 — Mats. Thurs. & Sat. 2:20 — Prs. 31 Sat. Thur.
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The Most Wonderful Play in America
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NOTHING BUT LOVE
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GREAT LAMPERTI; ARGONNE FIVE; WILL & MARY ROGERS; ROBINSON & THOMAS; TURNER & MAGEE & ANITA Leland Comedy. GEO. WALSH in "The Winning Stroke."

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Marie & Ann Clark, McCormick & Wallace, The Jordan Girls, Sylvester & Vance, Three Keltons, Mack Sennett's Latest.

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FOLLOWING BILL
AS BOTH HOUSES IS ONE THAT WEEK
HOUDINI
In "The Grim Game"
BRYANT WASHBURN
In "The Swim Left Home"

ST. JAMES CONTINUOUS 1.30 to 10.30
BESSIE BARRISCALE in
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Five Vaudeville Acts—Sennett Comedy

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GEO. M. COHAN'S Great Character Comedy
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FOUR ORIGINAL NUMBERS STORY, ENCHANTED HEARTS
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Weeks of Oct. 6 & 13—Seats Thurs.
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Featuring RAY L. ROYCE & Star Cast

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With Mr. Craig as ABE and Mr. Powell as MAWRUS
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HENRY MILLER
BLANCHE BATES
In Philip Moeller's Play
"MOLIERE"

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"THE HEART OF HUMANITY," with Dorothy Phillips, Earle Williams in "The Wolf," 5 Vaudeville Acts.

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BILLIE BURKE in "The Mollusc"
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Some paid more—some less for identical articles, according to their separate abilities to haggle.

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The advertiser names his price—the same for all.

You know that in paying it, you're getting the same deal as the next one. You may not have realized what a saving in time, money and convenience in this alone the advertisements mean to you.

A return for a week to the old ways of selling would quickly convince you of the service the advertisements in your paper render.

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EMPIRE FALL RIVER — MARGUERITE CLARK in "Widow by Proxy."

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ROXBURY
SHAWMUT THEATRE Baby Daniels in "The Darling of Paris." Albert Ray and Ellinore Fair in "Love is Love." Other attractions.

SOUTH BOSTON
CONGRESS HALL Continuous Talmadge in "A Yellow Adventure." "Perils of Thunder Mts." Gertrude Griffith in "Dramatic Book." Comedy and others.

WOBURN
THE WOBURN Will feature an all-star bill of features, latest comedy, up-to-date weekly and other attractions.

"DIVINE VISION" LED ANNUNZIO TO FIUME

Italian Poet Declares Crusade to Rescue City Was Result of Exalted Patriotism

NOTE — Universal Service presents herewith exclusively Gabriele D'Annunzio's own story of his Fiume coup. No matter how one may judge the poet-soldier's high-handed procedure in the light of national and international right or wrong, it has been apparent throughout that D'Annunzio was actuated only by the highest impulse of patriotism as he conceives it. Both as a human document, heralding those who are rising fine, and as a narrative of epoch-making facts, the subjoined article is destined to become historic.

By GABRIELE D'ANNUNZIO.
Written Expressly for Universal Service. (Copyright, 1919, by Universal Service.)
(Special Cable Direct.)

Fiume, Sept. 29 (Via Paris).—It was on the night of September 11, when, as I lay prostrated in bed at Vealce, devoured by fever, a vision came to me, a vision of beloved Fiume.

It was a mystic call of exalted patriotism. It bade me arise and lead a crusade for the rescue of that city. No time must be lost, for I learned that on the 12th ravening hordes of Croats planned to sweep down with fire and sword and ravage wherever love and loyalty to mother Italy were found within the confines of Fiume, which today is the holy mecca of all true Italians.

No, summoning a handful of followers, I explained that the hour of solemn sacrifice and devotion had sounded, and we set out.

Some have described our Odyssey as the flamboyant, glory-seeking adventure of a mad poet. They are poor, shallow spirits without vision.

A DIVINE MISSION.

Neither for myself nor for my heroic followers is this an adventure, or vain bid for glory, or a piratical romance. It is a divine mission, no less pure and holy than the crusades of ancient times.

From the humblest grenadier to the leaders, my forces are all inspired with the same unquenchable fire.

At first I had thought of leading volunteers on the perilous quest, but I saw at once that this would not suffice, for I wanted to demonstrate that the call which roused me from my sick bed had come to all Italy. So I decided to set forth almost alone, preaching the gospel of Fiume's deliverance as I went along, and gathering from bivouacs and camps along the road an army of patriots in the cause of right and justice, an army composed by regular Italian troops, representative of the entire mother country.

BACKED BY THE ARMY.

My judgment proved sound, my vision clear; it was the Italian royal army which closed ranks in my wake as I marched on to Fiume. It is the Italian army that now holds the holy city of Fiume under my command, in defiance of all enemies.

All know their leader will not fall them in the hour of peril. All know I am ready to die at a moment's notice in the service of a great cause. What is death to me, who have already braved it two-score and more times? What is the value of this poor crust?

When Fiume is definitely won, I am going to fly from Rome to Tokio, hoping devoutly that a typhoon will end my life, far out in the Indian Ocean.

NOT TEMPTED BY GLORY.

No, glory did not tempt me to come hither; nor did death deter me. Glory is mine already, and death I know too well.

This same spirit imbues my heroic followers, who have already staked lives into my hands and confided their destinies into my keeping.

We have pledged our existence to the sacred soil; living or dead this soil is our bidding place.

From Venice I hurried to Lonchi, the home of the martyr who died in the cause of Italy thirty years ago. There, for a moment I despaired, for the auto trucks that had been promised were not on hand.

But courage flamed again. My main force seized sufficient trucks, and forwards again! Even I myself had not expected the expedition would be so easy. I had looked for resistance and feared bloodshed en route, particularly at the hands of the Allies.

ALL JOINED HIS COLUMN.

God be thanked, we were not opposed by our former brothers-in-arms.

The news of our progress flew ahead of us like wildfire. I harangued troops along the road, and all joined my triumphal column. When we reached Trieste, a veritable army strode at my heels. In it I counted a regiment of infantry, two battalions of Arditi, shock troops of the Regina brigade, batteries of artillery, completely equipped, and two squadrons of armored cars.

They had miraculously sprung up from the ground as though called forth by the stamping of a magician's foot.

Once a general barred our way, saying:

"Who and what are you; whither are you going? I am your superior."

AT GATES OF FIUME.

"I am going to Fiume, where today the chief command devolves upon me," I responded. "If you like, go to the rear and take our dust, but stand aside."

That was all. Forward again, until, as the stalwart night was succeeded by a glorious dawn, we came to a halt at the gates of Fiume. There General Pittaluga, commanding the Italian troops, was awaiting us with an outraged air.

"What—you who are so wise are doing this?" he asked. "Don't you understand the gravity of the situation?"

"I am the master here, and I am going to pass," I told him, disdaining the bandy of words.

"Why, my troops will fire on you," he said. Whereupon I and all who heard him burst into peals of laughter.

"You have five minutes in which to let me pass," I replied.

"Pull your troops if they want a target I invite them to aim at my war wound, my medal, or my gold star for bravery."

Five minutes elapsed. We advanced. Not a shot was heard.

The entry into Fiume was the supreme moment of my life. Not a woman or child was encountered in the vast welcoming throng that did not bear a laurel branch in token of honor and love and gratitude.

I then at once undertook the arduous task of distributing my troops and putting into action a plan of defence which I myself had personally devised.

ALLIES WITHDREW PEACEFULLY.

By the 13th of September nothing remained for us to do but wait. All Allied troops withdrew peacefully. I summoned the Italian admiral, Casanova, who is an old friend of mine. I asked him to surrender and then imprisoned him, later sending him home with a safe conduct. He thanked me for his capture, saying:

"You have thus saved me from the supreme anguish of having to fire on my Italian brethren."

STATE GUARD STOPS "JAY WALKING"

Pedestrians in crossing the street must pass between white lines as shown above. This picture, taken at Park and Tremont streets, shows the traffic officer operating under the new regulations put into effect today.

No more "jay walking" in Boston. No more crossing the streets anywhere and any time you please on the downtown thoroughfares. The pedestrian must watch his step with care.

The new walking regulations were in effect today. Sidewalk traffic was permitted to cross the street only in the area marked off by white lines and then only when the traffic officer gave the signal.

The dead space area for foot traffic was established on the busiest corners and its success on the first day was more than had been expected, according to Colonel John Deckrow, who has been appointed chief of the new traffic squad. Pedestrians who had been in the habit of crossing the street at any point they found an opening in the line of vehicles smilingly complied when told to go to the end of the block and cross between the white lines.

Brigadier-General Samuel D. Parker, in command of the State Guard forces, and Colonel Deckrow say that today's results from the white line plan greatly reduced the traffic problem and its benefits are expected to be greater as the public becomes more accustomed to it.

Religion Foundation of All Peace, Bishop Anderson Warns

The Right Reverend Joseph G. Anderson, D. D., auxiliary bishop of the Boston diocese and rector of St. Peter's Church, Dorchester, who has just returned from the conclave of the bishops of the United States at Washington, counseled his parishioners to be temperate and moderate and to obey law and order, in speaking of the unrest in the world.

He told his parishioners that the nations of the world engaged in the world war to bring about peace.

"Peace will never come unless the aid of Jesus Christ, the Prince of Peace, is invoked. Revolution will not bring it about," he said.

He admonished the parishioners to be true to the teachings of the Catholic Church and to the laws formulated and laid down by Christ himself.

DENTAL TALKS FOR LEXINGTON PUPILS

Lexington, Sept. 29.—For the purpose of improving the health conditions among the school children of Lexington, the Lexington school department is co-operating with the Child Welfare League and the Red Cross.

Already arrangements have been completed for instituting dental inspections and a limited amount of free dental treatment through the co-operation of the local dentists and of the Forsythe Dental Infirmary.

A series of talks on this subject will be given in the schools at intervals throughout the year. These will be open for the parents as well as the children.

DR. CONRAD SAYS CITY OWES DEBT TO GUARD

Commending the State Guard for their work in maintaining law and order in the city during the police strike, the Rev. A. Z. Conrad, Ph. D., D. D., in the Park Street Church declared that the city of Boston could never repay in money the debt owed the guardsmen.

"A word of appreciation is due the Massachusetts State Guardsmen who so loyally supported our Governor and police commissioner," he said. "The city owes a debt to these men which never can be paid with money. It is a debt beyond all calculations."

COMB CATCHES FIRE, WOMAN IS BURNED

When a comb which she was using on her hair caught fire, Ella Farrar, fifty years old, of No. 81 Warren avenue, was severely burned about the hands and face. She is at the City Hospital.

MISS TAYLOR LEAVING ON ROUND-WORLD TRIP

Miss Elizabeth M. Taylor, for many years the only woman lawyer appointed a member of the Law Department of the City of Boston, has recently resigned her position and starts October first for a trip around the world.

Miss Taylor was tendered an informal reception by the Massachusetts Association of Women Lawyers at the Green Shutters on Malcolm place, Boston, at which twenty-five members were present. The president, Miss Sybil H. Holmes, in behalf of members of the association, presented Miss Taylor with parting gifts. Miss Marion L. Tyler entertained by reading an original poem dedicated to Miss Taylor.

TUESDAY

ALL DAY — MERCHANTS 10 STAMP — ALL DAY

Double Merchants Legal Stamps

This means a 5% discount on every dollar you spend here—in addition to the extraordinary savings offered.

GILCHRIST CO.

The Store of Progress

WAR MOVE BY SERBIA IS REPORTED

Rome, Sept. 29.—Serbia has ordered the frontier bordering Dalmatia closed for fifteen days, the Trieste correspondent of the Tempo reported today.

The rumor that Serbia has begun to move troops is said by the Trieste correspondent to have been confirmed.

The siege of Fiume by the Italians has become more rigorous. It is now learned that the steamer Neve, with 1,250 tons of flour on board consigned to points on the Istrian peninsula, carrying concealed Italian soldiers who compelled the captain to change his course and put into Fiume.

These soldiers were members of the famous Arditti, many of whom are with Captain Gabriele d'Annunzio.

London, Sept. 29.—An Exchange Telegraph dispatch from Rome today stated that the Italian Chamber of Deputies voted that Fiume should be granted to Italy at the same time that a vote of confidence was given to Premier Nitti's government.

Deputy Eugenio Chiesa, who has just returned from Fiume, has said it was impossible to describe the enthusiasm of the people over d'Annunzio's coup. The Italians at Fiume, declared Signor Chiesa, refuse to accept President Wilson's solution. Fiume is impregnable, added the deputy, although the people realize that terrible hardships are ahead.

New Asks Senate Probe of Landing of U. S. Naval Forces on Dalmatian Coast

By International News Service.

Washington, Sept. 29.—An investigation of the landing of American naval forces on the Dalmatian coast was asked by a resolution introduced in the Senate this afternoon by Senator New of Indiana.

The resolution declares that the press reports show that the orders for the landing were given by the British Admiralty, and asks the State Department for full information.

ELEVATED EMPLOYES GIVE TO IRISH FUND

Boston elevated employes, especially motormen and conductors, have demonstrated their sympathy for the cause of Irish freedom by contributions to a box subscription, which has just been taken up. The subscription, which was started by Daniel O'Connor, secretary-treasurer of the Thomas McDonough Branch, Friends of Irish Freedom, amounted to $1,827.85. The contribution box was passed around to the employes of the various carbarns. The treasurer of Local 589, Boston Carmen's Union, will send a check for the amount collected to the Irish Victory Fund national treasurer at New York.

LONG HOURS BIG BURDEN TO MINISTERS

Poor Pay Only Part of Their Hard Fight, Says Dr. Bowers, in Salem Sermon

Salem, Sept. 29.—Low pay is not the only trial of ministers, it was brought out in a sermon "Should Ministers Strike," by Rev. Dr. William W. Bowers of the Wesley Church here. Long hours is another.

"The average minister labors from 12 to 15 hours a day," declared Dr. Bowers. "The pastor who spends less than seventy-two hours a week at his work is a slacker. Few day laborers would put as many hours at his task as the minister does.

"In addition the minister must work for a miserable wage, which was low enough five years ago, but since that time has been cut in two by the rising cost of living. And yet the minister must not strike.

Dr. Bowers took for his text the seventh chapter of Luke, 10: "A Laborer is Worthy of His Hire."

"The ministerial calling has never been lucrative and never should be," he declared, "yet it is a sad state when it fails to the financial straits it is in today.

"The church should be ashamed to allow its ministers to go along on short rations. But I have no regret for those pastors who would desert their flocks. We must bear and suffer."

Newsprint Production

Production of newsprint in this country during August is reported by the Federal Trade Commission to have totalled 113,413 tons, or 21% tons less than during the corresponding month last year. Production for eight months amounted to 898,483 tons, against 857,168.

Jordan Marsh Company

Notes Around the Store

Mme. Coates is coming October 6.

* * *

Her Dressmaking and Millinery courses will commence on that date.

* * *

Inquiries and enrolments are being received now at the Smallwares section. The price is 5.00 for a course of twelve lessons in dressmaking or millinery.

* * *

Mme. Coates, who has just arrived from Paris, will explain the courses in two free lectures to be given Monday and Tuesday, October 6 and 7, at 2:30 P. M., in our Exhibition room, 7th floor, Annex.

* * *

Those who wish to consult our Shopping Counsellor are reminded that the Bureau of Individual Attention, where she is to be found, has been relocated in the Gown Salon, just to the right of the elevators.

* * *

Do you visit our Great Basement Store frequently? Remember that exceptional values in less expensive merchandise are to be found there every day.

* * *

Blue embroidered sheiing of white cambric, dainty enough to please the most fastidious housekeeper, is to be found in our Hamburgs section, 4th floor, Main Store.

* * *

We were looking about among the blouses recently and discovered some hand-made French ones offered at 7.50—they were slightly soiled. It pays to look about. Splendid values, in lots too small to advertise, are often the reward.

Jordan Marsh Company

BROCKTON FAIR UNDER WAY TOMORROW

New England Governors and Foreign Consuls to Attend on Friday

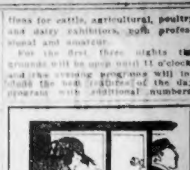
With Brockton and the adjacent countryside for miles around well placarded with posters and signs showing the road to Brockton, everything is in readiness for the opening of the great fair there tomorrow.

The 53rd meeting of the Brockton Chamber of Commerce and Board Aids for the extended advertising by which they have reached the highway from Boston, Worcester, Providence and other points for the benefit of autoists making their way to the fair grounds.

There will be a grand opening of the famous fair at 9:30 a. m. tomorrow, and the entrances will have been thrown open to the public long before that time.

The program will include judging and racing of harness horses, horse show, high school athletic championship sports, folk dancing and pageantry in addition to the numerous competitions for cattle, agricultural, poultry and dairy exhibitions, both professional and amateur.

For the first three nights the grounds will be open until 11 o'clock, and the evening programs will include the best features of the day program with additional numbers.



at 6¢ Candy Please

Crisp, flavory sugar wafers —please every taste, satisfy every candy craving.

Assorted flavors, also Peppermint, Chocolate, Wintergreen and Cinnamon.

ONE OF 300 NECCO SWEETS

New England Confectionery Company
BOSTON, MASS.

JORDAN MARSH COMPANY — JORDAN, MARSH COMPANY

Fabrics of Elegance

Reflecting a Wealth of Beauty and Fashion

Heralding Fashion's most recent edict come the new Fall and Winter fabrics rich in colorings and marvelously beautiful in texture.

For suits and great coats there is a fascinating collection of heavy woolens—deep shades sharing honors with high colors. Evening gowns will take their place in every woman's wardrobe this season, and Fashion displays a wonderful choice of rich black materials and silks of radiant brilliance.

The importance of selecting Winter fabrics now is emphasized by the extreme difficulty of duplicating materials in stock at present—and by the constantly increasing prices.

Woolens for Coats, Suits and Dresses

Imported Velvet Corduroys—Fast pile for street wear, full line Fall shades, 27 inches wide. Priced a yard..2.50

Bolivia Coating—All pure wool, navy and brown, 54 inches wide. Priced a yard.....7.50

Two Toned Jersey Cloth—For suits and dresses, all pure wool, 54 inches wide. Priced a yard.....4.50

All Wool Velours—For suits and dresses, new Fall shades, 54 inches. Priced a yard.....5.00

Imported Tweed Suiting—Wide selection of mixtures, all wool, 54 inches wide. Priced a yard.....5.00

All Wool Mixed Coatings—Desirable for motor coats, 54 inches. Priced a yard.....4.00

All wool Fine Imperial Serge—For dresses; best shade of navy, 54 inches wide. Priced a yard.....3.95

All Wool Fine French Serge—For dresses; best shade navy, 42 inches wide. Priced a yard.....2.75

All Wool Velour Checks—For suits and skirts, several colors, 54 inches wide. Priced a yard.....4.50

All Wool Gabardine—For dresses and suits; dark navy blue, 40 inches wide. Priced a yard.....4.50

Silks for Gowns, Blouses and Wraps

Black Chiffon Taffeta—In a most desirable quality for afternoon frocks, 40 inches wide. Priced a yard.....2.85

Colonial Dress Satin—Excellent weight for afternoon dresses and suit blouses, 40 inches wide. Priced a yard..3.65

Black Satin Duchess—In a favorite Fall weight, suitable for street dresses and evening gowns, 36 inches wide. Priced a yard.....3.50

Imported Taffeta—In navy blue only; a splendid Winter weight and unusually good quality, 40 inches wide. Priced a yard.....4.75

Crepe Satin—For evening gowns. An exquisite fabric of rich lustre especially desirable for soft clinging models, 40 inches wide. Priced a yard.....3.95

Velveteen—In the fashionable Fall shades. The favorite fabric for the smart one-piece Winter dress. Priced a yard.....2.75 to 3.50

Silk Duvetyn—The pet fabric of fashion. Unusually rich soft shades and an exquisitely silky nap combine to make this material the supreme favorite for suits and coats, 36 inches wide. Priced a yard.....10.50
42 inches wide. Priced a yard.....13.50

Linings Durable and Beautiful

Printed All Silk Linings—36 and 40 inches wide. Handsome patterns and rich color combinations. Priced a yard, 2.50 to 4.00

All Silk and Silk and Cotton Brocades—36 inches wide, especially attractive and serviceable for fur coat lining. A wide selection of patterns and colorings. Priced a yard.....2.00 to 5.00

Printed Mercerized Sateens—36 inches wide, all new designs, four and five colors in each pattern; a most attractive lining. Priced a yard, 79c and 89c

Plain Sateens—Very much less than we could offer these goods if we had to buy on today's market. These are goods we ordered six months ago. A complete color line at each price. Priced a yard, 59c 69c and 79c

Plain Satins—36 inches wide, guaranteed to wear for two seasons. A complete line of colors in each quality. Priced a yard...1.59, 2.00 and 2.95

Printed Satins—36 inches wide, all the newest printings and combinations. Priced a yard.....2.00 and 2.25

Jordan Marsh Company

All charge purchases for the balance of this month will go on the October bill rendered November 1.

"HIGH LOVING" BEST FOR ALL, IS VERDICT

Many Readers Scorn Idea That Man and Wife Should Take "Vacations"

Do married folks need vacations to rest up after the strain of "high loving"?

Mrs. Josephine Preston Peabody Marks of Boston, poetess and mother, invented the quoted phrase, and says that married folks do. Following are the opinions of some Boston American readers:

WANTS CONTINUOUS LOVE.

Love Editor, Boston American:

I believe if every woman had as kind and loving a husband as I have been blessed with there would never even be a thought of wanting a rest from each other. My "high loving" is what keeps me living. Without it I would rather die. "KITTEN."

WOULD NOT CAUSE PAIN.

Love Editor, Boston American:

Love is a gift every one has, but it is a gift misunderstood by many. We love our parents dearly, and we are never tired to be with them.

Our love for a wife should exceed that for our parents; therefore, we should feel very happy with each other always and a separation ever so short should cause us pain. R. L. F.

Quincy.

WIFE HIS COMFORTER.

Love Editor, Boston American:

For ten years of married life I have had a companion, counsellor and comforter. My wife is also a friend. Most of my time, not occupied in getting a livelihood, is passed in her company. I should be sorry to hear from her any objection to this way of doing.

F. W. K., Brookline.

LIKES KIPLING'S IDEA.

women. I wonder if there is any.

Those married people who advocate that husbands and wives take occasional vacations from each other seem to be mostly women. I wonder if there is anything in that. Kipling says that a moment comes in the lives of all women, and most men, when the prospect of seeing one face across the table every day becomes intolerable. I wonder why he didn't say, "most women and all men." There must be something in that, too. GUILELESS.

"REST" NOT NECESSARY.

Love Editor, Boston American:

Just what is meant by "high loving" is not quite clear to me. It is my belief that any couple who have been married through pure love and not for the money either may possess or any other reason, will most assuredly be happy all their lives.

No matter what may be their faults, no matter whether they be drunkards or crooks, or honest and respectable, if theirs has been true love they will never tire of one another.

While it may be of some benefit to a married couple to be separated for a short while now and again, it is not at all necessary to sustain love. V. A. W.

BRIEF AND EMPHATIC.

Love Editor, Boston American:

Do the married need vacations from each other? No! Does human nature need a rest from "high loving"? No. Would they love each other better if they were together less? Mrs. Josephine Preston Peabody Marks says they would. Do you agree with this? No!

ANONYMOUS.

KEEP LOVE FIRE BURNING.

Love Editor, Boston American:

Should married folks take a vacation?

Most assuredly and emphatically yes. I speak from long experience; and my experience is one which very few enjoy, for the simple reason that they try to be too everlastingly married.

I tell you, sisters, it pays to give hubby a little leeway. Keep the reins of matrimony always well in hand, but slack up a little occasionally, only do it gradually so there'll be no shock which will cause him to take the bit in his teeth and bolt.

During the eighteen years of our married life we've enjoyed occasional vacational separations, once of two months' duration, at other times a week or a few days, only to come back keen for each other's society.

New acquaintanances take us for newlyweds. A BEVERLYITE.

WANTS EXPERT ADVICE.

Love Editor, Boston American:

Here are my views of the mistakes of married people: They don't take it serious enough in the right direction until it is too late.

What would solve the problem would be this: Let experts on this subject find out the best method of living from every standpoint for the three different classes, rich, middle and poor.

Love is a delicate thing, and so is a watch. If your watch gets out of order the first thing you do is to send it to an expert to be repaired; but when love gets out of order what do you do? You try to repair it yourself. What is the result? You put it out of order beyond repair; that means a new one, or to make it plain—a divorce.

Lets hope that some day we will all be experts on this subject, and if it ever comes, Mr. Divorce will die of heart failure.

ROLLING STONE.

PEANUT A FACTOR IN FIGHTING HIGH COSTS

Washington, Sept. 29.—The American peanut is being used in Canada to fight the high cost of living, and there has been a large increase in its importation in that country, according to figures received today by the Department of Commerce.

BOYS AND GIRLS ASKED TO KEEP UP SAVING

Secretary Glass Issues Appeal to Be Read in Schools Thrift Day, Oct. 3

Washington, Sept. 29.—Secretary of the Treasury Glass has written to the twenty or more schoolboys and girls of the nation urging them to acquire the habit of earning and saving money.

The letter is to be read in the schools in connection with "Thrift Day" exercises, Friday, October 3.

It is in part:

"In addressing the twenty million or more schoolboys and girls of the country, I am addressing the citizenship—the business and professional men and women, the producers and consumers and the home makers of only a few years hence. The responsibility of all the problems of our country ultimately will fall upon you.

"The spirit of patriotism and helpfulness which you displayed during the world war has proved your fitness for your future responsibility. Your record in production of needed materials during the war, your saving of food and money and your investment in government securities is a record of which every American citizen is justly proud.

"It is the earnest desire of your government that you should continue to practise and make permanent those same habits of industry and economy, that through your influence and example America may soon become a nation of savers and cease to be a wasteful nation; that this may be a nation of people who always save some part of their earnings, who spend money with greatest care and who invest what they save in some safe place."

FRENCH GIRL IS DELIGHTED TO STUDY AT B. U.

French girls, appointed to various American colleges for study, are scattered here and there all over the United States, to the joy of some and the sorrow of others. Mlle. Anna Marguerite Picard, appointed to Boston University, is glad that the 122 girls who came over with her this month on La France are thus separated. "I came here to speak English, not French," she told an American reporter.

Mlle. Picard, who speaks English very fluently, having studied it since she was eight years old, holds, besides several college degrees, the "licence es lettres" with special mention in English from La Sorbonne, the University of Paris. She has studied for a year in England, too, at Sheffield.

Last year there were about 100 French students who were fortunate enough to receive scholarships for study in American colleges. They were all so delighted with America when they returned that the other students all wanted to go to America, too. This year, with 100 scholarships to satisfy 300 girls, the committee of the Association of American Colleges was at a loss to know what to do.

BELA ORMO'S PROPHETIC PAINTINGS ON VIEW

A free exhibition of paintings by the Hungarian artist Bela Ormo, representing in symbolic and allegorical form the ravages of the great war, are open to the public daily in the big auditorium of Parker Memorial, South End.

These paintings are nearly life size and were all conceived and executed previous to 1914. They appear to the observer to be the result on a sensitive mind of the four years' nightmare, but in reality are purely prophetic, visions seen by one who saw only too plainly what the military system was bound to lead to. "The Tragedy of Brute Force" is the march of the spectre "Kultur" in five scenes done in vivid colors by the hand of an experienced and able artist.

FIVE INJURED AS AUTO DASHES INTO CROWD

Bedford, Sept. 29.—At least five persons, one of them a little girl and the others thought to be men, were injured here, when an automobile ran into a crowd of people on the North road, at the junction of Green street, at the Bedford-Billerica town line. Chief William Kenney of the Bedford police was able to secure the name of only one of the injured. He was Simon Pupus of the North road, who sustained scalp wounds which required a number of stitches. Leonard T. Richardson of 77 Austin street, Cambridge, was owner and operator of the machine that ran the people down. He claims something went wrong with his machine, and that he lost control of it.

CHARGE BOYS WITH THEFT OF LINGERIE

Brockton, Sept. 29.—John Vicario and Frank Spedea, each thirteen, were in the Brockton court today on the charge of stealing a traveling bag containing women's garments, a gold watch, war savings stamps and stock certificates from the automobile of Mrs. Mabel Wright at her home, No. 144 West Elm street, Brockton.

The lingerie has been recovered in woods near the city. The case will be heard Tuesday in the juvenile session.

W. R. C. GIVES SILK FLAGS TO SCHOOLS

Lexington, Sept. 29.—Through the patriotic efforts of the members of the George G. Meade Woman's Relief Corps, No. 97, of this town, the thirty rooms in the grammar schools of Lexington have each been decorated with new silk United States flags, replacing the old ones, many of which had become soiled and worn out. The corps supplied the grade schools of Lexington and Bedford with flags for many years.

H. H. Nourse Left $12,750

Henry H. Nourse of Marlboro left an estate valued at $12,750, of which $11,250 is in real estate and $2,500 in personal property.

What is

MONGOLIE?

Unless you have read the Paris letter in the October Bazar, Mongolie is probably as yet unknown to you. It's a fur! And it is the very newest pelt featured by the French furriers. But that is only one of the Paris innovations described by our Paris experts. Gowns are elaborately trimmed. Garniture is lavished to give the fabled splendor of an old French Court. And there are riots in color. Poiret, Paquin, Worth, Premet, Jenny, Martial et Armand, Boue Soeurs, Lelong et Fried are among the great Paris houses whose models, shown at the Paris openings, are pictured and described for you in the

—October Bazar.
At your dealers

Have you ever seen the Bazar's last minute sketches from Paris? These are hurried over by the last steamer to catch each issue. There are always 12 to 24 or more of these in every issue—See them in the
—October Bazar.

Are you an art lover?

Do you collect old furniture, paintings, silver, pottery — anything? You'll enjoy the article on rare Fans by the "Acquisitive Connoisseur" who discusses a different object of art in each issue of Bazar—and there are exceptional photographs of "Weld," the beautiful estate of Larz Anderson at Brookline, Mass.
in the October Bazar.
Buy your copy early.

What About

MUSIC

This Season?

Do you know that America will have a more extensive program than it has ever enjoyed before? Stars of many magnitudes are coming—some with whom you've long been familiar, others visiting us for the first time. To know all about the plans for the coming season, to be able to talk intimately and with assurance about coming events in opera and the concert, read "The Season's Musical Program" in the

—October Bazar.

Have you heard the last minute news from Paris about the

New Fashions For Fall?

Have you yearned to

DRESS YOUR CHILD DISTINCTIVELY?

It is an art! To avoid the spectacular and yet keep away from the commonplace is one of the most difficult things in the world. And so every issue of the Bazar devotes a page to exceptionally practical and distinctively smart juvenile models. Before you buy a new frock or coat or hat for the children, see "Warm frocks to foil Jack Frost," created by Miss E. M. A. Steinmetz, foremost fashion creator of America.

—October Bazar.
Buy early.

Jenny chooses clinging black velvet to attain the dignity and grace achieved in these charming frocks. Two of the 135 advance models in the October Bazar.

PANIERS

Rule the realm at the Paris openings but some self-determination is permitted

The Panier is an established fact! Achieved by no end of quaint devices it is to be seen in exaggerated or simple forms, in every Paris House. If the Panier does not become you, there are modifications that every woman can wear. Skirts are elaborate, but the new corsage is simpl and tight. But whatever your personal taste, you may select your new fall gowns from any of the 135 advance models portrayed and minutely described in the October Bazar with the comforting assurance that your choice will be in the most fashionable mode.

—October Bazar.
Buy Early. Edition Limited.

SLEEVES—

should be something besides long or short. Do you know what?

Very odd are the newest sleeves. One is quite without an underarm section — the straight top being fastened about the arm at the elbow by means of a decorative "chain." One sleeve is attached to the garment across the top only. Some sleeves are very tight at the top and flare steadily to the wrist, being very wide and open at the lower edge. One sleeve bulges suddenly below the elbow and is then abruptly tightened about the arm, giving the effect of a deep cuff. Some of the cloak sleeves are very wide, flaring slightly from shoulder to wrist.—From "The Advance Models of Poiret."

—October Bazar.
At your newsstand.

HATS—

Trimmed bewitchingly in ways we've never thought of.

It would be quite impossible not to feel at one's ease and look one's best in this charming Hermance model shown above. Midnight blue crushed velvet makes the becomingly tilted brim and crown. And under the brim is placed a cluster of the most gracefully curling white coque. — But wouldn't you like to see all the newest models and to know about the striking new ways that feathers and flowers and fruits are being used to trim them? 43 of the most fascinating new models are pictured and described for you in the

—October Bazar.
At your newsdealer's today.

"ALONG FIFTH AVENUE"

What is the Fashion news on the Avenue? Footgear that has a tendency to follow the Parisian fashion. New hats and wraps that are shown by the great houses. A new daytime gown that might easily be mistaken for a suit. Novel collars and unusual girdles. Then there's the new rage in Paris—black enameled jewelry paved with diamonds. One enterprising house on the Avenue has most charming examples of it—vanity cases and what not. These and any number of additional interesting things are pictured and described for you by the Gadabout in her regular article in the

—October Bazar.
Buy your copy early.

What is Fashion doing to

FURS?

To have yours in the latest mode consult the October Bazar.

There are new and fascinating muffs with as much individuality as a frock might have. Lovely wraps of stately elegance. And simpler things of the most graceful lines imaginable. Advance models from the leading houses and a double page of original designs from the inimitable Erte of Paris are in the

—October Bazar.
At your dealers.

Are you hunting that elusive thing called **CHARM?**

If you would have it in your draperies

READ ANNE DUNCAN

In your autumn house furnishing and decorating problems let Anne Duncan help you. Her department in the October Bazar, generously illustrated, is on the effective use of window draperies. And if you write Anne Duncan she will be glad to help you with suggestions and shop for you if you wish.

—October Bazar.
At all newsstands.

Here is a New Kind of

SHOPPING TRIP

Would you enjoy shopping for a suit or a frock in the most exclusive ateliers of Fifth Avenue this morning?—or for a hat in Paris?—or for chintzes in London?—or gorgeous silks in Yokohama?—or rugs and hangings in the bazaars of Teheran? Well, you can and you do not have to sail the perilous seas to do it. Just turn to the advertising pages of Harper's Bazar, wherein are the announcements of 417 advertisers, and before you are spread the best things from our own land and every other chosen by a connoisseur. You can see and know and buy the finest products of the world and never stir from your chaise-longue.

BLACK SHEEP! BLACK SHEEP!

a great new novel

by

MEREDITH NICHOLSON

starts in the October Bazar

Did you enjoy the "House of a Thousand Candles" and "The Port of Missing Men?" Then you will welcome this new novel by this great author. Fascinating, bewildering, adventure that brings you surprise after surprise. In addition you have in the October Bazar fiction by

Gouverneur Morris
Norval Richardson
Josephine Daskam Bacon
Mrs. Humphry Ward

Bear in mind that the Bazar brings you as many if not more fashions than any other magazine devoted exclusively to fashions—and gives you fiction, society and service in addition. October Bazar.

Buy your copy early.

5

of the

Friendliest People in New York

Have you a question about

FASHIONS

—write a note about it to Frances Potter at Harper's Bazar and you will receive her authoritative answer by return mail.

Do you want some one to

SHOP FOR YOU

—send a list of the things you want to Jane Jarvis, Manager of the Bazar's Personal Shopping Service, and she will delight to buy them for you.

Does

HOME DECORATION

—present a problem? Anne Duncan, Manager of the Bazar's Interior Decorating Service, will be glad to give you the benefit of her professional opinion, and also to shop for you.

Are you wondering about the choice of a

SCHOOL

—Kenneth N. Chambers, Director of the Bazar's School Bureau, who has personally visited all the better private schools of the country, can give intimate information that is rarely found in catalogs.

Do you want to buy a

DOG

—Frank Dole, judge, exhibitor and breeder for 35 years, and now Manager of Bazar's Dog Department, will see that you secure the best of the particular breed you want.

These 5 service editors will delight to serve every reader of the Bazar without charge. Address them at Harper's Bazar, 119 West 40th Street, New York.

Harper's Bazar

for October—the Big Fall Fashion Number—Contains all the features listed above—*and many more*—Now on sale at all newsstands.

"BLACK HAND" LETTER SENT TO KEITH

Lives of Brockton Shoe Man and Wife Threatened; Arrest Made

Brockton, Sept. 29.—Miner W. Thompson, sixty-six, a Thatcher street stone mason, was arraigned in court today on a charge of attempting to blackmail George E. Keith, head of the Walkover Shoe Company, through the medium of a blackhand letter.

He pleaded not guilty and was held in $5,000 bail for his hearing Tuesday before Judge W. A. Reed.

Thompson's arrest is declared by the police to have followed his visit to a spot in which Mr. Keith had been directed by the writer of the letter to place $250.

LIFE IS THREATENED.

"Conclusive" was turned over to the police by Mr. Keith immediately after he received it, on the morning of September 3. It read as follows:

"Leave the sum of $2,500 under the whitewashed stone on Thatcher street shown by the diagram at once or the life of you and your wife won't be worth a dime."

A crude representation of a hand was scrawled beneath the message. The diagram consisted of a map torn from the city directory upon which a red-inked line had been traced from a spot representing the Keith residence through Grove and Summer streets to a spot on Thatcher street. Here, between a white-washed post and a tree which had been daubed with white-wash, was the stone under which the money was to be deposited.

POLICE WATCH SPOT.

When Mr. Keith turned the letter over to the police they stuffed a pocketbook with paper and placed it under the stone, according to the directions. Watch was maintained over the spot and after Thompson had been seen by Policeman John A. Werner to approach the stone and examine the pocketbook he was questioned.

Thompson explained that he had seen two men examine the stone and that he had visited the spot later out of curiosity to ascertain what they had been about. The police accepted this explanation at the time but later, when, it is alleged, investigation of other clues led to Thompson's door, he was arrested.

Several times since Mr. Keith received the letter he has been called on the telephone and urged to comply with the writer's demands without further delay. Efforts of the police to trace these calls failed.

Thompson, who has a wife and three children, insists that he is entirely innocent and has retained counsel to fight his case.

MYSTIC VALLEY CLUBS TO RESUME LEAGUE

The Mystic Valley Interclub League has decided to resume its meetings. The league will organize for the season on Monday evening, October 6. The Kenwood and Malden clubs of Malden, the Melrose and Melrose Highlands clubs of Melrose, and the Medford club were represented at the preliminary meeting. Towards club of Woburn and the Clarendon intend to become members, and invitations to join have been extended to the Oxford club of Lynn, Central club of Somerville, Calumet club of Winchester, the Cottage Park club of Winthrop and the Arlington Boat club.

HUSBAND ASKS DIVORCE ON CHARGE OF CRUELTY

Raymond S. Bartlett of Cambridge has filed a suit for divorce against his wife, Mrs. Marguerite H. Bartlett of Winchester. They were married in Boston, January 20, 1904. He alleges cruel treatment and also asks for the custody of four children.

CHARGES WIFE LEFT HIM AFTER 2 YEARS WEDDED

George A. Connor of Cambridge has filed a suit for divorce against his wife, Mrs. Mabel F. Connor of Somerville. They were married in Cambridge, June 18, 1913, and have since lived there. He alleges desertion on May 12, 1915.

This Is Better Than Laxatives

One NR Tablet Each Night For A Week Will Correct Your Constipation and Make Constant Dosing Unnecessary. Try It.

Poor digestion and assimilation mean a poorly nourished body and low vitality. Poor elimination means clogged bowels, fermentation, putrifaction and the formation of poisonous gases which are absorbed by the blood and carried through the body.

The result is Nausea, headaches, dizziness, coated tongue, inactive liver, bilious attacks, loss of energy, nervousness, poor appetite, impoverished blood, sallow complexion, pimples, skin disease, and often times serious illness.

Ordinary laxatives, purges and cathartics—salts, oils, calomel and the like—may relieve for a few hours, but real, lasting benefit can only come through use of medicine that tones up and strengthens the digestive as well as the eliminative organs.

Get a 25c box of Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) and take one tablet each night for a week. Relief will follow the very first dose, but a few days will elapse before you feel and realize the fullest benefit. When you get straightened out and feel just right again you need not take medicine every day—an occasional NR Tablet will then keep your system in good condition and you will always feel your best. Remember, keeping well is easier and cheaper than getting well.

Nature's Remedy (NR Tablets) are sold, guaranteed and recommended by your druggist.

Nature's Remedy NR TABLETS NR Better than Pills For Liver Ills. GET A 25c Box

AMERICAN HEIRESS OFF TO PARIS FOR DIVORCE

© INTERNATIONAL

Mrs. Louise Cromwell Brooks, daughter of Mrs. E. T. Stotesbury, and popular in New York society circles, has sailed for France to bring a suit for divorce under the laws of that country, against Captain Walter B. Brooks, Jr. "Differences of temperament" is the barrier, according to the members of the two families, whose amicable relations will not be disturbed by the suit.

ROXBURY BABIES ON MILK DIET FOR TEST

Six Will Be Given One Quart a Day in Three Months' Experiment

The actual value, in pounds and ounces, of pure milk as a baby-builder will be the answer to an interesting experiment, to be started tomorrow by the Baby Hygiene Association. Six Boston babies, selected from the various nationalities in Roxbury, will be given one quart of pure milk each day for the next three months. During the test careful note will be made of the weight, measurements and general development of the little patients, and at the period the milk will be figured into pounds and ounces of living and breathing humanity.

The experiment will be carried on at the Roxbury Crossing station of the Baby Hygiene Association. Delivering healthier Boston babies to the schools is the aim of the association and the milk experiment is one of the well thought out tests.

The differences in professional opinion as to the actual value of milk as a baby builder has created interesting discussion in the medical profession, and the three months' test will go a great way toward answering the question.

FRANCE READY TO RATIFY TREATY OF VERSAILLES

Paris, Sept. 29.—The treaty of Versailles will be ratified by France this week, despite the long drawn-out criticism in the French Parliament. This much can be stated with a moderate degree of certainty, as a result of a careful canvass of leading politicians.

Clemenceau's speech is now beginning to be better understood as showing that the government intended to explain that the treaty was concluded with solidarity on the part of the allied and associated governments.

Houghton & Dutton Co.

A long step in reducing the cost of living

Double Stamps All-Day Tuesday

Instead of one Legal or Brown Stamp with every 10c worth purchased, you get two, which is in reality a cash discount of 5% on our already low prices.

Tremont Street Boylston Street

HOUGHTON & DUTTON Co

We Give and Redeem Legal and Brown Stamps

FEAR CHELSEA MAN HAS MET FOUL PLAY

Search for Jacob Rosen Has Been Without Results

The mysterious disappearance of Jacob Rosen of No. 129 Chestnut street, Chelsea, on September 15, has left his wife and four children prostrated with grief, for fear that he has met with foul play. On that day he left his home at about 10 a. m. to keep, as he told his wife, an appointment in Franklin, scheduled for 12 o'clock. Since leaving home he has not been seen or heard from by anyone who knows him.

He was supposed to take along with him a considerable sum of money for goods which he said he was to buy, but decided not to do so at the last moment. As far as can be determined he was not seen in Franklin on September 15, nor on September 13, another day when he was supposed to have been there.

He left home wearing a light gray mixture suit, a brown cap, a size 14 stiff collar, a blue tie, blue-striped white shirt, gray stockings, blue garters and brown shoes with broad toes, the shoes being stamped "Cooperative Shoe" on the inside. He was 5 feet 7 inches tall and had brown hair.

A thorough search has been made in the usual haunts of Rosen by detectives employed by his family, and their attorney, Samuel Barron, Jr., but without results.

Any information leading to the discovery of Rosen, dead or alive, will be generously rewarded and will be greatly appreciated by his distracted wife and children. They feel sure that he has met with some accident, or with foul play, since they are sure there was no reason for his leaving, willingly, a family of five who were entirely dependent upon him for support.

SOLDIERS' SERVICE BUREAU

W. T. B.—You are entitled to the State bonus. Applications can be secured by sending a self-addressed stamped envelope to this bureau, No. 1 Beacon street.

G. G. H.—Inasmuch as you were out of the State over six months you are not entitled to the State bonus. The fact that you were a minor when you enlisted does not have any effect on the requirements.

W. R. K.—You should communicate with Secretary Leo J. Spillane, American Legion Headquarters, No. 84 State street, Boston, with reference to securing information regarding the formation of A. L. Posts.

ROCHESTER READER.—The State of Michigan does not pay a bonus to its enlisted men.

J. H. P.—Neither Connecticut or Michigan have granted a bonus.

T. J. J.—You are not entitled to the State bonus because you were not on active duty.

H. P.—New Jersey has not granted a bonus.

L. E. W.—If the allottee received the government allowance for several months and at this time it was discovered that she was not entitled to it, the government could demand the allowance already paid her to be returned. If the mother of a deceased soldier received the allotment for several months after his death, the government will gladly make arrangements with her whereby this overpayment will not have to be returned. If she receive compensation the overpayment can be deducted from that.

ANXIOUS MOTHER.—You, as the dependent of a deceased sailor, are entitled to the $100 bonus. Send self-addressed stamped envelope for application to this Bureau, No. 1 Beacon street. Are you receiving your insurance and compensation regularly? If not, call at this Bureau.

O. J. R.—Write to the Chief Effects Bureau, Hoboken, New Jersey, give full information.

P. J. H.—You are entitled to the State bonus.

ARTHUR D.—You do not have to wait until you have been discharged to claim the $100 bonus. Send a self-addressed envelope stamped, to this Bureau, No. 1 Beacon street, for application.

W. T. S.—It depends upon your home address during your last enlistment. Your allotment should arrive any day now.

Will James W. Shea kindly call at this Bureau for the certificate of discharge which we have required from the War Department?

W. J. P.—All those who were on active duty during the war, on home service or foreign service, can join the American Legion. JOIN NOW.

A SAD MOTHER.—We haven't any record of the casual company you inquire about. For information regarding this soldier write to the Commanding Officer, Port of Embarkation, Hoboken, N. J.

NEWPORT SERGEANT.—You are entitled to the $100 bonus, but you are not entitled to the $10 bonus.

LIEUT. D. C. NEW BEDFORD.—The $10 a month gratuity was given to enlisted men only.

JAMES L.—Men with a dishonorable discharge are not entitled to the $100 bonus. If the discharge states that your conduct was bad, we do not believe that will disqualify you.

E. M. J.—You are entitled to the travel pay to either your bona fide home or to the place of your enlistment. Call at the Army Recruiting Station at Lowell for further information.

H. G. J.—Service with the foreign armies does not entitle you to the $100 bonus.

FRIENDLY AMERICAN.—You are entitled to the $100 bonus. You should receive it in about a month.

DROPS HUSBAND FOR FORTUNE IN AMERICA

Philadelphia Girl, Now German Baroness, to Sail for U. S. to Seek Divorce

By KARL H. VON WIEGAND,
Staff Correspondent of the Boston American.

Berlin, Sept. 29.—Baroness Boecklin von Boecklinsau, formerly Gertrude Herwind of Philadelphia, is reported to be the first American girl who has decided to give up her German husband for her American fortune seized during the war by the United States custodian of alien property.

According to a letter from Switzerland the baroness is reported to be about to sail for the United States with her son. She is said to have applied for a passport for the purpose of securing a divorce, and her passport was promptly granted, it is said.

WOUNDED AT MARNE.

Baron Boecklin von Boecklinsau, her husband, is an intimate friend of Prince Max von Baden. He was a captain in the Prussian guard and was severely wounded in the battle of the Marne.

Later he was attached to the Kaiser's headquarters, but his blind loyalty was more or less superseded by his liberal political tendencies and the fact that he had an Irish mother and an American wife.

Baroness von Boecklinsau, whose husband, a lieutenant general, was killed in the fighting with Spartacides in Munich, is said to have demanded that automatically with her husband's death she regained her American citizenship and that her seized property in America will be restored to her upon her return to the United States. She was Mabel Dillon.

ATTACK U. S. GOVERNMENT.

The fact that the United States Government will only return seized fortunes to American girls married to German, Austrian or Hungarian nationals upon proper proof that husband are dead or that they are divorced, is bitterly denounced by some of the American princesses, countesses and Baronesses, who do not want to divorce their husbands, particularly in cases where divorce is forbidden.

LYKNU POLISH

The one-cloth polish. Half time! Half work!

One brisk rub restores the beautiful, original finish.

Lyknu actually removes dirt—does not cover it up.

Use Little! Rub Dry!

LYKNU LIKE NEW

Jordan Marsh Company—Our Men's Store—Direct Entrances from Summer and Avon Streets

Men's and Young Men's Fall Clothes Question Is Answered Correctly Here

We can supply you with a full dress or a frock suit tailored by the makers of ultra fashionable clothes and you'll have the assurance that you are correctly dressed.

IT is evident to even a casual observer that more and more men are forming lasting friendship with apparel they get in our men's store.

WHEN a man keeps coming back to us season after season and expressing unreserved satisfaction we know we are doing more for that man than merely exchanging a suit of clothes for his money.

THIS store is continually planting the good clothes idea in the minds of men, and we supply the quality of clothes to perpetuate it in men who have already formed it. Come in and see these clothes that are four square in every fibre of materials and every stitch of making. We are ready to show you a splendid variety of the best clothes possible to buy.

WE'RE a little puffed up and enthusiastic about the good clothes and the good clothes *service* men and young men say they get here.

WE guarantee the price of everything we sell to be as low as, and in many instances lower than, the same article can be bought elsewhere in New England.

Suits are priced 29.50 to 75.00

Topcoats 22.50 to 45.00

We Are Exclusive Agents for **Society Brand Clothes** in Boston

Business Hours 9:00 to 5:30, Including Saturdays

Jordan Marsh Company

All Charge Purchases made Sept. 29 and 30 will go on the Oct. bill rendered Nov. 1

Mail and Telephone Orders Given Prompt Attention

AMERICAN SPORT SECTION

BUTLER TO BOX DOYLE AT LYNN

Triple A Dark This Week But Has Arranged Good Shows to Come Later

By JACK CONWAY.

Walter Butler, Revere welterweight, and Paul Doyle of this city should furnish a stirring contest when they clash in a twelve-round frolic at the Casino A. C. of Lynn Thursday night. This is the best attraction arranged by Frank Ducey since he took charge of the matchmaking end of the program at the Lynn club.

Doyle has been winning steadily since his tussle with Barney Adair. He defeated Young Goula, Chick West and Joe Welsh easily. Butler also has been traveling at a lively clip and believes his aggressive style of milling will prove too much for his opponent.

There will not be any snow at the Armory A. A. this week. Messrs. Murray, Lewis and McLean, however, will be back on the job with a card of bouts at the Grand Opera House a week from tomorrow night. Jimmy Hill, Australian lightweight, and Barney Adair of New York will furnish the excitement in the feature contest. On October 14 the Armory Club will stage a show in Mechanics Building. Charley Parker and Joe Tiplitz being booked to exchange blows.

Parker and Tiplitz are both young boxers. They are about equal in the matter of experience and should put up an even battle.

The winner of this engagement will probably receive an opportunity to meet Young Britt. The New Bedford boy made a big hit in New Orleans by his twenty-round victory over Pal Moran. Britt is fighting as well as he was over a year ago and should have an easy time disposing of most of the members of the lightweight division.

Philadelphia sporting writers and fans are making a drive against the methods of certain New York boxing managers. They declare the alleged wise birds from Big Broadway are injuring the ring game in Philadelphia. Not content with killing boxing in the State of New York a certain group of unscrupulous individuals would carry their work of destruction into other fields. New England promoters will do well to force the New Yorkers to dodge work by showing their men in parts far removed from this section of the country.

Eddie Mack called us on the telephone to state that he will soon be back in the boxing game with a band of blue-ribbon steppers. More than a score of boxers have asked to campaign under the Mack banner since the South End sporting impresario returned to the land of the brave after sending Fritz and his pals reeling back through the Argonne. Eddie, however, says he cannot afford to devote much of his time to third and fourth-raters, and as is only signing up boys who look as though they could get away from the barrier at a flying clip and remain out ahead of the field.

A few more managers of the Mack type would help the game hereabouts. He knows the boxing game and the ways of the fighting man. He also puts his men into the ring to win. There is not anything of the commercialized manager about Mack.

It seems that whenever the names of Young (Jake) Ahearn and Johnny Wilson are mentioned in the public prints the fans get the letter writing habit. Following Joe McCarthy's query about the weight of Johnny Wilson, we received the following missive in our mail:

"Jack Conway, Boston American:

"I attend all the fights in Boston and am willing to wager my last Summer's Kelly that Johnny Wilson is every bit as heavy as Harry Greb of Pittsburgh. And Greb admits he scales about 180 pounds. The Charlestown man outweighs Ahearn by at least twenty-five pounds.

(Signed) "A. J. K."

Box fighters are as sensitive about their weight as a young counter girl is over her age after she has kissed the twentieth milestone in her one-step through life.

You can't blame the girls, though, for being sensitive over little things like five and ten years. We have yet to meet a ball player, with the exception of Jawn Evers of Troy, who would admit he was past twenty-eight.

Then there's one of our merry young copy readers who says he is only forty-five and just remembers the time when Babylon did a Brodie.

All this has nothing to do with the kind of fight you start in a twenty-four-foot ring, but just tell some candy counter girl you know who uses rouge and such things that she looks as though she was a member of one of the welcoming committees which gave the boys the grand mitt when they came back from Santiago, and you'll think that Dempsey-Willard affair was a tank tea party.

Football Games Wanted

Football games are desired Friday afternoons or Saturdays by the Worcester Boy Scouts Troop 1. Average weight 95-108. At home or away. All expenses taken or given. Communicate with Roger Sherman, No. 14 Everett avenue, Winchester, or Winchester 227-W.

Roger Hornsby Wins Batting Honors in National League

Roger Hornsby, the star infielder of the St. Louis Cardinals, leads the National League batters for the 1919 season, which ended yesterday. The final averages, also the averages to date of the American League batsmen, follow:

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

Player.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Cobb	124	460	92	160	.381
Veach	139	559	87	199	.352
Jackson	139	517	89	161	.359
Sisler	132	512	94	176	.344
Tobin	127	484	54	159	.329

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

Player.	G.	A.B.	R.	H.	P.C.
Hornsby	138	512	96	163	.321
Roush	133	503	73	161	.320
Grob	122	448	80	138	.308
Stock	135	492	56	151	.307
Young	130	489	73	150	.307

CRIMSON ELEVEN HAS STRENUOUS WEEK AHEAD

Coaches to Keep Men Busy Getting Ready for B. C.—Much Fumbling Saturday

Harvard got down to brass tacks today in preparation for Saturday's game with Jim Fitzpatrick's Boston College eleven. The easy victory over Bates College instead of enthusing the Crimson coaches has caused them to fear that the team may become over confident in the games to come.

Harvard has lots still to rub off rough edges to file down in the next few weeks. The most noticeable weakness Saturday was the handling of punts. Murray, Casey, Horween and Swede Nelson each had a muff each to their discredit, although Casey recovered his miscue.

Against a more formidable opponent this sign of weakness would have been turned to account. But Bates found trouble enough starting her plays without trying to take the ball from Harvard and in addition proved a more grievous offender in muffing punts than the Crimson.

FOLLOWED BALL WELL.

Harvard followed the ball well. Keith Kane got a touchdown for his trouble in scooping up a punt on Bates' thirty-three-yard line. The first touchdown of the game by Ralph Horween was made possible when big Ned Weatherhead recovered a Bates fumble on the enemy's five-yard line. Swede Nelson intercepted a forward pass for a touchdown, and Philbin, Murray and Humphrey were among those present who followed the ball so closely that they picked it up when the other fellow weakened.

There is lots of room for improvement in the regular rushline. It did little Saturday as far as breaking through was concerned in the first half, but when the subs went in with the assistance of halfbacks Church and Hamilton, a march of sixty yards were made primarily on line plunges through the middle trio.

Eddie Casey's showing made the coaches feel good. The little halfback starting cutting capers early in the season, and connected with forty-three and sixty-six-yard runs for touchdowns. Weakness on the part of the rushline supposed to protect him prevented Casey from several good plunges off tackle. It looks like a Casey year.

HORWEEN OFF FORM.

Ralph Horween played good football, but was way off form in shooting at the goals. He made a touchdown, and intercepted one forward pass. In addition he punted strongly. On the other hand Horween fell down on three tries for field goals, one of which was from placement. Charlie Brickley is expected at Harvard next week and will then give Horween a few tips on how to kick successfully.

The work today on Soldiers Field was to be light. The big blackboard is set in place for the long talk that is to be given the men on the glaring faults shown in Saturday's game. Coach Fisher will weild the pointer. Rough work will not start until tomorrow.

Harvard will have to prepare a defense for the aerial play and more open attack Boston College is expected to spring Saturday. Then some guy will have to give particular attention to Captain Fitzpatrick and his drop kicking. Harvard doesn't expect to lose, but rather prefers to be safe than sorry.

YALE COACHES SATISFIED WITH PROGRESS OF TEAM

New Haven, Sept. 29.—The Elf football squad entered its last week of training before the opening game with Springfield Y. M. C. A. Saturday with the coaches well satisfied as to the progress made in the three weeks of advance work. A first eleven has already been picked by Coach Sharpe.

The backfield is causing the coaches more trouble than the line. Chet La Roche, pilot of the 1916 winning team, is an utter duffer with the varsity, but is being pressed hard by Herbie Kempton, captain and all-freshman quarterback of the 1920 team. Lay is playing left halfback. He will be remembered as the sensation of the 1921 freshman outfit.

The right halfback is Jim Neville of the 1916 team. He scored the touchdowns against Princeton and Harvard that season. Jim Braden, a wonderful drop-kicker, is playing fullback. He, too, was on Black's 1916 eleven. Three backfield candidates, namely, Aldrich, D. Welles, an brother of E. Welles, and Lynch, are trouble makers for the coaches at present.

INGALLS LOST TO YALE ELEVEN FOR SEASON

Injury to Knee Forces Crack End Rush to Give Up Football and Other Sports

New Haven, Ct., Sept. 29.—A medical examination of the knee of Dave Ingalls, the former Yale end, disclosed the fact that he will be out of football for this season, probably permanently. He injured his knee in broad jumping last Spring, but believed that it would recover its strength and agility by the time the football season opened. It is now certain that the injury will be permanent in nature. Ingalls played end runs at the St. Paul's School in Concord during his preparatory career. He was end rush on his freshman team and a varsity substitute at Yale before he entered military service.

He was the only American ace in naval aviation during the world war. Ingalls is one of the most brilliant hockey players in America, and was captain of the Yale team last Winter, which arranged practically no games because of the lack of a rink. He will be unable to play hockey this Winter, as well as football this Fall, making his injury doubly expensive to Yale's athletic outlook.

The discovery of Ingalls's exact condition is in keeping with the policy of Dr. Albert H. Sharpe, the new Yale athletic director, who has ordered a rigorous physical investigation into every candidate for the football squad. This has resulted in the disclosure of a number of war injuries which will render playing football unwise, and the candidates will in consequence leave the squad. Although they will be available in some cases for lighter branches of athletics.

Dr. Sharpe's policy is responsible for a merely nominal list of accidents since the squad reported less than three weeks ago. Nothing but muscle bruises, or a slight knee or ankle strain has occurred during the strenuous practise of a squad of 125 men.

ROXBURY LATIN TO PLAY SOX GAMES

Roxbury Latin School football team has arranged a schedule of six games this season, all contests being with private schools. The eleven opens Saturday against St. George's School and closes November 7 with the annual Noble and Greenough game.

Jack Hammond, fullback, has been elected captain to succeed Jack North, who resigned on account of poor health. Promising candidates are Kenneth Hill, Dick Moulton, Billy Littlefield, Ralph Gow, Tom Hoag and Lipp.

The schedule follows:

October 4, St. George's; 11, Milton Academy; 18, Powder Point; 25, Country Day; 21, Brown and Nichols; November 7, Noble & Greenough.

Dundee Not Leonard to Box Kloby on Columbus Day

Lawrence, Sept. 29.—The efforts of John F. Cuddy, Jr., local fight promoter, to land Benny Leonard for Young Kloby's opponent on Columbus Day here in the new arena failed, due to the fact that $20,000 for six rounds in Philadelphia looked better to Benny's manager than $10,000 for twelve rounds in Lawrence. It was stated by Cuddy that the match for Kloby October 13 is practically clinched with Johnny Dundee of New ork. The arena, which will accommodate about 15,000, will be ready in time for the fight.

Babe Ruth to Umpire Army-Navy Game At Malden

Babe Ruth will umpire the big Army and Navy baseball game and Lieutenant Madison P. Jeffery will fly above the grounds at the big holiday carnival at Ferryway Green, Malden, on October 13, in connection with Malden's welcome to returned service men.

COLLYER'S SELECTIONS

AT LATONIA.

1—Purdy, Manokin, Kauz.
2—Harrigan's Heir, Director James, Black Watch.
3—Blushing Beauty, Gallic Curel, Jap.
4—Sway, General Haig, John G.
5—Viva America, Buford, Rapid Dan.
6—The Swimmer, Virgo, Sterling.
7—Arravan, Paul, Col. Stevenson.

AT HAYRE DE GRACE.

1—Who Cares, Emerinite, Buckhorn.
2—Musket, Furmingdale, War Club.
3—Ina K., Holiday, Pinarth.
4—Azurlin, Fair entry, Histen On.
5—Virgin, Mating, Will Du.
6—Joan of Arc, Gala Dress, Zinnia.
7—Lord Herbert, Genevieve B., Belgrio.

AT JAMAICA.

1—Masked Dancer, Heck and Call, Shillelagh.
2—Nightstick, Ges, Capt. Dodge.
3—Hildreth entry, Hollister, The Boy.
4—Hildreth entry, Thunderstorm, Audacious.
5—Ges, Monomay, Grandy.
6—Arneneus, Irish Dream, Indiscretion.

Hooper with 4 Series Winners; Merkle with 5 Losers

The extremes in world's series experiences are furnished in the cases of Fred Merkle, the only player who has competed in series with three different clubs, and Harry Hooper of the Boston Red Sox, who has participated in four championship sets, always starring in outer department.

Merkle was with the Giants in the series of 1911, 1912 and 1913, all of which were lost by the New York club. In 1916 he played with Brooklyn and the Robins were defeated by the Red Sox. In 1918 Merkle was with the Cubs, who also lost in the big series.

Hooper was with the Red Sox teams of 1912, 1915, 1916 and 1918, all world's series winners. Incidentally Hooper helped to bring about the defeat of all three clubs on which Merkle has played in world's series.

'RABBIT' BREAKS COLLARBONE IN PRACTICE

Walter Johnson Subdues the Braves, 4 to 3, in Exhibition Game in New Haven

New Haven, Sept. 29. — "Rabbit" Maranville closed his baseball career for the season by breaking his collarbone in practice before a game in which the Boston Braves played a picked New Haven nine, for which Walter Johnson pitched.

Maranville's injury was received when he attempted the spectacular stunt of diving for a baseball as if it was a football, but landed heavily on his shoulder. He was taken to a hospital where the broken bone was set.

Rawlings played shortstop in the game, the Braves being defeated, 4 to 3.

Jack Johnson Wins Boxing Title in Bull Ring

Mexico City, Sept. 29.—In the same bull ring in this city where thousands of bulls have been slaughtered and scores of bull fighters have been killed and where Enrico Caruso will sing next Sunday, Jack Johnson knocked out Charles ("Kid") Cutler in the sixth round yesterday afternoon, winning the heavyweight championship of Mexico.

In a preliminary bout Paul Samson, an American, knocked out Honorato Castro, a Mexican, in the third round of what was to have been a fifteen-round fight.

EVERETT BOY TO LEAD THE BIG GREEN TEAM

Jackson N. Cannell Unanimously Chosen by Players Participating in Saturday's Game

Hanover, N. H., Sept. 29.—Jackson N. Cannell of Everett, Mass., was unanimously elected Captain of the Dartmouth football team at a meeting of the men who played in the Springfield game Saturday.

Headquarters Wins

Headquarters nine defeated the soldiers from Fort Williams, 5 to 1, in the service game at Braves Field.

Gompers to Be Guest of Comiskey at Big Games

Cincinnati, Sept. 29.—The special train that brings Charlie Comiskey, owner of the Chicago White Sox, to Cincinnati for the opening game of the world's series, will have a distinguished company on board. Among the number will be Samuel Gompers, who says he wouldn't miss the series for the world. Frank Chance and Barney Dreyfuss, who have been on an automobile tour by train and together, will be on hand to occupy seats in the series side by side. It was on the special will be Ja[illegible] upport and Tri Huston, owners of the New York Yankees, w[illegible] having had some recent imp[illegible] at business in Chicago, are bo[illegible]ed from that city to Cincinnati [illegible]ican from New York direct. Harry Frazee, who has been in Chicago on theatrical affairs, will be another member

Camel CIGARETTES

Your enthusiasm for Camels will steadily increase!

Camels will not tire your taste, no matter how liberally you smoke! And, each puff will add just a little more to the joy and contentment the wonderfully refreshing Camel flavor hands out so lavishly!

Camels are unique—*a real cigarette revelation!* That's due to their quality and to the unusual and expert blend of choice Turkish and choice Domestic tobaccos!

Once you know Camels you'll prefer their blend—and what it gives you—*the most fascinatingly mellow-mild-body ever realized in a cigarette*—to either kind of tobacco smoked straight!

You'll enjoy Camels freedom from any unpleasant cigaretty aftertaste and from any unpleasant cigaretty odor.

And, the longer you smoke Camels the more you'll appreciate that they are *made to meet your taste!*

Compare Camels with any cigarette in the world at any price!

18 cents a package

Camels are sold everywhere in scientifically sealed packages of 20 cigarettes; or ten packages (200 cigarettes) in glassine-paper-covered carton. We strongly recommend this carton for the home or office supply or when you travel.

R. J. REYNOLDS TOBACCO CO.
Winston-Salem, N. C.

Indoor Sports

By Tad

Matter of Luck

REDS STRONGER IN BOX THAN WHITE SOX, SAYS FULLERTON

THIS is the tenth of a series of articles on the coming World Series between the White Sox and Reds, by Hugh S. Fullerton, baseball's greatest statistician. Mr. Fullerton will compare the rival players, size up the play of the two teams and name the probable winner of the great Fall sporting classic.

HOW THE RIVAL PITCHERS COMPARE.

	Offensive.	Defensive.	Total.
Chicago	719	891	1,610
Cincinnati	754	912	1,666

By HUGH S. FULLERTON.

Cincinnati shows a pitching superiority—for purposes of world's series comparison—over the Chicago White Sox. The critics who have been arguing that the Reds have a chance to beat the American Leaguers because of their superior pitching strength are, in a way, justified by the dope, but the superiority, for which so much has been claimed, gives no such assurance. In fact, the greater part of the points piled up to form the Reds' superiority is due to the attacking rather than the defensive strength of their pitchers, and it is upon pitching strength—defensive work—that the Reds must rely to overcome the undoubted superiority of the White Sox as an attacking club.

Considered man for man against each pitcher the White Sox look much stronger, and the closest examination of the pitching records fails to reveal any evidence of sufficient pitching strength to offset the difference.

In the dope Eddie Cicotte figures to be the most effective pitcher of the two teams. Eller ranks next, then we find the veteran Sallee and after him Williams, then Ring. And Reuther, Bill James, Jacque and Kerr.

But in calculating pitching strength of one team against another we must figure not on complete pitching staffs as we do in a season but upon the strength of the men who will do the work. Cicotte and Williams are to bear the brunt of the White Sox work, although Gleason may have a surprise or two up his sleeve. Moran in a pinch could start with any one of his left handers, but would not use Cicotte and Williams.

Undoubtedly he will use left handers against the Sox first because he is strong in left hitters. I imagine Moran will use just four pitchers and sandwich them, and the four will be Eller, Ring, Reuther and Sallee. It is certain that Cicotte will work two and in all probability three games in the series, and Williams two. Kerr may get a chance to start and if Gleason does not use James in a game if the series is soft it will be a surprise.

If Jamison gets away to a good start he will not retire Cicotte or Williams to the limit of endurance, but will take a chance with others, but if the Reds get the jump on the Sox Gleason has little choice but to fall back upon the two men who have won the championship for him.

The managers could make the doping problem much easier if they would but give us a hint as to which pitchers will work in the series. There is Faber, for instance, hero of the last series in which the White Sox took part, not figured upon at all in this because he has lacked control. If he should suddenly—what's the use?

PITCHERS CAN HIT.

The remarkable thing about the pitchers who will bear the brunt of the pitching this Fall is their hitting power. There are dangerous hitters among them, and Eller is a big factor in his own games, as is Cicotte when the pitching suits him.

The dope strongly indicates that the Reds will not hit Cicotte even as hard as he will be hit in his own league, but that Williams is up against a hard problem and will be tagged freely. The White Sox do not figure to hit Reuther who, if he has control, will give them all the trouble they are looking for. Eller will give the Sox trouble in one game only, and he figures to be hit hard whenever he tries again. As a matter of fact, if I were making a guess instead of depending upon cold figures for the dope, I would figure Jimmy Ring as the most liable of all the Red pitchers to work an all right game against the White Sox. The offensive trouble the Sox will reduce their natural hitting power to. Ring can pitch an unl... game. He is that kind, and he is just the kind of pitcher who worries a team at the plate now. That fast ... ing is a hard thing to solve.

The Sox have ... advantage in batting ... they are ... but ... baseball that ... master of ... and in private ... work. Cicotte and Williams are to bear the brunt of the White Sox work, although Gleason may have a surprise or two up his sleeve. Moran in a pinch could start with any one of his left handers, but would not use Cicotte and Williams.

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ALL OR NOTHING.

If Moran starts ... thing his best against Chicago at first and so ... he lessens his chances. That is he gambles all or nothing.

Then the real guessing match will start.

This concludes ... study of the teams, man by man against the other team's pitchers. In the next article we will compile the figures and see how the teams look in the aggregate comparison.

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Records for Week in Major Leagues

The week's record in each league of games played, won and lost, with runs, hits, errors, men left on bases and runs scored by opponents, including games of Saturday, September 28, is as follows:

NATIONAL LEAGUE.

	P	W	L	R	H	E	LOB	OR
Cincinnati	6	4	2	32	57	4	49	22
New York	7	4	3	37	74	8	60	32
Chicago	7	3	4	27	67	12	45	37
Pittsburgh	7	2	5	24	58	9	55	37
Brooklyn	7	2	5	17	49	10	54	36
Boston	7	3	4	31	60	6	54	34
St. Louis	7	3	4	21	50	4	44	17
Philadelphia	7	1	6	21	54	11	38	44

AMERICAN LEAGUE.

	P	W	L	R	H	E	LOB
Chicago	7	4	3	18	44	4	28	27
Cleveland	7	4	3	29	48	6	28	26
New York	7	4	3	31	60	8	52	31
Detroit	7	3	4	33	58	11	44	35
Boston	7	3	4	31	61	5	49	31
St. Louis	7	3	4	21	54	8	53	34
Washington	7	3	4	18	51	5	33	14
Philadelphia	7	0	7	4	27	6	24	23

RED SOX BEATEN IN LAST GAME OF SEASON

Washington, Sept. 29—The game between the Red Sox and Senators ending the 1919 season for both clubs, found Boston getting the verdict, 3 to 2. In expectation of seeing Babe Ruth in a pitching box role, quite a large crowd turned out, but the big fellow had gone to Bad Axe.

[illegible] Boston [illegible] Ruth [illegible] Red Sox [illegible] Lamar and Ruether, the latter swinging [illegible] Washington [illegible] Ruth [illegible] Ruth [illegible] Ruth

This Day in History—September 29, 1919

THIS is the anniversary of the establishment in 1789 by Congress of a regular army, regular strength 840 men. Until 1901 the regular army never exceeded 63,000 men. In that year a force of 100,000 men was authorized. Our ability to put trained men in the field at short notice won the great war for the allies.

Infinite Toil Would Not Enable You to Sweep Away a Mist

Magazine Page

Some Holy Cities

ALLAHABAD is the holy city of the Indian Mohammedans. Benares is the holy city of the Hindus, while Cuzco is that of the ancient Incas. Jerusalem is the holy city of the Jews and Christians. Mecca, Medina and Damascus have first place in the affections of the Mohammedans. Moscow and Kieff are the holy cities of Russians.

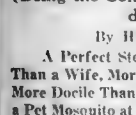
Mrs. Solomon Says---

(Being the Confessions of the Seven-Hundredth Wife)

By HELEN ROWLAND

A Perfect Stenographer Is More Profitable Than a Wife, More Comforting Than a Mother, More Docile Than a Sweetheart—and Rarer Than a Pet Mosquito at a Summer Resort.

A PERFECT Stenographer, who can [illegible]
For, her price is far above rubies.
The heart of her Employer responds to her, and [illegible] shall have no lack of good jobs, and compliments [illegible]



[illegible] as a bathing-beauty parlor, nor is [illegible] lowering of her lo[illegible]

[illegible] she arriveth always BEFORE the appointed hour, and departeth not upon the sound of the gong. [illegible] staff as to let it be a [illegible] and [illegible] [illegible] duties.

[illegible] not be over shy [illegible] she giggle, yet [illegible] be [illegible] too busy to hearken patiently unto her employer's "jokes," nor to laugh thereat, howsoever they may weary her. She HATH a sense of humor.

She spreads one good cheer from afar and boldeth him with words of honey and grips of steel until her employer arriveth.

She filleth the office with sweetness and light, and conquereth the office-boy, transforming him from a friend of darkness into a Human Being, and from a beltan into a devoted slave.

She doth NOT look upon her as a short-cut to matrimony, neither doth she consider that "Success in Business" consisteth entirely in finding some man who will take her OUT of it.

She hath dove's eyes and a voice of velvet. She walketh more softly than a trained nurse. She jollyeth the Manager and admireth his CRAVATS.

Yea, verily, verily, she possesseth the fact of a divorce lawyer
The graciousness of a society hostess
The ability of Douglass Fairbanks
The lightning rapidity of a fireman
The patience of Griselda
The dignity of a boarding-school mistress
The coolness of a surgeon
The reticence of the Sphinx
The accuracy of a cash-girl
The acuteness of a mind-reader
The nerves of a clam
And the temper of an angel

Lo, whoso findeth one of these calleth himself blessed. Yet within the next month she departeth to be MARRIED.

For WHAT damsel possessing all the perfections of woman doth not choose rather to be a young man's Boss than an old man's Slave, and a poor man's Darling than a rich man's Office Appliance?

Go to, go to! A Perfect Stenographer, who can find one

And having found her, WHY shall he fondly believe that she shall REMAIN a stenographer all of her life, and that no man shall entice her away from him, with honeyed words, and offers of a soldid gold wedding ring and a Life [illegible]

SELAH.

Scarfs for Motoring

By Rita Stuyvesant

THE cool, crisp days of Autumn have brought the motorists out to enjoy the splendor of the country at this season. And with them have come the new motor scarfs for women. [illegible] and serviceable. While it is not a little too early for the shopping [illegible] coat, the evenings are chilly enough to warrant a wrap, and for this need we have the wool scarf. The better shops are showing these scarfs completed by a fetching motor cap, and when one wears a sk[illegible] of plaid and simple silk blouse she will have an unusually smart costume.

Tan wool is striped with green in a scarf measuring about two yards long and a half-yard wide. Deep fringe finishes the ends. [illegible] fringe [illegible] hanging down in the front where it is belted. Sometimes pat in pockets are also shown.

Rose and gray combined their charms into another smart scarf for motor wear. [illegible]

Advertisement.

New Method of Reducing Fat

A news item from abroad informs us that the American method of reducing a slim, trim figure is meeting [illegible] fashing success. This system, which has made such a [illegible] there, must be the Marmola Prescription Tablet method of reducing fat. It is safe to say that we have nothing better for this purpose in this country. Anything that will reduce the excess flesh two, three or four pounds a week, without injury to the stomach, the caustic of wrinkles, the harp of exciting or dozing the interference with one's meals is a mighty important and useful addition to civilization's necessities. Just as [illegible] catalogue of good results, however, follow the use of these Parisant, [illegible] and economical little fat-reducers. [illegible] any economical book on Marmola Prescription Tablets (Marmola) [illegible] famous prescription [illegible] any druggist or [illegible] The Marmola Co. 448 Woodward Ave., Detroit, Mich., for one of these booklets. [illegible] the number of [illegible] They are [illegible]

PIEDMONT
Peanut Oil

—makes a delicious salad dressing, is an economical shortening and fries "deep" without burning.

Ask for Piedmont

PEANUT OIL

Ashes to Ashes

DRAWN BY C. D. BATCHELOR

The Love Gambler

By Virginia Terhune Van de Water

CHAPTER LX

[illegible]

A Daily Recipe

By MONSIEUR CHARLES A. PERRAUDIN, Delmonico's Chef

Bearnaise Sauce

Put into a saucepan one gill of vinegar [illegible] ounces of chopped shallots; also a [illegible] peppercorns. Cover the saucepan with its lid and reduce the liquor almost completely. Then take it from the fire. Let the vinegar get slightly cold and afterward mix in with it four raw egg yolks. Season with salt and mignonette, and return it to a slow fire. Then incorporate into it slowly three ounces of clarified butter, stirring it continually in the meanwhile with a small whip. Now strain it through a sieve, whip it well, and mix with it a teaspoonful of chopped tarragon and some chopped parsley. Add to it a little "Glace de Viande" or beef juice reduction. This sauce should have the consistency of a mayonnaise sauce and can be made the same as above with half butter and half [illegible]

[illegible] sauce [illegible] with [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

KRAZY KAT

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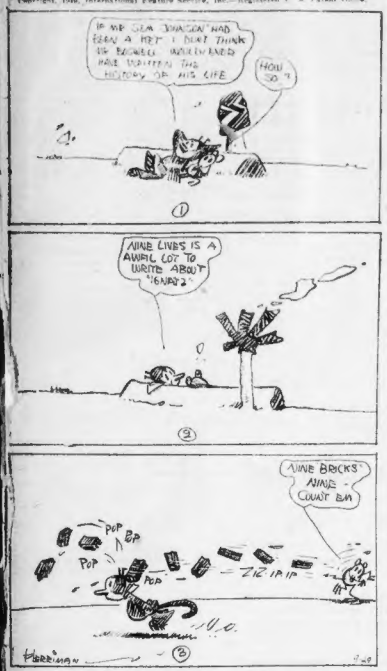
IF MR GEO. WASHINGTON HAD BEEN A KID I DON'T THINK HE WOULD HAVE WRITTEN THE HISTORY OF HIS LIFE
HOW SO ?
AIN'T LIVES IS A AWFUL LOT TO WRITE ABOUT YEAH ?
AIN'T BRICKS AIN'T - COUNT 'EM
POP
BP
POP
POP
ZIZ IP IP
U.O.
HERRIMAN

THEN THE FUN BEGAN

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I WISH I WUZ IN TO SEE THE GAME !
ME TOO
THE FINDER OF ANY BALL HIT OVER THIS FENCE WILL BE ADMITTED FREE FOR THE RETURN OF THE BALL
BRINKI

THE GENERAL

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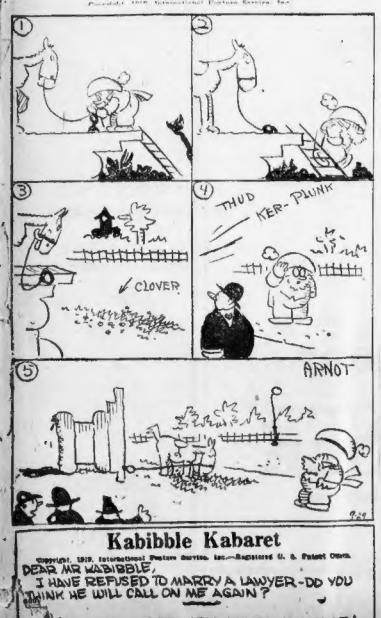

Kabibble Kabaret

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DEAR MR WABIBBLE,
I HAVE REFUSED TO MARRY A LAWYER - DO YOU THINK HE WILL CALL ON ME AGAIN ?

A GOOD LAWYER, HELL APPEAL HIS CASE!

IF HE'

BRINGING UF FATHER

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By George McManus

O—U THIS IS A BUM SHOW.
WHO SAID THE ROUND WORLD WAS SQUARE ?
Z-Z!
?
GIMME A SEAT PER EVERY NIGHT TO THIS SHOW AN KIN YOU TELL ME WHERE IT COMES FROM HERE.

JERRY ON THE JOB

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It's Pleasure When It's Out

GOSH - THERE'S BEEN A GOVERNMENT AGENT IN THERE RAWLIN OUT THE BOSS FOR AN HOUR + SOMETHING ABOUT TAXES
GEEE - MAYBE WE'RE ALL GOIN TO BE PINCHED! MIGOSH!
PRES
HERE'S A NEW LAW - IF A GUY IS GOING ON A PLEASURE TRIP HE'S GOTTA PAY AN AMUSEMENT TAX WHEN HE BUYS HIS TICKET—
YEAH?
GEEWIN! PLEASURE TAX - BUSINESS TAX - CARPET TAX - LUXURY TAX - SHOE TAX - HAT TAX - AX TAX - T-A-X - TAX WOW!
OOH - SUCH TOOTHACHE ! GIMME A JAUNT TO A NEW MONDUICK !! I GOTTA A DENTIST - OOOH
OWW!
WAIT A MINUTE — THIS IS TOO DEEP FOR ME...
IS A TOOTHACHE BUSINESS OR PLEASURE

ABIE THE AGENT

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Nothing Could Be Fairer Than That

OY, HOW I HATE TO GO IN COURT - BUT I GOT TO HELP SETTLE THAT MEYER AGAINST BENJAMIN SUIT!
MR KARIBBLE DID YOU EVER LEND BENJAMIN ANY MONEY - HOW OFTEN?
PLENTY TIMES.
AND YOU CONSIDER HIM AN HONEST MAN?
YEH
IN YOUR COMMENDATION OF BENJAMIN, DIDN'T YOU LOAN HIM A $50 - IS THAT TRUE?
YES - I TOLD HIM BENJAMIN WAS A HONEST MAN
WHY DID YOU RE-COMMEND BENJAMIN AS A VERY HONEST MAN?
HE IS - IF HE CAN'T PAY YOU BACK, HE COMES RIGHT TO YOU, AND TELLS YOU!

POLLY AND HER PALS

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Ashur Has Good Ideas—If They Work Out

Y'SAY MISS DOUGHBAGS HAS DOUBLED OUR RENT?
YEP, SHE DROVE UP IN HER CAR THIS AFTERNOON!
WE SIMPLY CAN'T PAY IT, PA!
NOT NECESSARILY, SHE WUNT, UNK!
SHE'LL PUT US OUT IN THE STREET THEN!
IS THIS HERE YOUNG LADY A "LOOKER"?
A PEACH!
THAT SETTLES IT. I'LL MARRY THE GAL!

US BOYS

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Shrimp Is Somebody's Nobody

GEE BUT I FEEL BLUE SINCE VAN DISAPPEARED FROM HIS "SAMATARIUM" SO SUDDEN LIKE!
WHAT DO YOU CARE! IT AIN'T NONNA YOUR BUSINESS!
YA WOULDN'T CATCH ME WORRYIN' OVER ANYTHIN LIKE THAT!
VAN TOLD ME A BIG SECRET JUST BEFORE HE DIS - APPEARED HE DID - IT'S A DREADFUL BIG SECRET. ONLY HIM AND ME KNOWS IT!
HUH?
NOPE NOPE, I PROMISED VAN I'D NEVER TELL ANY BODY - NOPE NOPE!
BUT LISTEN, I'M NOBODY - ASK ANYBODY IF I AIN'T NOBODY DON'T COUNT
WELL WOT? AFTER HIM TELL HE GETS IT. WATCH HIM!
TOM McNAMARA

HON AND DEARIE

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Hon Is a Hindenburg for Strategy

OOH DEARIE IT'S RAINING CATS AND DOGS.
DEAR ME HON! YOU'LL GET DRENCHED IF YOU GO OUT IN THAT
YOU WAIT HERE HON AND I'LL ASK MOTHER IF YOU CAN STAY HERE TO NIGHT. SHE MAY HAVE A PLACE FOR YOU.
MOTHER SAID SHE COULD STAY TILL SHE FIX A PLACE FOR YOU HON.
ALL RIGHT DEARIE.
IT'S ALL READY HON - WHY WHERE HAVE YOU BEEN? YOU'RE DRINKING WET
WHY I RAN HOME TO GET MY PAJAMAS!

Stocks Irregular in New York and Boston All the Morning

PUNTA ALEGRE STRONG AND ACTIVE

Reflects Sugar Shortage and Sells at High Record Price

The Boston market was irregular at the opening of the local exchange and did not vary from that condition during the forenoon. As a rule fluctuations were narrow, but a few issues had a fairly wide range. Punta Alegre Sugar was a feature here, advancing more than four points and to a highest record price. It reflected strength of sugar issues in New York, the prospect of a sugar shortage and much higher price for this necessity.

Other stocks to advance included Swift & Co., Swift International, International Products, Eastern Steamship, New River, New England Telephone, American Woolen preferred, Mont Butte, Seneca, Quincy and U. S. Smelting. Most of them were fractionally higher, but Swift & Co. was up two and International Products common seven points.

Among issues to decline were New Haven, Pond Creek, United Drug first preferred, National Leather, Carson Hill, Root & Van Dervoort, Gray & Davis, New Cornelia, Davis-Daly and Waltham Watch. Their morning losses were fractional.

SINCLAIR CONSOLIDATED AND ITS OIL RESOURCES

New York, Sept. 29.—Lyman D. Smith & Co. have issued a letter describing Sinclair Consolidated Oil Corporation's present and potential position in the oil world. The circular says the company is a successful integrated property with production, transportation, refining and marketing departments. It has several million acres oil and gas lands in the United States and other countries owned in fee or lease by concession. Thirty thousand acres are proved oil bearing lands of immense value.

Coal properties are owned in Illinois to supply refineries with fuel. Pipe lines are of the most modern type. When extensions are completed, lines will aggregate about 4,000 miles, now operating 2,443 miles of pipe and 1,743 miles of wire communication controlling the pipe lines. The corporation also has more than 10,000 steel storage tanks of a capacity of over 15,000,000 barrels completed and sea lading terminals in Mexico, Cuba and on the Atlantic coast.

The capacity of its refineries is about 50,000 barrels a day, or 18,250,000 barrels a year, which is being increased to 100,000 barrels a day or 36,500,000 a year, while the company has seven compounding plants and ning-head gasolene plants have a capacity of about 3,000 gallons a day or 19,950,000 gallons a year, more than 4,000 tank cars deliver the products to bulk stations. Hundreds of retailing stations are operated in this country. The company has a fleet of ships in the export trade.

THE TEN PAYMENT PLAN

Buy an Income Month by Month

Timely News on The Leading Stocks

will guide you in choosing the issues which offer the best opportunities for profitable investment now. In this respect

Our Weekly Market Review is Well Worth Reading

It analyzes the various elements that have created and may cause further fluctuation of prices and gives a table of dividends, yields and a comparison of current prices with those of 1917 and 1918.

Let us send you a sample copy also "The Ten Payment Plan" booklet showing how to purchase sound securities with small monthly savings.

Write for letter and booklet B A

E. M. Fuller & Co.

Members of Consolidated Stock Exch. of N. Y.

50 Broad Street, New York

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Dan Sonnentheil Co., Dept. A, Dallas, Texas.

Boston Stocks

Prices on the Boston Stock Exchange from the opening until 12:15 p. m. had the following range:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
Alaska Gold	2½	2½	2½	2½
Allouez	41	41	41	41
Am Sugar	140	143	140	143
Am Sugar pf	117½	117½	117	117
Am Tel & Tel	99	100	99½	99½
Am Woolen pf	106½	106½	106½	106½
Am Zinc pr	61	61	61	61
Anaconda	67¾	67¾	67¼	67¾
Beth Steel	104½	104½	104	104
Big Hunt Min	10½	10½	10½	10½
Boston Elevated	65	66	63	66
Boston & Maine	30	31	30	31
Carson Hill Min	26¾	26¾	26½	26½
Copper Range	51½	51½	51½	51½
Cr Pint Cement	15½	14	15½	15½
Davis-Daly	10½	10½	10½	10½
East Butte	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
East Boston	16½	16¾	16½	16¾
Edison Electric	145	145	145	145
Gray & Davis	43	43	43	43
In Port Cement	41½	41½	41½	41½
In Port Cement pf	24½	24½	24½	24½
Int Products Co	46	46	46	46
Int Products Co pf	77½	78¼	77½	78¼
Island Oil	7¾	8	7¾	8
Ker Lake	4¼	4¼	4¼	4¼
Libby McNeill	27	26½	27	26½
Mass Gas Co	93	93	93	93
Mass Gas Co pr	68½	68½	68½	68½
Mohawk	65	65	65	65
Mullin Body Corp	23	23	23	23
Nat Leather	19½	19½	19½	19½
N E Tel	94½	95	94½	94½
New Cornelia	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
New Haven RR	31½	32	31½	31¾
New River pf	60	60	60	60
Nipissing	11¾	11¾	11¾	11¾
Parish Bing Corp	40	40¾	39¾	40
Pond Creek Coal	27½	27¾	27	27¾
Punta Sugar	69¾	73¼	69¾	72½
Rts	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Quincy	68	68	68	68
Root Van Dervoort	46	46	45½	46½
Seneca Copper	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Shannon Copper	2¾	2¾	2¾	2¾
Stewart Mfg Co	91¾	91¾	90½	91¾
Superior & Boston	3¼	3¼	3¼	3¼
Swift & Co	117¾	118¼	117¾	118¼
Rts	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Swift International	57¾	57¾	56½	57¼
Trinity Copper	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
United Drug	159	160	158	160
United Drug 1st pr	53	53	52½	52½
United Fruit	105	106¼	104½	104¾
U S Shoe Machine	50¾	50¾	50¾	50¾
U S Smelting	73	73	72	72
U S Smelting pf	49¾	49¾	49¾	49¾
U S Steel	105¾	106¾	105	105
Utah Metals	3¾	3¾	3¾	4
Ventura Oil	18¾	18¾	18	18
Waldorf System	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Waltham Watch	30¼	30¼	30¼	30¼
Walworth	21½	21½	21	21
Warren Bros	8	8	8	8
Warren Bros 1st pf	78	78	78	78

GOVERNMENT BONDS

Liberty 3½s	99 84	99 84	99 84	99 84
1st 4s 1932-47	95 04	95 04	95 04	95 04
2d 4s 1927-42	94 04	94 04	94 04	94 04
2d 4½s 1927-42	94 24	94 24	94 24	94 24
3d 4½s 1928	96 58	96 58	96 58	96 58
4th 4¼s 1933	94 40	94 56	94 54	94 54
Victory Notes 4¾s	99 74	99 90	99 74	99 74

BONDS

Am Tel & Tel 4s	81¾	81¾	81¾	81¾
New River 5s	80	80	80	80
Punta Sugar 6s	110	110½	110	110½

Boston Curb

Opening prices on the Boston Curb today were:

	Saturday's close	Today's opening
Allouez	31	30½
Am Oil	4	4
Arizona Silver	4¾	4¾
Black Hawk	86	86
Boston & Wyoming	25c	25c
Boston & Montana	1¾	1¾
Cascade	1¾	1¾
Chief Seneca Wright	33½	33½
First National	1 15-16	1 15-16
Gulfport	20c	20c
Hecla Divide	58c	58c
Iron Cap	12	12
Mohawk	70c	70c
Nixon Nevada	22c	22c
Pioneer	46c	46c
Ryan Park	2c	2c
Seneca Metals	27c	27c
S P Silver	62c	62c
Superior Oil	22c	22c
Texana	58c	57c
U S Steamship	4¾	4¾
United Verde	45¾	45¾
Verde Mines	7½	7½

New York Curb

Opening bid and ask prices on the New York Curb today were:

	Bid.	Ask.
Astoria	11¼	11¾
Am Bauxe	10⅜	10⅝
Cons Arizona	60¾	61¼
Cons Copper	5¼	5⅜
Codden Co	11⅝	12
General Asphalt	127	130
Glenrock	8	8¼
Hayden Chem	2¾	2⅞
Ker Lake	4¾	4⅞
Merritt	28¾	29¼
Mex Panuco	13¾	14¼
Morton Oil	4	4⅛
Newspt Rec	10¼	10½
Perfection	1⅞	1⅞
Philip Morris	11¼	12¼
Ref Candy	24	25
Rawol Tire	5¾	6
Sapulpa	2¾	2⅞
Submarine Boat	16	16⅛
Sweets	12¾	13¼
Unios Oil	30	32
United Picture	21¾	22¼
United Profit	4⅜	4½
U S Steamship	4¾	4¾
Vanadium	60¾	60¾
Vivadon	20	20
Victoria Oil	2¾	2¾
Willys	22¾	23¼

New York Sub-Treasury Gain

New York, Sept. 29.—The sub-treasury gained $671,000 from the banks on Saturday, making a cash net gain since Friday of $475,000.

STEELS LOWER SUGARS ARE STRONG

Oils and Equipments Recede, While Tire Issues Move Upward

By WILLIAM H. ROSS,
Financial Editor

Stocks were irregular in New York at noon, as they had been throughout the morning, but the majority were showing losses and the market tone was dull. Steels were leaders in the decline. At 12 o'clock U. S. Steel was off 1¾ at 102¼; Bethlehem B, ¾ at 104½; Crucible, 1⅝ at 213½; Lackawanna, ½ at 84¼, and Republic, 1⅜ at 83½.

Sugar issues were strong. American Sugar sold at its 1919 highest to date, advancing 6¾ to 145¾. American Beet, up 2¾ at 81½, and Cuba Cane 1¾ at 41⅝.

Among the oil and allied stocks were Baldwin Locomotive, Petroleum, Texas Co., Marine common, Tobacco Products, American Tobacco, Industrial Alcohol, U. S. Food Products, Utah Copper and Atlantic Gulf. They had declined from one to four points. Industrial Alcohol showing receding the furthest.

Strongest stocks included Central Leather, Famous Players, Kelly Springfield, Royal Dutch, U. S. Rubber and Corn Products. They had advanced from one to more than four points.

The market was active, first hour transactions totalling about 350,000 shares. Foreign exchange rates were firm. Call money was quoted at 6 per cent.

OPEN HIGHER AND REACT.

Prices were higher when the market opened, reviewing the list in its entirety, although there were weak spots at the start. The weakest issue was Bethlehem B, which began three points lower at 104. Steel receded fractionally. Crucible was strong at the beginning, selling first at 8 new highest record price, but suggested quickly, being off a point within fifteen minutes. Neither gains nor losses exceeded large on first transactions. After buying orders were executed bears offered stocks in considerable volume and the market reacted somewhat. Over Sunday demand was limited. The calling out of Bethlehem employes and Western firm news were calculated to keep the public out of the market. In professional circles sentiment was more bearish. It is feared that the British railway strike will add to labor unrest in this country. American labor leaders in this country are expected to make a supreme effort this week to break down the opposition of steel manufacturers.

Before the end of the first hour the market was rather weak. It was irregular in the second hour and had a heavy tone. Steels were inclined towards conservatism as regards commitments. They scanned bulletins from strike centers with the utmost interest. On the whole they regarded reports as reassuring. Many were of the opinion that the strike is waning. Others believe that the trouble is far from settlement and may be of long duration. The strike is regarded as a crucial struggle between mill operators and labor leaders and it is said that neither side can afford to lose. Desperation on the part of the losing side may mark the final stage of the conflict.

SUGAR SHORTAGE EXISTS.

According to a Chicago dispatch, President Eolapp of Beet Sugar Manufacturers' Association, also chairman of Sugar Distribution Committee of United States Sugar Equalization Board, says President Wilson will probably take no action in regard to having the government arrange for purchase of the Cuban sugar crop again next year. Cuban sugar interests have influenced their government to adopt "hands off" policy and are holding for higher prices than can get. There is a world shortage of sugar and as things stand the United States must bid against the world for 2,500,000 tons or more of Cuban raw sugar.

AMERICAN SUGAR CO. MAY BUY CUBAN ESTATE

It is stated that the American Sugar Refining Company has obtained an option for the purchase of one of the largest sugar producing estates in Cuba, it being located in the province of Camagüey and having capacity of from 500,000 to 600,000 bags of raw sugar, but has confined its operations to refining.

The company is planning to build a new refinery in Brooklyn to replace its present plant there. The present plant is the largest in the world, but it is proposed to build one as large, if not larger. It is said that it will cost $8,000,000.

Wall Street Briefs

The Bethlehem Motors Corporation has contracted for 5,000 motor trucks in England, the business totalling more than $1,000,000.

It is said that a recent audit of American Can shows earned per share of more than $180 per share on the company's common stock.

Corn Products earning during the first 1919 quarter were equal to $3.90 a share on common stock while second quarter earnings exceeded $8 per share.

For the fiscal year ended by January last, the American Smelting & Refining Company's surplus after charges and Federal taxes of $8,784,633, which is equal after preferred dividends to $42.52 a share on $7,000,000 common stock, against surplus of $8,303,505, or $102.70 a share in 1918.

Chicago Grain Market

Chicago, Sept. 29.—Corn opened 1c lower to 1½c higher. Oats were 1c lower to 1c higher. Provisions opened unchanged. Opening prices were: Corn—December, 1.25¾ to 1.26. May, 1.24 to 1.24⅜. Oats—September, 68½; December, 70¾ to 71; May, 73¼. Lard —September, 27.00.

Massachusetts Gas Cos

DIVIDEND ON COMMON SHARES

A dividend of 1¾% has been declared upon the Common Shares of the Massachusetts Gas Companies, payable November 1, 1919, to holders of record thereof on October 15, 1919.

E. M. RICHARDS, Treasurer.

New York Stocks

Prices on the New York Stock Exchange from the opening until 12:15 o'clock had the following range:

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
Adv Rumley	40	40	39½	39½
Ajax Rubber	71	71	71	71
Alaska Gold	92	93¼	92	92
Allis-Chalmers	46¾	46¾	46	46¾
Am Beet Sugar	82¾	85½	82¾	85½
Am Can	58½	58½	58	58½
Am Car & Fdry	133½	133½	132	133½
Am Cotton Oil	57	58	57	58
Am Drug Syn	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Am H & L	36¾	37¼	36¾	37
Am H & L pr	127½	129	1.7	127
Am Ice	48	48	48	48
Am Ice pf	71	71	71	71
Am Int Corp	100½	101¾	100	100½
Am Loco	99	100¾	107¾	99¾
Am Sm&Ref Corp	87¾	88¼	87½	88¼
Am Smelting	73¾	74¼	72¾	73¾
Am Steel Fdry	41¾	41¾	41	41¾
Am Snuff	137½	142½	137½	137½
Am Sugar	139	145	139	145
Am Sumatra	96	96	96	96
Am Tel & Tel	99¾	99¾	99¾	99¾
Am Tobacco	296	296	296	296
Am Woolen	119¾	119¾	119	119¾
Anaconda	68	68¼	67¾	67¾
Am Zinc	24	24¼	24	24¼
Anaconda	68	68¼	67¾	67¾
Associated Oil	93	94	93	93
Atchison	89½	90	89½	89½
Atlantic Gulf	163¾	164½	160	161¾
Baldwin Loco	98	98	102½	123
Balt Ohio	38½	39	38½	38½
Batopilas	1¾	1¾	1¾	1¾
Beth Motor Corp	28¾	28¾	28¼	28¼
Beth Steel B	102	105	102	105¾
Beth Steel 8 pf	113¾	114	113¾	114
Booth Fisheries	17¾	17¾	17¾	17¾
Brook R T	20¾	20¾	19¾	20
Butte Copper	19¾	19¾	19¾	19¾
Butte & Sup	28½	27¾	27¾	27¾
Butterick	29	29	29	29
Caddo Oil	35½	35½	35	35½
Cal Packing	69¾	69¾	69½	69¾
Cal Petrol	33¾	33¾	33¾	33¾
Cal Petrol pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Can Pacific	136¾	136¾	136¼	136¼
Central Leather	102½	104½	102½	104½
Cerro de Pasco	88½	88½	87¾	88¼
Chandler	291	291	291	291
Ches Ohio	57¾	57¾	56¾	56¾
Chic Gt W	10¾	10¾	10¾	10¾
Chic R I	28	27¾	27¾	27¾
Chi M & St P	42	42	42	42
Chi Mil & P pf	63¾	63¾	62¾	63¼
Chile	23½	23¾	23½	23½
Chino	42	42¾	42	42¾
Continental Candy	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Con I Cal	18¼	18¼	17¾	17¾
Con Prod	87½	89½	87¾	89½
Cont Can	74½	74½	74½	74½
Con Gas	92	92	92	92
Crucible Steel	208	213½	208	213¼
Cuban Am Sug	310	310	310	310
Cuba Cane Sugar	40¾	41½	39½	41¼
Cuba Cane Sug pf	85¾	85¾	85¾	85¾
Del & Hudson	104¾	105	104½	105
Denver R Gld	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
Endicott Johnson	108	114	108	114
Fam Players Corp	105	107¾	104½	107
Fak Rubber	46¾	47¾	46¾	46¾
Freeport Tex Co	49	49	48¾	48¾
Gaston Williams	20½	20½	20½	20½
Gen Cigar	81¾	82	81¾	82
Gen Motors	235	236	233	236
Goodrich	82¾	84	82	84
Greene-Can	42¾	42¾	42¼	42¾
Gt Northern Ore	45	45¾	45	45¾
Gt Nor Ry pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Gulf S Steel	64	67	63½	65
Haskell & B	63	63	63	63
Int Agr pf	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Interboro Cons	5½	5½	5½	5½
Int Harvester	133	133	133	133
Inspiration	60	60¾	59¾	60¼
Int Nickel	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Int Paper	69¾	69¾	67¾	67¾
Kelsey Wheel	92	92	92	92
Kelly-Springfield	141½	149	141½	141½
Keystone Tire	63	63	61	61
Kennecott	35¾	36¼	34¾	35¾
Lack Steel	84	84	84	84
Lehigh Val	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Maxwell	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Maxwell 1st pf	58¾	58¾	58¾	58¾
Mer Marine	56¼	56¾	56	56
Mer Marine pf	115¾	117¾	115¾	117
Met Petrole	211½	213½	210½	213
M K T	12¾	12¾	12¾	12¾
Midvale Steel	32¾	32¾	32¾	32¾
Mo Pacific	18¾	18¾	18¾	18¾
Mo Pacific pf	47¾	47¾	47¾	47¾
Nat Anilene Corp	62	62	62	62
Nat Conduit	16	16	16	16
Nat En & Stamp Co	72¾	73¼	72¼	72¾
Nevada Cons	16¾	16¾	16¾	16¾
New Haven	31¾	31¾	31½	31¾
New Orl T & M	46	46	46	46
No. Pacific	76¾	76¾	76½	76¾
Nova Steel	59	59	59	59
N. Y. Air Brke	125½	125½	125	125½
N Y Central	74	74	74	74
N Y Dock	35	35	35	35
Ohio Cities Gas	14¾	14¾	13¾	14¾
Oklahoma Pr Co	10	10½	10	10
Ont Silver	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾
Pan Am Petrol	118	118½	117½	118
Penn RR	43¾	43¾	43¾	43¾
Penn Sea Steel	42	42	41½	42
Philadelphia Co	35½	35½	35½	35½
Pierce-Arrow	24¾	25	24¾	25
Pierce Oil	21¾	21¾	21¾	21¾
Pitts Coal	64	64	63¾	64
Pitts & W Va	92	92	92	92
Pond Creek	27½	27¾	27	27¾
Pr Steel pf	85	85	85	85
Punta Sugar	70¼	73½	70	72½
Ry St Spring	99	99	99	99
Ray Cons	23¾	23¾	23¾	23¾
Reading	80¾	80¾	80½	80¾
Rep Iron & S	93¾	94	93	93¾
Rep I & S	93	94	93	93
Royal-Dutch	101½	104	100¾	103
Saxon Motor Car	19	20	19	19
Sinclair Con Oil	60¼	60¼	59½	60
Sloss-Sheffield	65	65	64½	65
So Railway	25¼	25¼	24¾	24¾
So Pacific	102¾	102¾	101½	102¼
St Louis & S F	19	19	18¾	19
Stromberg	82¾	82¾	79¾	82¾
Studebaker	120½	121	117¾	119¾
Superior Steel	41½	41½	41½	41½
Tenn Cop	13	13	13	13
Texas Co	274¾	277¾	274¾	277¾
Tex & Pac	31¾	31¾	31¾	31¾
Third Ave (N Y)	19½	19½	19½	19½
Tobacco Prod	102¼	102¼	102¼	102¼
Trans-Con Oil	55	55½	55	55
Un Alloy Stl	66	66	64½	65
Un Fruit	197	197	194½	196
Un Pacific	121½	123¼	121	123¼
U S Food Prod	73	73	71¾	71¾

SILVER SHORTAGE IS ADVANCING PRICE

It is estimated that the world's silver requirement is exceeding production at the rate of many million ounces a year and this is advancing the price of white metal. At the end of the week it was quoted at 62⅝ pence an ounce in London and at $1.18⅜ in New York. The price was a little higher during the week. It is believed that production will total much less in 1919 than it did last year.

The United States and Canada furnish about 60 per cent. of the world's supply. Mexico is another big producer. Labor troubles have reduced the output of the first named countries. Industrial strife has interfered with Mexican mining. The United States Treasury Department estimates production in 1918 in this country at 67,810,129 ounces, a decrease of 3,530,232 compared with 1917.

MILLIONS IN GOLD COMING TO AMERICA

While exports of gold from this country have been heavy this year, large imports are now expected. Kuhn, Loeb and Company already have received $2,000,000 from London and the National City Bank and other New York financial institutions are said to expect large amounts from Europe shortly. A big shipment is due to arrive on the Mauretania, it is stated. England has begun to settle balances by forwarding gold.

Cotton Market Opening

New York, Sept. 29.—Active Wall Street buying and a steady stock market prevented any material break from the effects of the coal strikes at the opening of the cotton market today. On Liverpool cables the market here should have opened about 100 points lower, whereas the prices were only off 11 to 29 points. At the end of fifteen minutes the first was about 45 points lower on October, 32.00, off 12; December, 32.02, off 11; January, 32.05, off 11; March, 32.45 to 32.46, off 29 to 25; May, 32.61, off 28.

Stocks	Open	High	Low	Latest
U S C I P	31½	31½	31½	31½
U S I Alcohol	127	127	126	126
Un Retail Stores	116¼	116½	109½	109½
U S Rub	116¼	119½	115	118¾
U S Smelting	72¼	72¾	71¾	72¼
U S Steel	106	106¼	104¾	104¾
U S Steel pf	114	114	114	114
Utah Copper	85	85¾	84½	85
Va Car Chem	80¾	80¾	80¾	80¾
Westinghouse	56	56½	55½	56
Wool & L E	174	174	173	174
White Mot	62¾	63	62	62¾
Wilson & Co	83½	83½	83½	83½
Willys-Overland	24¾	24¾	23¾	24¼
Worth P & M	83½	83¾	83½	83½

GOVERNMENT BONDS

Lib 3½s	100.02	100.06	100.02	100.02
2d 4s 1927-42	94 40	94 40	94 40	94 40
1st 4s 1932-47	95 70	95 70	95 70	95 70
1st 4½s 1932-47	96 70	95 70	95 70	95 70
2d 4½s 1927-42	94 46	94 46	94 42	94 46
3d 4½s 1928	96 46	96 46	96 46	96 46
4th 4¼s 1933	94 44	94 46	94 46	94 46
Victory 3¾s	99 96	99 96	99 96	99 96
Victory 4¼s	99 94	99 96	99 92	99 94

Sinclair Consolidated

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EASTERN STEAMSHIP LINES, INC.

NEW YORK

All the Way by Water via **$5.65**

CAPE COD CANAL. Leave Wharf, Battery Place, Ev. India Wharf, Daily & Sunday, 8 P.M.

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2 TRIPS A WEEK— **$5.18**

INCLUDES WAR TAX

Leaves India Wharf every Monday, Wednesday and Friday at 5 P. M. for Rockland, Camden and intermediate landings. Returns, leaves Bangor Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday at 5 P. M. for Boston and intermediate landings. Connections through Inland Lines for Bar Harbor and intermediate landings.

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INCLUDES WAR TAX and Irish open singer.

The work of the Legion in Boston is very well known by those who are in touch with the returned soldier. Its mantle covers all allied soldiers, French, Canadian, Italian and British, as well as American. It maintains an employment bureau which has arranged seventy-five jobs a week for soldiers for many months.

Also EASTPORT and LUBEC, MAINE. Central Wharf. Mon. & Fri. at 10 A. M.

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All Tickets and Information—Wharf, Foot of Central Wharf, Boston, Mass. 333 Washington St., tel. Fort Hill 4823.

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COLONIAL LINE 1916 Wash. St., Roxbury. Phone F. H. 2788

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BAY STATE LINE NEW YORK $43

STATEROOMS, $5.00. $4.40 and $6.15. Steel Steamships Georgia and Tennessee from Providence Pier 14, Tickets and Staterooms at South Station, Back Bay and Cambridge ticket office.

Used Cars and Accessories.

AUTOMOBILES WANTED FOR CASH

MUST BE LATE MODELS AND IN GOOD CONDITION

Highest Prices Paid

Bay State Motor Car Co.

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Everybody Gets Cash Here

If YOU have a car for sale, send or call our buyer will hand you real cash; don't fool with dealers, we buy all makes and models positively give you highest cash prices; no car too old or too new. Open evenings. Tel. TREMONT RUBBER TIRE CO., 11 Warren Av., Boston. Tel. Beach 6005, Gar. 2 Rear.

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REPAIRED promptly by expert mechanics; also radiators for sale and exchange; rebuilt Ford radiators for sale; we call for and deliver; Ford radiator core, $2.50; cut to repair. LION RADIATOR CO., 2018 Columbus av.

**1917

Real Estate Auctions.

JOHN C. KILEY & CO.
OFFER AT PUBLIC AUCTION
Thursday, October 2, 1919, at 3 O'Clock on the Premises

No. 52 Keswick st., Dorchester, 2-family house; 14 rooms, 2 baths, hard wood floors, open plumbing, gas; 3,577 sq. ft. of land. Needs little repair. 1st mortgage $7,000 2nd mortgage $1,750—5 years, payable $35 a month. This also two-family houses near Franklin Field, Tyndale Park, Dorchester High School on 3 nice streets, will go for the loan to hold above the mortgages.

October 4, 1919, at 2:15 O'Clock.

No. 41 Aspinwall road, Dorchester, near Codman sq., 10 rooms, 2 baths, steam heat, second floor; furnace heat floor. Rents $984 a year. First mortgage $4,000. 2nd mortgage $1,000—5 years, payable $35 a month. This is a corner house, large lot of land containing 5,000 sq. ft. A few hundred dollars buys this house, as it goes to the highest bidder.

A deposit of $200 in cash, certified check or savings bank book in the name of each of the above houses at time of sale. Papers to pass within 10 days from time of sale.

JOHN C. KILEY & CO.
18 TREMONT ST.

Real Estate—Miscellaneous.

PAINT Ready Mixed $1.75 Gal. Varnishes, Brushes, at Prices Less than Others Ask for catalog. SOUTH END HARDWARE CO. 1098 Washington and 1 Garland st., Boston

75,000 ROLLS WALL PAPER MUST be moved, terms, low order; chance for property owners who appreciate value. HICKEY'S, 180 Friend st., near North Station

PAINT $1.85 GAL. 82 Shades Kept for color card Varnishes at Lowest Prices CLIOT HARDWARE CO. 80 Portland St.

BUNGALOW, $335—$35 DOWN
BALANCE $8 a month; brand new, in grove on lake, near State road; handy to Boston; boating, bathing, fishing. P. O. 20. Boston American.

PAINT $1.65 a Gal. 49 Color card on request Varnishes at ½ price Falvey Paint Co.—56 Pearl St., 50 Canal St.

REFAPER makes wonderful and lasting weatherproofing up. HENRY HOSKINS & CO. Alfred Pasts Branch, 110 Summer St.

WINDOW SHADES
LOWEST prices in Boston; old rollers recovered. DODSON SHADE & AWNING CO., cor. Court and Sudbury, Haymarket sq.

$100 DOWN buys cottage; $650, $900, $1,000 lots, $120; Oak Island Furnished Bat., $15 month. 4 rooms, Revere. IRRIGO, 18 Tremont st.

$5 DOWN buys cottage; $650, $900, $1,000 lots, $120; Oak Island Furnished Bat., $15 month. 4 rooms, Revere. IRRIGO, 18 Tremont st.

$5 DOWN buys house for one or two families, $28 a month, or sell for $2,000, $200 down, $25 a month. Call J. S. RUSSO, 431 Old South bldg.

Real Estate—Belmont.

TO BUY, sell or insure, tel. Camb. 633 and ask WILLARD K. CHERRY; he probably knows. Address 880 Mass. av., Cambridge.

Real Estate—Brookline.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE
STRICTLY MODERN Brookline 3-family apartment house, leased for 3 years, excellent tenants, net 15 per cent. on equity; easy terms. Will consider property. Also for exchange, property netting respectively $1,000-$3,000 and $4,500 yearly. Houses fully protected. GEO. W. JOHNSTON, 1209 Beacon st., Brookline; tel. Brookline 2190.

Beautiful Brookline Residence
CONTAINING 10 rooms, also excellent bidwell room, everything in perfect condition; hard wood floors throughout; 4 fire-places, electric lights, etc.; almost 1,000 ft. of land; price reduced to $12,000; property cost over $20,000. Apply on premises, 63 University rd., Brookline, or to GEO. W. JOHNSTON, 1209 Beacon st., Brookline; tel. Brook. 2190.

Real Estate—Cambridge.

WANTED—In the vicinity of St. Germain st., Boston, 2 or 3 family house at once. Apply G 31, Boston American.

Real Estate—Dorchester.

WELLINGTON HILL
7-ROOM cottage house for sale. Electric lights, living room with fireplace, room for garage; unsurpassed street; ready for immediate occupancy. $1,500 cash required; rest on mortgage. Apply to owner, WELLINGTON HILLBORNE; tel. evenings, Fort. 1743-M.

ANOTHER BARGAIN—3-family house, 17 rooms, baths, all improvements, hot water heat, good repair; assessed $4,800, rented $511; price $4,200, $500 cash. E. D. PRESCOTT, 1 Dudley st.

3-FAMILY, 18 rooms, up to date, good American location; will be sold at a bargain price, $6,500, easy payments. M. ROBERTS, 9 School st.

Real Estate—Medford.

FOR SALE—Medford, 3-flat house, 15 rooms, open plumbing, good lot, just like new, rents $576, price $5,200. ALFRED C. HAUGH & BASSO, Inc., 8 Main st., Winter Hill, Somerville.

I HAVE some exceptionally good buys in single houses, prices $2,500 to $5,000; also have other bargains in Somerville. J. A. PLAISTED, Broadway, Somerville.; tel. Som. 3687 or 6231-W.

Real Estate—Somerville.

$500 DOWN, 4 and 5 rooms, 1-year old, electric lights; price $5,200. A.A. ELAHERTY.

$5,500—6 & 7 rooms, gas and furnace, easy terms. J. F. HALLORAN, 1 Broadway, Somerville; tel. Som. 3187 or 6231-W.

New house type 7-family house, every modern convenience, electric comb. range, separate heaters, all hardwood floors, one unit ready to occupy, price $5,200, $600 down; real bargain. Also 6-family house. HATCH & KNOWLES, 600 Broadway, Hall sq., W. Somerville.

FOR SALE—Somerville, 3-family house, 5 & 7 rooms, hardwood floors, $4,800, $1,000 down; also single house, Winter Hill, hot water heat, $4,500, terms. WALTER H. BLAKE, 3 Main st., Winter Hill, Somerville.

FOR SALE—2 houses, all improvements, 8,000 ft. of land, Winter Hill section; price $8,100, Tel. Somerville 3036-W or 2491.

Real Estate—Winthrop.

1-2-3-FAMILY houses, terms; land, room registers. MOORE, Highlands Sta.; tel. 1024-R.

Houses to Let.

10-ROOM house for one or two families, $28 a month, or sell for $2,000, $200 and $25 ton st. Boston. Call J. S. RUSSO, 431 Old South Bldg.

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WILMINGTON—$6,500; house, barn, 15 acres with horses, cows, chickens; crop ready to dig; main road, near depot. G 27, Boston American.

Storage.

BUR STORAGE WAREHOUSE.
842 Washington St., 202 Beach St.
Rooms 2 to 50; low rates. Licensed and Bonded.

NEW ENGLAND STORAGE WAREHOUSE, 1-3 Allston st. Tel. 1100 Beach. Luxury for customers. 2,000 stall-car rooms. $1.50 up.

Apartments—Back Bay

COLUMBUS AV., 270—Furnished 3-room suite, for light housekeeping; easy walking distance downtown. B, E. 7300.

Furnished Rooms—Beachmont.

BEACHMONT—3-room suite, $14. J. S. RUSSO, 431 Old South Bldg.

Apartments—Roxbury.

HOTEL GERELL, 34 Humboldt st.; 4-room suites, $14. Apply to JANITOR.

5-ROOM flat, all improvements, $15 per mo.; stable, $5. Dale st., Roxbury.

Apartments—South Boston.

BOSTON—12 Becker st., 6 rooms, hot water heat, $3 per week. Apply 24 Becker st.

Where to Dine.

PLAZA
RATHSKELLAR
419 Columbus Ave.
Lodging and club breakfast, $1.30. Wonderful table d'hote dinner. Special attention to dinner parties and banquets. Tel. 1310 Back Bay for reservations. Don't forget our Halloween party.

Apartments—South End

SOUTH END—3 and 4-room suites, $11 to $14. Call 2 E. St. RUSSO, 431 Old South Bldg.

3-4 ROOM furnished flat suite $2.50 to $3.25. Call 431 Old South Bldg.

Apartments—Winthrop.

STEAM HEATED
2 AND 3-rm. suites, bath and kitchenette, cent. hot water, electric and gas, janitor service, ready for immediate occupancy, $25 and $30 per month. Apply 36 Cutler st., near Winthrop Beach station.

Furnished Apartments.

EGMONT, 7-room up-to-date suite, GRIMES REAL ESTATE, 261 Washington av., Winthrop.

UPHAM'S CORNER—3 furnished rooms for light housekeeping, bath connected; heat and gas included; adults. Tel. Dorchester 4573-W.

Furnished Rooms — Miscellaneous.

HOTEL WATERSTON
5 BULFINCH PL.—Rooms for men, elec. lights and elevator, heart of city; rates, the best $1 each person also weekly rates.

LIBERTY HOTEL
NEWLY built for professional and travelers; 75c, $1 up day; special weekly rates. 39 Warrenton st., 1 to 5 Lagrange pl.

HOTEL ECHO
UP-TO-DATE, 15c day, $2.50 wk. on HOTEL ECHO, 408 Tremont st., 150 Boylston st.

APPLETON HOUSE, 416 Tremont st., rooms 50c day and $2.50 up week. Tel. 5827 Beach.

Furnished Rooms—Allston.

BEAUTIFULLY furnished room on Commonwealth av., large closet, private house. Brighton 1242-M.

Furnished Rooms—Back Bay.

BLACKWOOD ST., 12—Suite 7, furnished room, $5-25; telephone.

COMMONWEALTH AV., 704—Suite 20, for room overlooking Charles River. Tel. Bay. 1280 or see janitor.

WESTLAND AV., 73—Suite 2, large attractive room, continuous hot water, elec.

Furnished Rooms—Brookline.

COMMONWEALTH AV., 1026—Comfortably furnished room, very desirable.

Furnished Rooms—Dorchester.

DORCHESTER, 29 TRULL ST.
ROOMS TO LET, gentlemen only. Tel. 2264-M.

1 OR 2 ROOMS and kitchen, furnished, 16 Mill st., Dor., near Victory Plaza.

1, 2 OR 3 sunny rooms, furn. or unfurnished, Dorchester's best location. Bar. 1227-W.

ARCADIA ST., 28—2 rooms for light housekeeping.

Furnished Rooms—Roxbury.

ARE YOU looking for furnished room in Roxbury? Call at ROOM REGISTRY, 76 Waverly st.; tel. 1088 Rox.

3 NICELY furnished, steam heated, business people board. Tel. Roxbury 5805-M.

BARTLETT ST., 37—Sunny, steam-heated furnished front rooms, near Elevated; phone.

DUDLEY ST., 675—Large square room with 2 closets, for gentleman; running water, etc.; tel.

FOREST ST., 11A — Two large front connecting rooms, gas range; housekeeping.

HUMBOLDT AV., 6, suite 3—Front parlor or square room, $3.50. 1015-M.

WEST COTTAGE ST., 56—Furnished rooms to let for light housekeeping; tel.

Furnished Rooms—Somerville.

PEARL ST., 41—Furnished rooms 42; tel. Somerville 6267-W.

Furnished Rooms—South End.

SEE me for parlor, square, side and light housekeeping rooms; $1 UP. H. CONNAUGHTON, 48 Union Park; tel. P.

APPLETON ST., 71—Front light housekeeping rooms, $7 and $8; front light room, $5.50.

COLUMBUS AV., 317—Nice clean square room with kitchenette, also side room. Tel.

EAST BROOKLINE ST., 61—Nicely furnished rooms with board, clean and homelike.

EAST NEWTON ST., 61—Furnished rooms for housekeeping, also single rooms; reasonable; other rooms 41 up. Tel. Bay 6 M. B.

HUNTINGTON AV., 387—Nicely furnished rooms, steam heat, tel., respectable house.

RUTLAND SQ., 6—Front and side rooms, light housekeeping privileges, steam heat.

WORCESTER ST., 68—Sq. room, 2nd floor, hot water heat, light housekeeping, dishes, $3.75.

WASHINGTON ST., 1034—Furnished rooms, centrally located, steam heat, all improvements, $1.50, $1.75.

WEST BROOKLINE ST., 91—Side room $1, also 2 rooms single or connected, light housekeeping.

WEST CONCORD ST., 129—Dining room, kitchen privileges; also sq., side rms., $1.50 up.

WASHINGTON ST., 37—Attractive corner room, steam, private bath, electricity; telephone in every room; main house facing Franklin park; men only, $3—$6—$7 a week. Visitors welcome, traveling men accommodated.

Furnished Rooms—Watertown.

FURNISHED room, off mod. con., residential section, walking distance from Hoods or Arsenal; 15 min. to Park st. P 5, Boston American.

Furnished Rooms—Winthrop

ONE large, pleasant room, $2.25 week, in private family. Winthrop 317 M, near depot.

SUMMIT AV., 76—2 furnished rooms, connected, heated, kitchen privileges.

Board and Rooms.

NURSE will take patient in private home; MRS. H. T. WOOD, 2267 Wash. or Wyoming av., Melrose, Mass.; tel. 1236-M Melrose.

NICE, clean room with board, home cooking. MISS CULLINANE, 293 Columbus av.

FINE HOME for refined people; terms moderate. Tel. Dorchester 4573-W.

Female Help Wanted.

WANTED--WOMEN
FOR sorting papers; better working conditions and larger salaries now in force. Apply 286 Commercial st., City.

WAITRESSES
SEVERAL waitresses wanted at THE WADSWORTH, 10 Kenmore st., or Newbury st., Boston.

GIRL WANTED
FOR GENERAL work, typewriter and some knowledge of bookkeeping. Apply 2 Boylston st., Boston.

STITCHERS WANTED
EXP. stitchers on silk waists; only exp. need apply; highest salary paid. BYER MFG. CO., 79 Kneeland st.

GIRLS OVER 16
TO learn sewing on furniture; half day Sat. Permanent year round employment. MARDEN, MCLAUGHLIN & MARDEN, 19 Fayette st., Boston, Mass.

General Office Work
YOUNG girl, list pricing. Apply in person or 98 West Lenox st., Boston. Bay 8, Box 283.

STITCHERS
WANTED—On shirts. A. & B. MILLER, 121 Friend st., Boston.

ALL-ROUND bindery girls wanted; good pay, steady work. M. RUKIN, 16 Stanley st., Boston.

BOOKBINDERS WANTED—Two first-class operators on sewing machine; modern; one of town, steady positions; ideal working conditions; first-class wages. Apply to HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO., 4 Park st., Boston.

COOKS, waitresses, maids, waitresses, second maids, chambermaids, laundresses, 100 general housework, kitchen girls, chambermaids; 24 Boylston st.

EXPERIENCED girls on hair net goods; also girls to learn. MALDEN LEATHER GOODS CO., 162 Portland st., Boston.

EXPERIENCED salesgirl wanted in clock and dial line, steady position. Apply S, BURSKEIN, 70 Washington st., city, 3d floor.

EXPERIENCED woman 2nd pastry cook for delicatessen. 527 Columbus av.

Female Help Wanted

Wanted
Experienced Shoemakers and Girls 16 years of age and over, to Learn to Make Rubber Shoes.

Steady Work In An All The Year Business, Under The Finest Working Conditions, And With Desirable Associates. Good Pay From The Start And Steady Advancement In Earnings

One ten-cent fare from Scollay square, Boston, via Chelsea to either factory on the Melrose cars, Bay State Street Railway

APPLY AT EITHER FACTORY
BOSTON RUBBER SHOE CO.
Malden Melrose

WANTED
Thirty girls for various positions in our Fitting Department.
Experienced Shoemakers.
Girls over sixteen to learn tennis and rubber shoemaking.
Above positions, when experienced, pay from $16.00 to $23.50 per week.
Apply at our Employment Office.
8 BERKELEY ST., corner Warren av., BOSTON, or at BIGELOW AV., WATERTOWN.
HOOD RUBBER CO.

GIRLS WANTED
FOR ALL KINDS OF MILL WORK ON SWEATERS.
EXPERIENCE NOT NECESSARY.
48-HOUR WEEK.
STEADY WORK; GOOD PAY.
GENEROUS BONUS.
Take Charles River Car from Forest Hills. Apply
ARMSTRONG KNITTING MILLS
WEST ROXBURY

WANTED
Experienced Drawers-In
WEAVERS
AND
SEWERS
ON PIECE DYED WORSTEDS
APPLY
AETNA MILLS,
WATERTOWN, MASS.

VAMPERS
TOP STITCHERS
CLOSERS
and
GIRLS TO LEARN
Thomas G. Plant Co.
Cor. Centre and Richford Sts.
Jamaica Plain.
Strike on but no trouble.

GIRLS WANTED
14 TO 16 YEARS
TO MAKE TASSELS
Apply
Boston Braid Mfg. Co.
56 Thayer St., off 450 Harrison Av.

VAMPERS
THOMAS G. GOTSHALL SHOE CO., 76 Atherton St. Take elevator to Egleston Square station or phone Jamaica 61.

Operators; experienced straw operators on Wilcox and Gibbs machines; yearly positions guaranteed. Call 77 Summer st., room 50.

GIRLS WANTED
OVER 16 years, for clean, pleasant and well-paying factory work. Apply to
STANDARD ACTION CO.
4 OSBORNE STREET, CAMBRIDGE

MOTHERS
YOUR daughters have the best working conditions, light factory work, handling cards, for girls 16 and over; paid while learning; 48-hour week. Apply BOSTON INSPIRATION CARD CO., 113 and 115 Purchase st., ready for work at 8 a. m.

LAUNDRY HELP
FEEDERS, catchers and shakers. Apply CREAMER WORKS LAUNDRY CO., 59 West Newton st., Boston.

FIRST CLASS cook wanted at once, high wages. Apply HOTEL KEMPTON, 597 Tremont st., Boston.

GIRLS wanted for labeling room. Apply MR. HARTLEE, 52 House, B. & M. R. R., Rutherford av., Charlestown.

WANTED—Colored girl for dental office; salary $9; living in vicinity of Cambridge preferred. Address F 32, Boston American.

WANTED—Chambermaids and pantry women. Apply to MISS WARDWELL, Hotel Arlington, 16 Chandler st.

YOUNG lady for delicatessen store. 527 Columbus av.

ST. ELIOT ST.—Matrons charge of dairy, institution, college and school help; call 12 to 2 daily. MISS McCARTHY OFFICE.

Wanted Machine Stitchers
Also Small Girls to Cut Threads. Steady Work.
C. W. WHITE & CO., Inc.
See Mr. Hunter
99 Court Street, City.

PLEASANT and PROFITABLE WORK FOR GIRLS
Over 16 years old. Good pay while learning.
LOVELL & COVEL
128 FULTON ST.
CONFECTIONERS

Vampers
Top Stitchers
Lining Makers
Apply to
Geo. E. Keith Co.
288 A St., Boston, Mass.

Paper Box Workers
WANTED AT ONCE
Experienced Girls on Box Papering Machines.
Experienced Girls on Bench Work.
Experienced Cover Staying Machine Operators.
Girls Over 16 to Learn.
Good pay while learning, permanent; instructor furnished.
HOAGUE SPRAGUE CORP.
37 ALBANY ST., BOSTON

Several Young Lady Stenographers
Both experienced and inexperienced; also two typists. Replies treated confidentially. Address P 44, Boston American.

Handy Girls Wanted
FOR NEAT WORK in clean, orderly factory, close to Lynn & Boston. 11th HOUR MFG. DRESS CO., 796 Washington st., Boston Mass.

FANCY PACKERS
WANTED at once. Apply to CRUSSELL & CO., 113 Nordell st., Dorchester.

FORELADY WANTED
FOR an embroidery plant; must be energetic, 25 to 35 years old; apply immediately. F. MARESCA, 60 Summer st., Boston, Colonel & Co., 231 Hanover st., Boston.

STITCHERS
WANTED on white duck coats and aprons; new building, neat and sanitary conditions, steady work. EMPIRE MFG. CO., 587 Harrison av., Boston.

LAUNDRY HELP
FEEDERS and folders on mangle, markers and sorters on flat work, also ginger on collar and cuff starching. COMMONWEALTH LAUNDRY CO., 848 Franklin st., Cambridge.

Female Help Wanted.

Necco Sweets
New England Confectionery Co.
Conveniently located near the South Station, offers desirable positions to women 16 years and over.
Special attention given to the inexperienced at an attractive starting wage.
APPLY AT EMPLOYMENT BUREAU, 27 MELCHER STREET
NEW ENGLAND CONFECTIONERY CO.
253 SUMMER STREET BOSTON, MASS.

WOMEN
Experienced or inexperienced
PART TIME WORK
Morning or afternoon:
Mornings, 7:45 to 12
Afternoons, 12:45 to 5
APPLY TO
Lovell & Covel
128 FULTON ST.
CONFECTIONERS

GIRLS WANTED
To Wrap Caramels. Good Pay While Learning
WINCHESTER & CO.,
80 Beverly St., Boston

LAUNDRY HELP
MARKERS and pasters on flat work; good working conditions. FOREST HILLS LAUNDRY, 3 Boylston terrace, Forest Hills. Jamaica 2188-W.

LAUNDRY HELP
GIRLS wanted for flat and starch work; experienced preferred. LAUNDRY, 48 Geneva av., Roxbury, near Grove Hall.

GIRLS OVER 16 YRS. OLD WANTED
for part time work in our new factory.
Pleasant working conditions and recreational privileges. Apply at the Employment Bureau.
Boston Confectionery Co.
25 State St., Cambridge, Mass.

STITCHERS WANTED
Clean work, pleasant conditions, high price schedule, an all year industry —no layoffs; liberal guarantee to experienced stitchers.
A. J. TOWER COMPANY,
24 Simmons St.
Roxbury Crossing

GIRLS WANTED
TO TACK shoe shanks; paid while learning; steady work. EDISON FINISHING CO., 420 Broad way, So. Boston.

GIRLS WANTED
FOR light beach work, with hot iron; good pay; steady work. WHITE MFG. CO., 6 Harcourt st., Back Bay.

Male and Female Help Wanted.

NAUMKEAGER
Patent Leather Repairers
Russet Repairers
and Inexperienced Help Over 16 Years of Age.
APPLY
GEORGE E. KEITH CO.
EAST WEYMOUTH

Female Situations Wanted.

LAUNDRESS, washings to take home; good work. MRS. HAWKINS, 13 Arnold st.

WANTED—Laundry to take home. Apply by mail only. P. O. 211 West Canton st.

WANTED—Position day nurse and general housework; 2 in family. Address 1 Bay View st., Dorchester.

Female Help—Miscellaneous.

LADIES AND GENTLEMEN—We will train you for the movies, dramatic or vaudeville. Call or write, inclose stamp. 109 Boylston st., room 907.

Male Help Wanted.

BRICKLAYERS WANTED
LONG JOBS IN
FITCHBURG and LEOMINSTER
BRICKLAYERS 90c PER HOUR.
COME READY FOR WORK.
WILEY & FOSS,
FITCHBURG, MASS.

WANTED—LABORERS ON EXCAVATING WORK
Long Job. Working and living conditions of the very best. Apply HASSAN CRUSETIS OIL REFINING CO., Amesbury, Mass.

DRAFTSMEN
WITH experience on machinery and power plant work. Apply to THE CONVANT CO., Hyde Park.

MEAT CUTTER
WANTED, one who can handle a good portion; a good opportunity for right party. Apply to MAGEE, 508 Blue Hill av., Dorchester.

SHIRT IRONERS
ON all kinds of shirt work. Apply METROPOLITAN LAUNDRY CO., 60 Gridley st., Somerville.

SMART YOUNG MAN
WANTED to work in a cigar store. Apply MATTAPAN WHITE MARKET, 1 Blue Hill av., Mattapan, Mass.

Galvanized Iron Workers
FOR both roof and sheet metal work; experienced on ventilation work preferred. Apply to F. P. STURTEVANT CO., Hyde Park.

BOYS
FOR ERRANDS and shop work; must live in Brighton or Allston. Apply to McLAUGHLIN & CO., 1 Union sq., Brighton.

CARPENTERS
WANTED—185 Hemenway st., Boston; also one to take the lead of the bench. M. H. MACOMBER CO.

PLUMBERS
STEAM and furnace men, cast-iron and wrought; also helpers. J. F. WOODS & SON, Inc., city.

ALL kinds of house repairing to be done; prices right. Apply 1 Bay State rd., Boston.

BOOKBINDER WANTED to learn the trade; also a boy to learn the trade and run folding machine operated by foot power; steady position. Apply to HOUGHTON MIFFLIN CO., 4 Park st., Boston.

BUSS BOY wanted, $12 a week. Apply TARJAN'S LUNCH, 650 Massachusetts av., Cambridge.

KITCHEN man wanted in the evening. Apply to MR. KEMPTON, 597 Tremont st., Boston.

NEW ENGLAND CANDY CO. wants man to learn candy business; steady work; $20 to start. 122 Hamilton pl., Boston.

WANTED—Carpenter and joiner. FRANK HARLOW, Bridgewater, Mass.

WANTED—Experienced furniture movers and packers. Apply to MR. BRIGHAM, EXPRESS CO., 134 West Canton st

EDITORIAL PAGE OF THE BOSTON AMERICAN SEPTEMBER 29, 1919 BOSTON

Need Better Distribution if Prices Are to Fall

The plan for holding public markets that has been adopted in a number of our cities is in the direction which must be taken if we are to find some constructive and permanent solution of the high cost of living.

Invoking criminal law against the profiteers is, of course, the right thing to do when you catch a profiteer. But it is locking the barn door after the horse is stolen, and never does anything more than temporarily to palliate the situation. After we have knocked out the profiteer and suppressed his unreasonable profits we shall still have an unreasonably high cost of living without the profiteer, because we shall continue to do business wastefully.

Too many middlemen between the producer and consumer is a wasteful method of doing business and adds greatly to the cost of living. The farmer does not get too much for the food he produces. And yet food will be too high under the present system of marketing it, even if the middleman only gets a reasonable profit.

What we need in America is co-operation between the producer and the consumer, and co-operation between the State and the producer and the consumer and the producer, so that the cost of producing will be reduced in order that the farmer may be able to charge less for his products and yet retain a reasonable profit, and in order that the consumer may be enabled to pay less for the food he buys and yet pay the farmer what he ought to have.

The Germans worked out the problem of reducing the cost of production on the farm as they worked out a great many things in a way that makes our government seem less efficient. The Germans almost made two blades of grass grow upon their barren land where only one grew before, and they almost doubled the amount of food produced per acre by scientific fertilization under State instruction. Then the Germans aided the consumer by extending the parcels post to all kinds of farm products.

Now that the war is over, and it is no longer necessary to abuse the Germans and to forget their virtues and their great contributions to the world in the denunciation of the crimes of their military and predatory class, we can safely advocate the studying of the German method of agriculture and of the preservation of the forests.

Now let us give a word of advice to the farmer. He ought not to charge the public in dealing with it directly as much as the middleman charges, because he would be trying to get as much as the profiteer when he does. An immense business could be built up along the roadside with automobilists by those who have little farms, but the disposition is to charge just as much as one has to pay to have the farm products brought to his door by the middleman.

The disposition is for the producer to charge to the consumer not only the profits which he would get if he sold his goods to the middleman, but the profits the middleman gets too, and the consequence is that the farmer does not get the business which he should obtain. Co-operation is the secret of economy.

If the farmers would organize and inform themselves concerning the market for their produce and fix the price of their produce in the sales to the consumer at a level which will give them a reasonable profit and make it worth while for the consumer to buy directly of him, he would find it to his great advantage, and to the great advantage of the consumer.

Tribute to East Boston

A citizen of East Boston has called our attention to the fact that during the recent commotion which followed the suspension of the officers of the Policemen's Union and their consequent strike there was no disorder in East Boston.

That is notably so. East Boston was a law-abiding section that night. So, indeed, were the Italian and Jewish sections of the city.

But the American is not disposed to attribute disorderliness to those sections where disorder occurred, because the disorder was itinerant.

Nevertheless, if there were young thugs in East Boston their non-appearance was a tribute to Captain Hickey.

More Truth Than Poetry

VALETS ARE BECOMING EXPENSIVE, TOO

Pity the sorrows of the rich. It costs so much now to live in a $2,000,000 house and travel in a private car that Ogden Armour can't afford to buy new shoes.

PERHAPS WE ARE TO HAVE A BURLESON STAMP

A new Polish stamp bears a portrait of Paderewski. Some day they may put a picture of Caruso on whatever they use for an Italian dollar, but it looks now as if Lloyd George had lost his last chance to get a portrait of himself stamped upon the first Irish coin.

MAY BE THE ONLY FUN THEY HAVE

Some people keep on hating Germany so enthusiastically that one might suppose it was getting them something.

ALWAYS THE OTHER FELLOW

Many profiteers are called, but few answer "Here."

TOUCHING AFFECTION

Who can doubt the loyalty of the American people after hearing the applause when pictures of the dear little Prince of Wales are shown on the movie screens?

HE WOULD SPURN US, ANYHOW

"You and I must be able to shake hands with the capitalist or the day-laborer," says Lieutenant-Colonel Roosevelt. All right, Colonel, as long as you don't include the landlord.

WAIT, AND YOU'LL SEE

When the average woman meets St. Peter her first question will be: "Are there plenty of big closets here?"

WOULDN'T IT BE SAD IF THAT WERE THE CASE?

We are to find out at once why the cost of living is high. Many of us have supposed that we knew why all along, but perhaps we have been hating profiteers who ought to have possessed our affection.

WAIT TILL THE POETS ORGANIZE

The doctors are thinking of organizing themselves into a trade union, but they have not explained whether their purpose is to get higher fees or shorter hours.

Bringing It On Himself

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Ye TOWNE GOSSIP

Registered U. S. Patent Office.

By K. C. B.

FOR FORTY-EIGH hours.
AS I write this.
I HAVE had the hiccoughs.
AND FOR thirty-six hours.
UNTIL AN hour ago.
I HAVE been in bed.
AND AT the end.
OF THE first twelve hours.
OF MY hiccoughing period.
WE CALLED a doctor.
AND HE took my temperature.
AND FELT my pulse.
AND LOOKED at my tongue.
AND SAID to me:
"HOW DID they start?"
AND I said:
"WITH A hiccough."
AND HE looked very wise.
AND WENT to the phone.
AND CALLED the drug store.
AND ORDERED most everything.
EXCEPT THE kewpie dolls.
THAT THEY have in the window.
AND THEN went away.
AFTER TELLING my wife.
WHAT WE had to do.
WITH ALL of the stuff.
AND I took it all.
AND IN the morning.
A NEW doctor came.
AND I still had the hiccoughs.
AND THE first thing he did.
WAS TO ask my wife.
WHEN SHE'D noticed them first.
AND SHE might have told him.
THAT THE first she'd heard.
WAS A loud hiccough.
WHICH HAD ambled along.
WHEN MY mouth was opened.
BUT I don't think she did.
AND, ANYWAY.
HE TOOK my temperature.
AND FELT of my pulse.
AND LOOKED around.
SO THAT he might see.
WHAT THE other doctor.
HADN'T TELEPHONED for.
AND HE called up the drug store.
AND ORDERED the rest.
AND WENT away.
AND IN a little while.
THE STUFF came up.
AND I started to take it.
AND KEPT on taking it.
THROUGHOUT THE day.
AND INTO the night.
AND ALONG about midnight.
I WENT to sleep.
AND WHETHER I hiccoughed.
OF COURSE I don't know.
BUT WHEN morning came.
AND I opened my eyes.
THE HICCOUGHS came back.
AND I'LL say for the doctors.
IF THERE was anything else.
THE MATTER with me.
THEY'VE SURE cleaned it up.
BUT THEY haven't done anything
TO STOP the hiccoughs.
AND THEY'RE coming now.
ABOUT TWENTY to the minute.
WHICH I understand.
IN HICCOUGH circles
IS QUITE some speed.

I THANK you.

Letters to the Editor

Transportation Areas

The following letter has been sent to Chairman Charles G. Washburn of the Special Street Railway Commission of Massachusetts by Ralph S. Bauer.—Editor.

September 20.

Dear Mr. Washburn:

In last Saturday's Boston papers it was stated that the commission was considering favorably a plan to divide the State into "transportation areas," and,

First—Permit each area to so adjust the fares that receipts will take care of operating expenses, and, I take it, a return on the so-called "capital invested."

Second—When this fare adjustment did not do this, to take up any deficiency from assessment on the taxpayers of the district, and,

Third—If this failed, to permit public ownership as well as public operation.

Except for the proposed division of the State into so-called "transportation areas," the salient features of both proposed plan one and two are now in operation under public trustees in the case of the Boston Elevated and Bay State system. Neither of them are either satisfactory or successful. Why embrace in your recommendations those operating features that have already been repudiated by a large portion of the riding public of each of these systems?

I believe your "transportation area" theory looks practical, workable and efficient, but to apply operating plans to them that have already been weighed in the balance and found wanting is not getting anywhere, and the work of your commission, if it rests here, will not appeal to anyone as even a start at a solution.

If we must have a patented formula for this transportation allment, why not let the patients—the people of each transportation area—select by referendum vote whether they want plan one, plan two, or the public ownership plan three?

Then, if there is a mistake made, the people themselves will be responsible for it. Your proposed plan of making the people take the first two doses of this mysterious medicine mixture for their transportation ailment, before they can take the last, is neither good professional medical practice nor conducive to better health, because these ingredients have already been absorbed by the public on the Boston Elevated and Bay State system. In both cases nothing resembling a cure has been shown.

Your committee is an emergency board to prescribe a helpful remedy. To merely embody as the salient features of your plan one and plan two those that have already been shown to be unsatisfactory, is to invite further disaster.

It is unthinkable that taxpayers in general should make good a deficiency caused by operating street car properties that have been allowed to deteriorate for twenty-five years, and whose present physical condition is so worn out, obsolete and uneconomic to operate under any conditions that over 40 per cent. of the entire property has only a scrap value as its present physical worth. The private owners of these properties, if taxpayers are to make up to such owners operating deficits out of publil funds, should see to it that their street car properties be at least in 90 per cent. economic operating condition. The public funds should neither be spent to bring privately owned, worn out and obsolete street car properties up to 90 per cent. efficiency, nor wasted in operating obsolete types of street car equipment that could never be operated at a profit, no matter what rate of fare was charged for riding.

If public funds are going into these privately-owned, worn-out, obsolete street car properties for upkeep and operation, they should be taken over by the people at their present physical value—their present worth—and operated as a public function, with new and up-to-date equipment, not for the dollars, but for a real public service. Anything else, in my judgment, will be not only a monumental blunder, but a public crime. And public funds can be arranged and applied for this purpose on the same plans that New York State built and improved the Erie and Lake Champlain Canals. These improvement obligations of New York State are being properly taken care of without bringing about any State financial disaster.

By referendum vote the people should have a right to determine these questions, and your commission should so arrange this.

RALPH S. BAUER.

BEAUTY AND HARMONY AS NECESSARY AS FOOD

By Mrs. Wilson Woodrow

THERE was once a poor widow who went to a great prophet and told him a pitiable tale of her lack and woe, and the great prophet listened and thought a while, and then he asked a very pertinent question: "What hast thou in thine house?"

A young girl who has written to me evidently considers that her house is very poorly furnished, indeed. She says, "I haven't a thing in the world, I am not unusually bright, just common place; I don't earn very much at my work, and I don't like it very well. I am not good-looking, although not really plain; just ordinary. I don't make friends easily and have very few of them, and my home is not a happy one. Sometimes I get so discouraged that I don't feel as if I could go on."

A Poor Window Dresser

Dear girl, you are certainly not putting out a very attractive display in your show windows. I can only hope for your sake that the world is not taking you at your own valuation. Let me take your place temporarily as a window-dresser; for I believe, with a different arrangement, the possessions you look down on and scorn will show to a much better advantage.

You consider yourself quite ordinary. Well, maybe you are. On the other hand, it is quite possible that you are constantly comparing yourself with others whom you consider bright and clever, and because you do not rival and excel them you have fallen into the habit of belittling and underrating yourself, not realizing that your gifts may lie in a different direction. Or it may be that, since you are very young, you have not yet found yourself.

But, for the sake of argument, let us take it for granted that your estimate is correct. To possess an "average intelligence" is no bar to success. The race is not always, or even usually, to the swift, nor the battle to the strong. The tortoise plodding steadily ahead, with his whole mind fixed on the goal, is more likely to reach it than the cocksure hare, confident of his own abilities, who finds it more amusing to browse along the stretch and stray off to play hide-and-seek with the other rabbits, contemptuously certain that he has only to put forth a final burst of speed to leave the slow and patient tortoise far behind.

And that statement about not having a cent in the world except what you earn. You are not different from the majority of the world's population in this respect.

Can Be Attractive

Only the favored or unfavored few, as you choose to look at it, can say otherwise. You should be congratulating yourself that you have youth and health and the training that enables you to earn a living, even in a job that is not wholly congenial. You can occupy your spare minutes in fitting yourself for a better position. One of the most stimulating and absorbing games in life is the effort to increase one's earning capacity.

You are also unhappy because you are not especially good-looking. Cheer up; there is no reason whatever for you to remain plain. Any girl with fair wits can be attractive. How? By giving a little time and thought to it.

First, you must be scrupulously, painstakingly neat. Your hair must be well groomed and becomingly dressed. Your skin should show the freshening results of plenty of soap and water. Your teeth should be thoroughly looked after, and your hands and fingernails should suggest that you come from Spotless Town. Don't select a hat or frock because some girl you admire looks well in that style. Discover, instead, what lines and colors suit you, and buy accordingly. If you faithfully observe these rules I defy any one to call you plain or ordinary.

SURGICAL ADVANCE IN THE WORLD WAR

The late war, horrible as it was, had its good points. One of these was the opportunity it afforded modern surgical science to make advances in four years which ordinarily would not have been attained in several decades. The war was a vast clinic. It served to increase the skill and knowledge of science not only for mankind but for our creeping, crawling, furred and feathered associates. Read the article on surgery for animals in the next

BOSTON SUNDAY ADVERTISER

Today

Peace? There Is None $20,000,000 From J. D. Hate Is Powerful

—By Arthur Brisbane—

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Where is the promised permanent peace? War between Jugo-Slavia and Italy is predicted. Our Congress and Senate ask whether or not we are at war with Italy, and, if we are not at war with Italy, why United States marines are landed to help Dalmatians fight Italians?

England has on hand now a war of the worst kind, which is social, interior war. Six hundred thousand workmen, striking, leave the country without railroad service and threaten it with starvation. And three millions more may strike.

The English government stops all discharges from the army, and proposes to use the army that is left to fight the strikers.

Not very peaceful times on the earth yet, and this country will find itself busy if it undertakes to settle all the problems that arise across the water. Plenty to do here.

The stock market concludes that for the moment corporations are winning and organized labor losing in the first after-the-war clash, so stocks go up. Unpleasant news comes from Youngstown, Ohio, dangerous to great industrial organizations, whether labor wins or loses. Foreign labor is leaving the mills, not on strike, but bound for New York, and taking passage for Europe.

It is become the fashion lately in discussing labor troubles to talk about "foreign labor," thus stirring up convenient prejudice and giving the impression that only "foreigners" are dissatisfied with the high cost of living.

American industry would "feel foolish if "foreign labor" should decide to go home, and leave the native born to run the mills and do the rest of the work.

With all the labor moving east toward Europe and none coming west, and anti-immigration bills pending, organized industry may learn to take a more friendly view of the alien workman willing to stay and work. How many factories do you think would close if all foreign-born labor disappeared?

Pawnbrokers and money lenders in Chicago and elsewhere, that bled salaried men, are mourning. Wages are high and there is not much borrowing at usurious rates. That is a piece of good news. It is offset by another piece of good news, that many night schools are closed, and in many others the attendance is poor. Money earned easily just now appears to make less desirable education that would be of value later.

John D. Rockefeller gives $20,000,000 to educate doctors, the whole amount, principal and interest, to be spent in fifty years. The Rockefeller Institution has already spent millions and done thousands of millions' worth of good in educating doctors and the general public.

The Lord undoubtedly works mysteriously. He turned the pollen of the giant ferns into oil. The nation turned the oil over to Mr. Rockefeller, and Mr. Rockefeller educates the doctors of the nations, digs out information that protects the nation's health, and does other things the people as yet have not intelligence to do for themselves.

If the packers have combined to rob the people, that fact should be made clear and the right punishment applied. At the same time beware how, in your enthusiasm, you throw a monkey wrench into a big machine that distributes food to the people.

The giant machine built up by the packers must be satisfactorily replaced by something else before it is smashed. Now, farmers complain that packers, frightened by prosecution, are not buying meat for storage, the animals do not sell. It is cheaper and wiser to kill an animal while it is fat, fill grain and put it on ice, rather than go on feeding it.

It ought to be possible to prevent extortion without breaking up an organization on which the food supply of the country depends.

What is the greatest power in war? It is hate. That is why a nation fighting should hate the enemy as much as possible to get through with the job more quickly. Even false hate, unjustified, is better than none while the fighting goes on.

The world saw how Marshal Foch was fighting the Germans, and read his famous phrase told how he was attacking with his centre and one wing giving way. Foch was a great student and teacher of war.

But probably hate was doing more than knowledge in his fighting. The world knows now his son was killed in the war, and Foch is searching for the body. He said nothing about it when the boy was killed, but that death showed in the kind of fighting Foch did and the final victory that he won—leading all the scattered forces and replacing inefficiencies with efficiency. He hated well and fought well. You can't fight with brotherly love for your inspiration.